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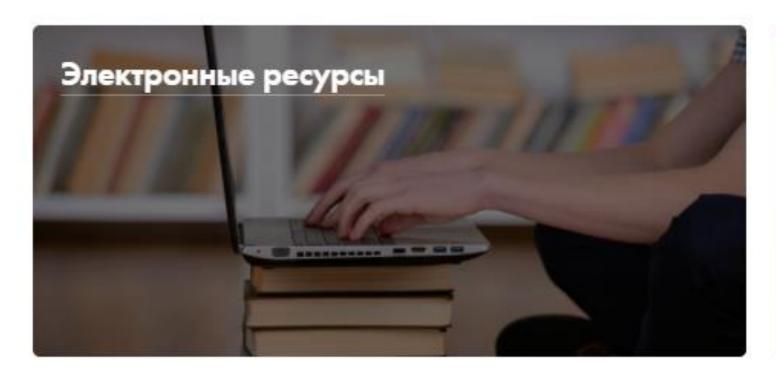
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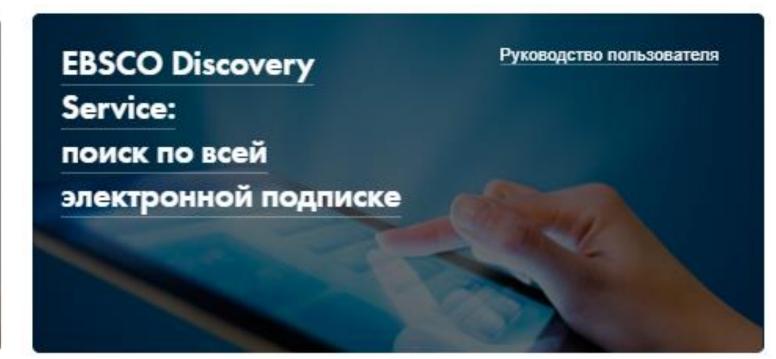
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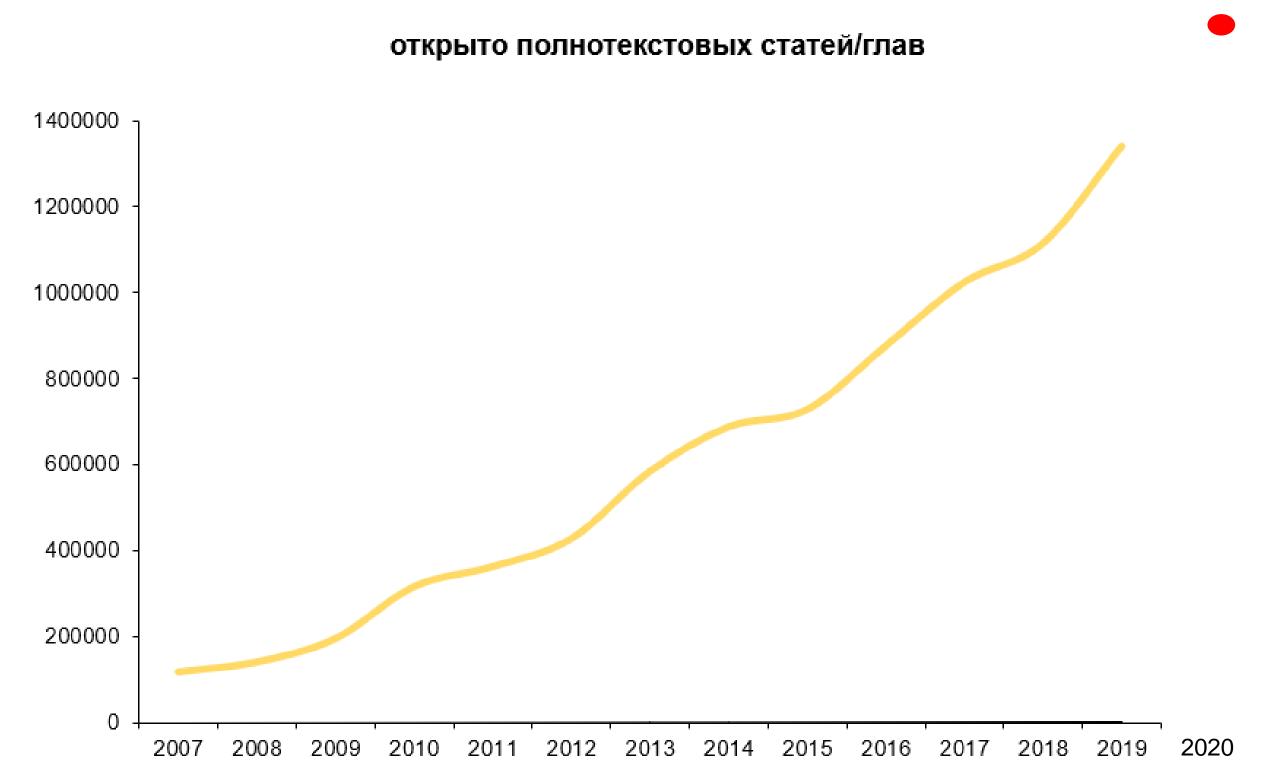






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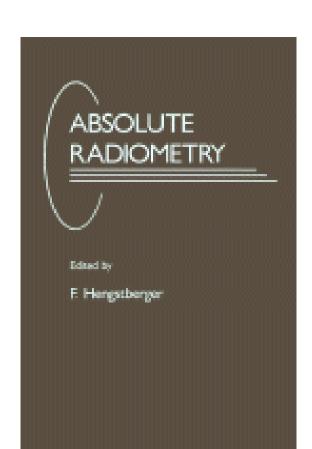






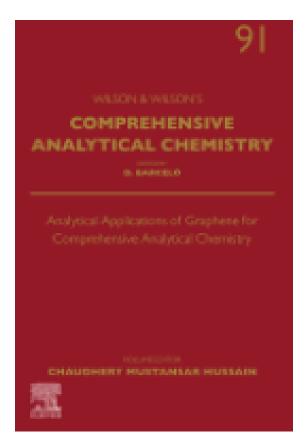
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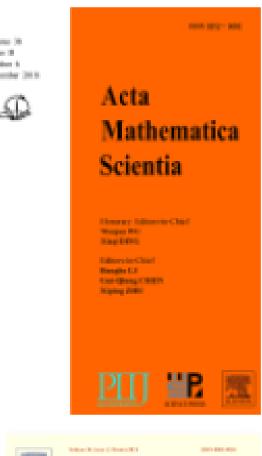


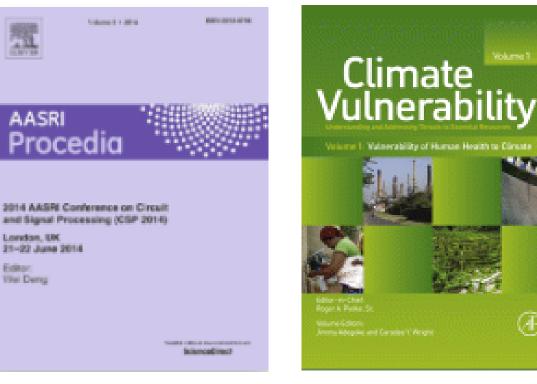


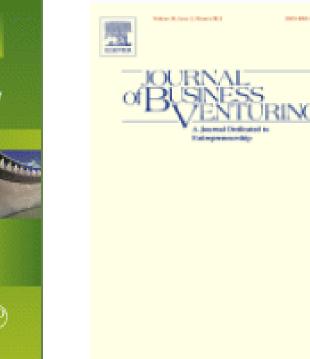
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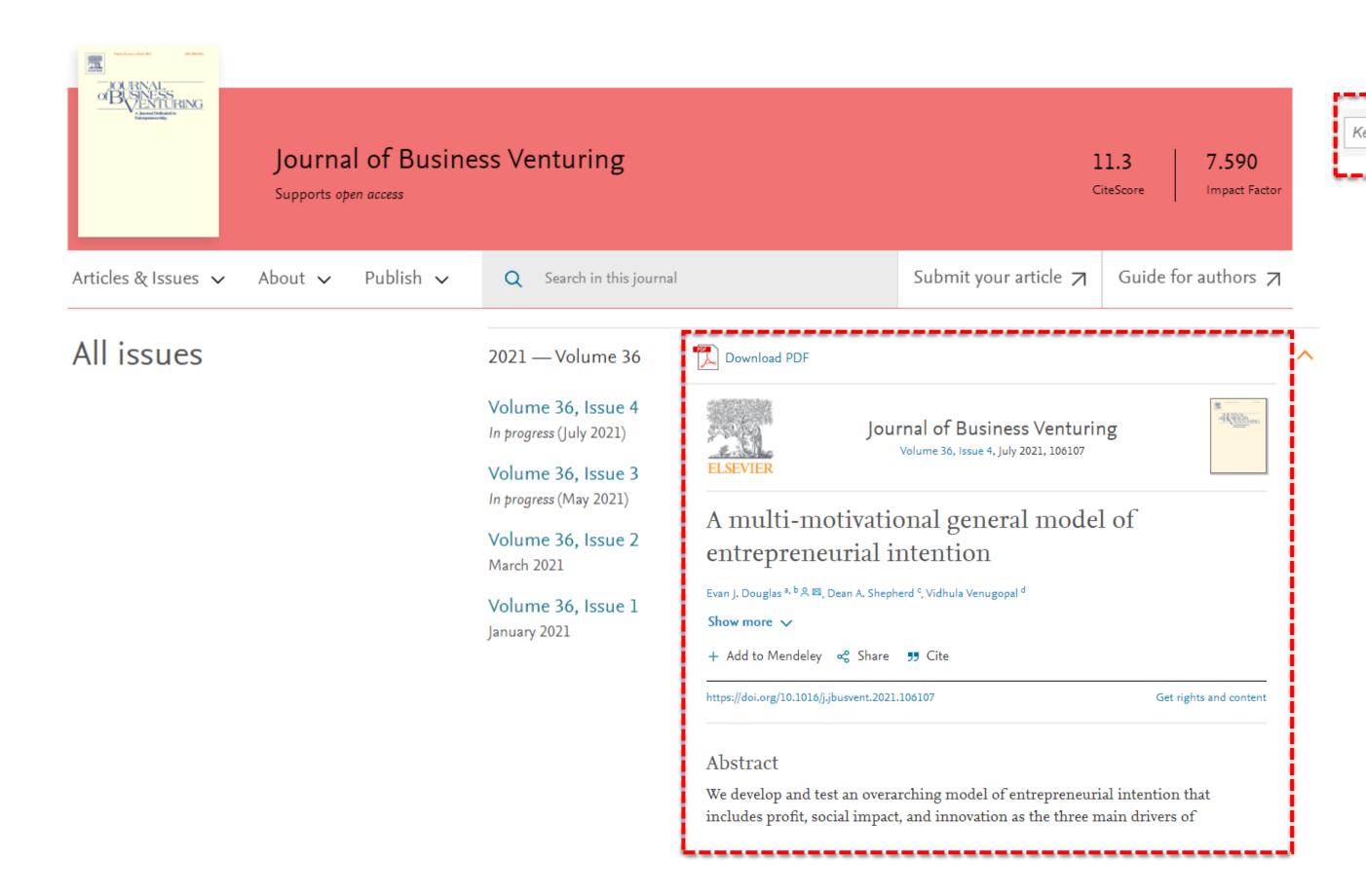








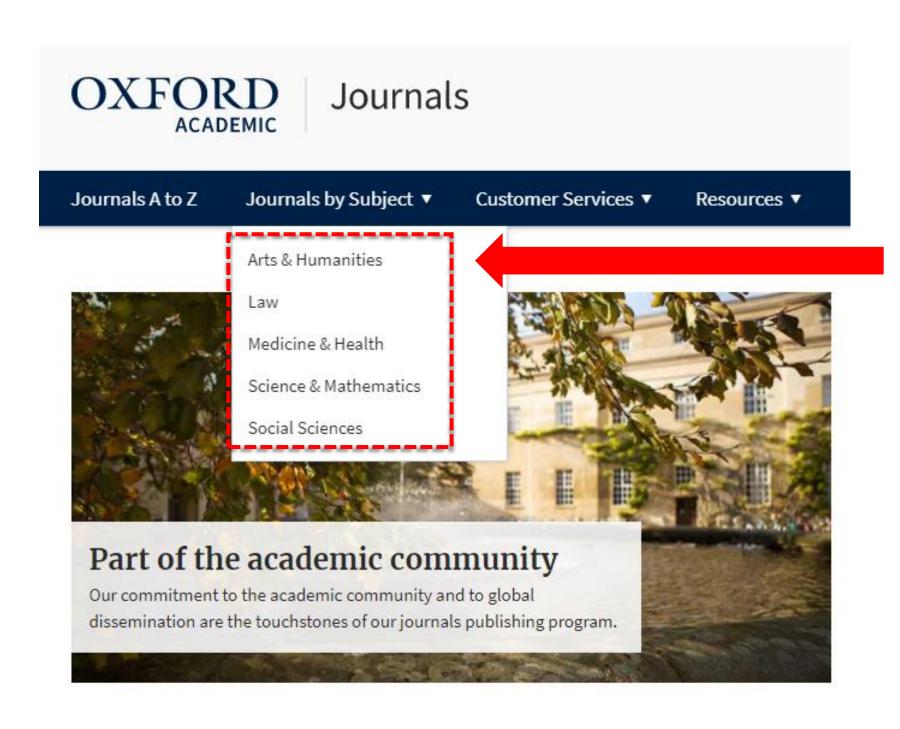
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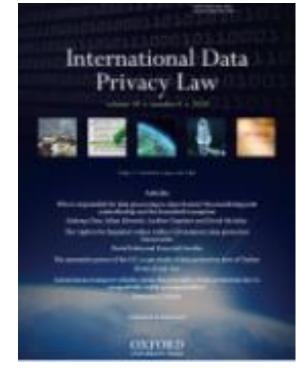


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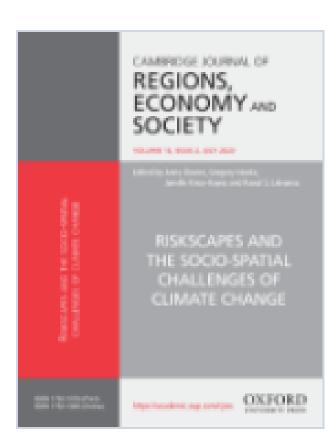
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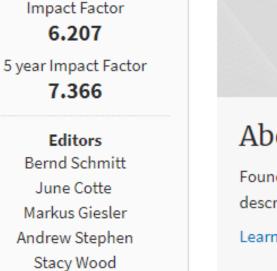




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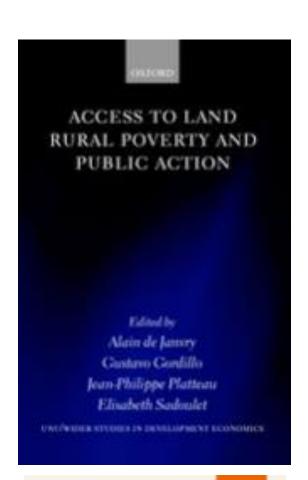


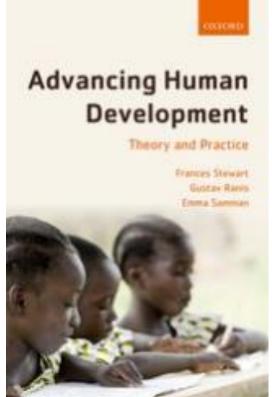


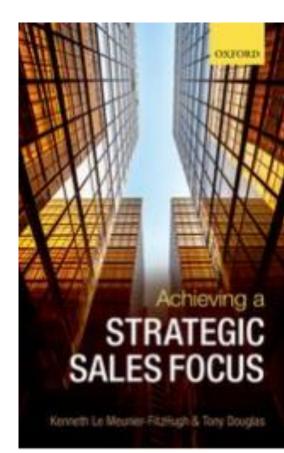
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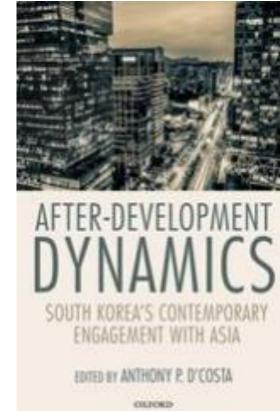


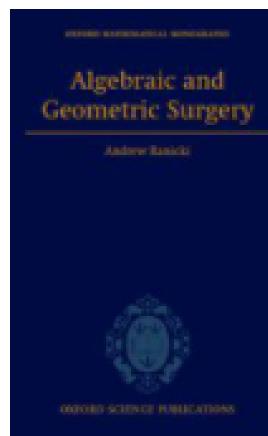


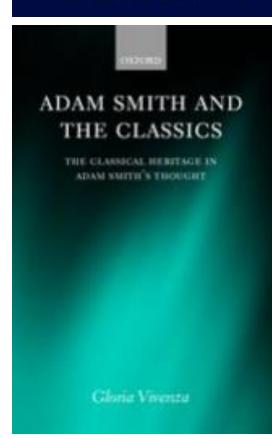






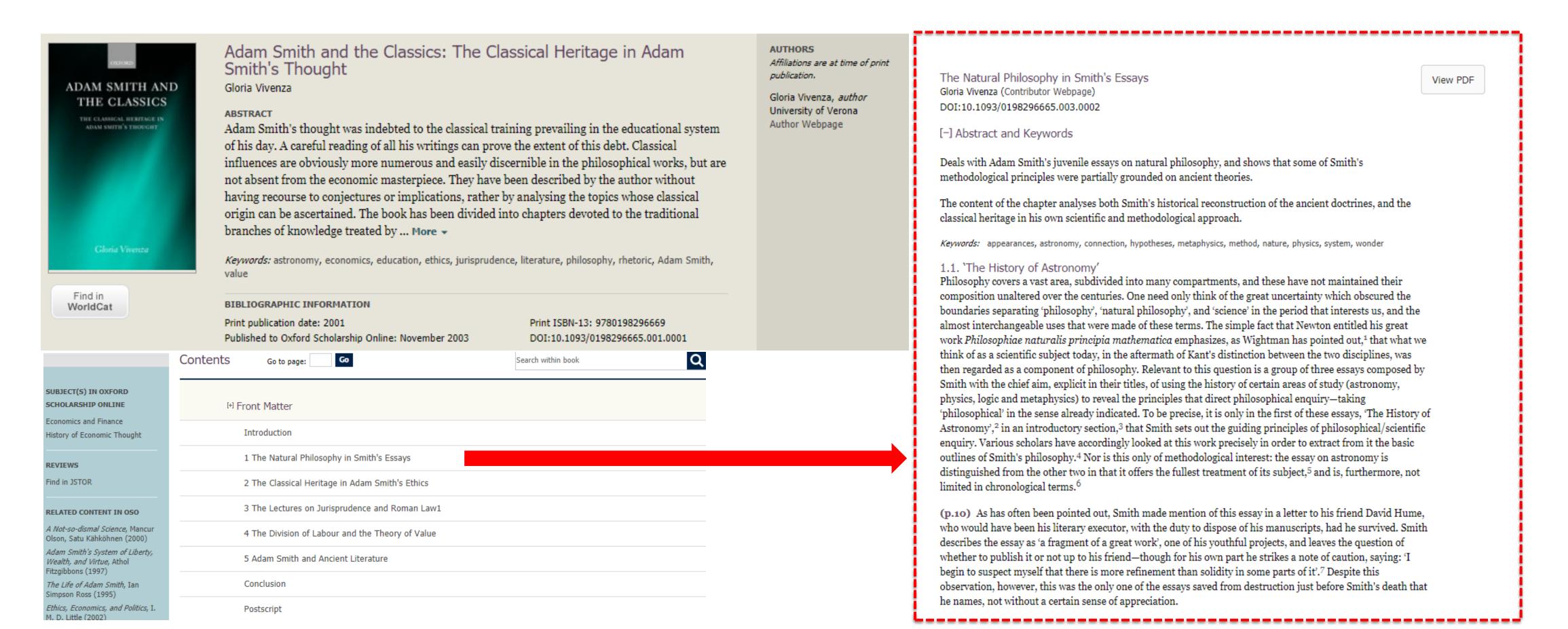








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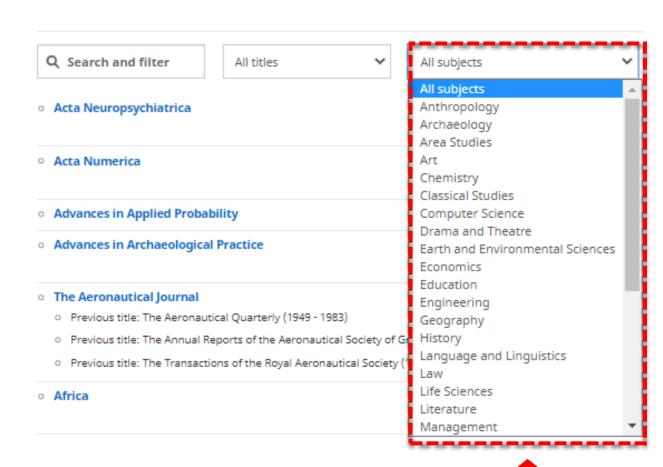


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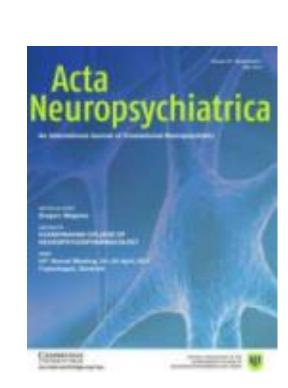
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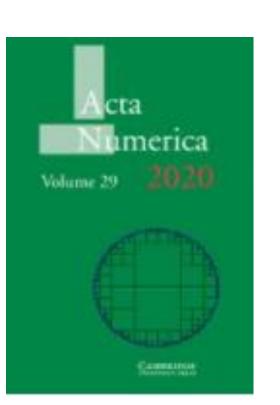
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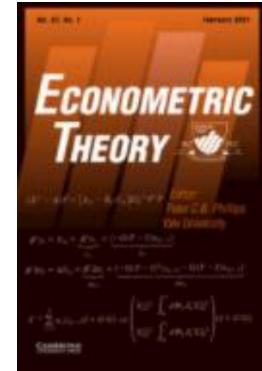




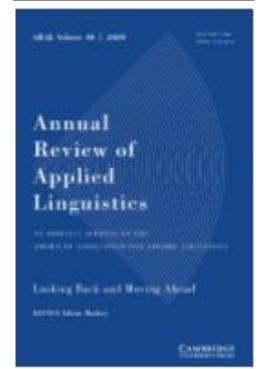


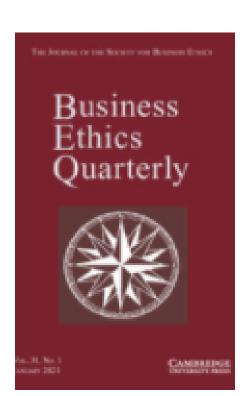




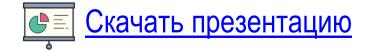






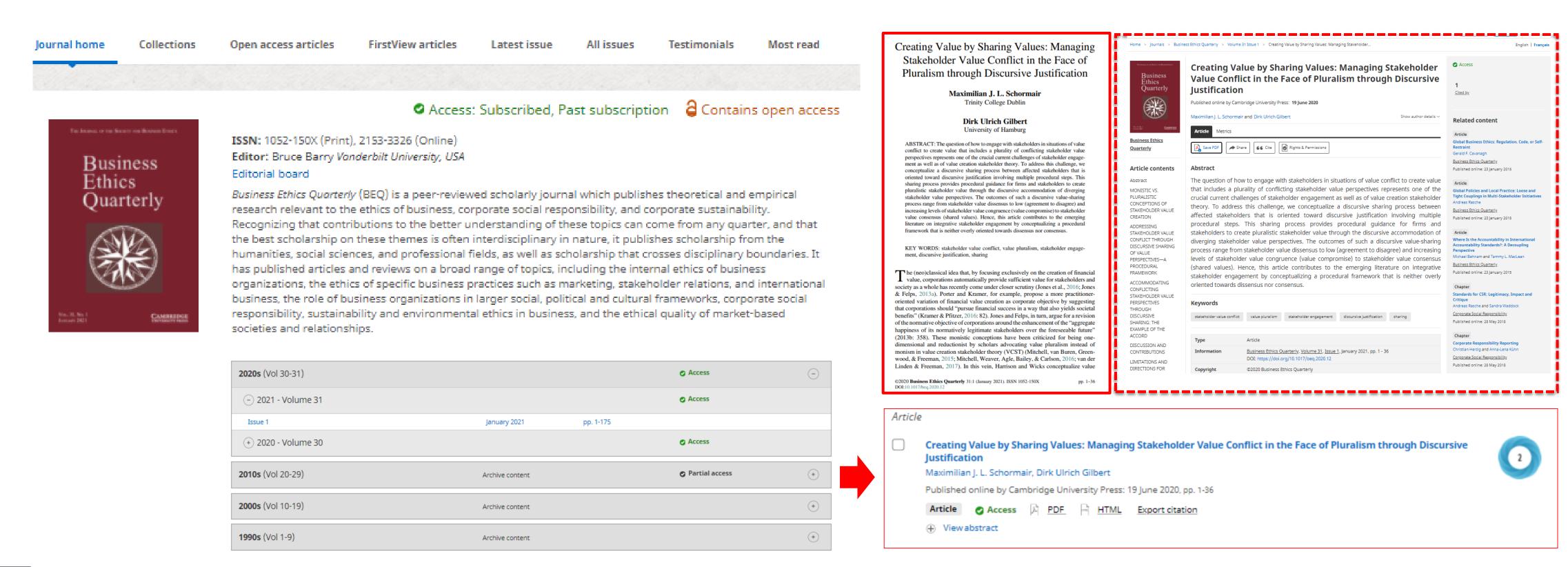


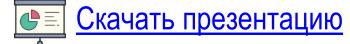






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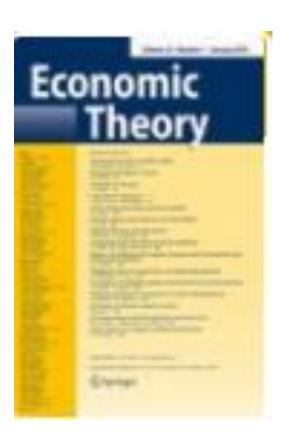


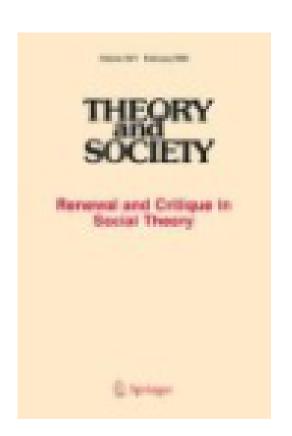
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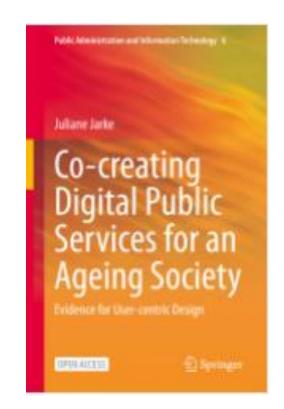


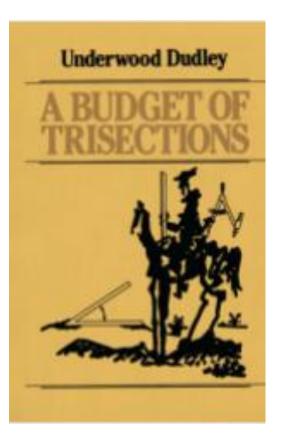






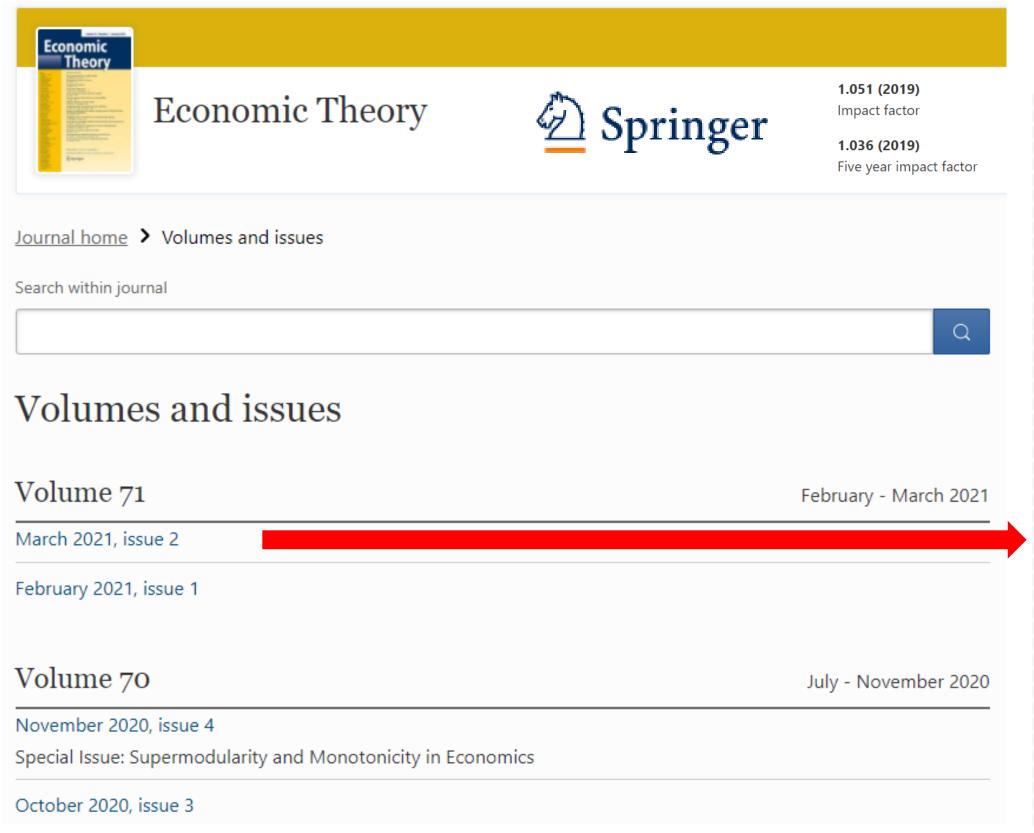


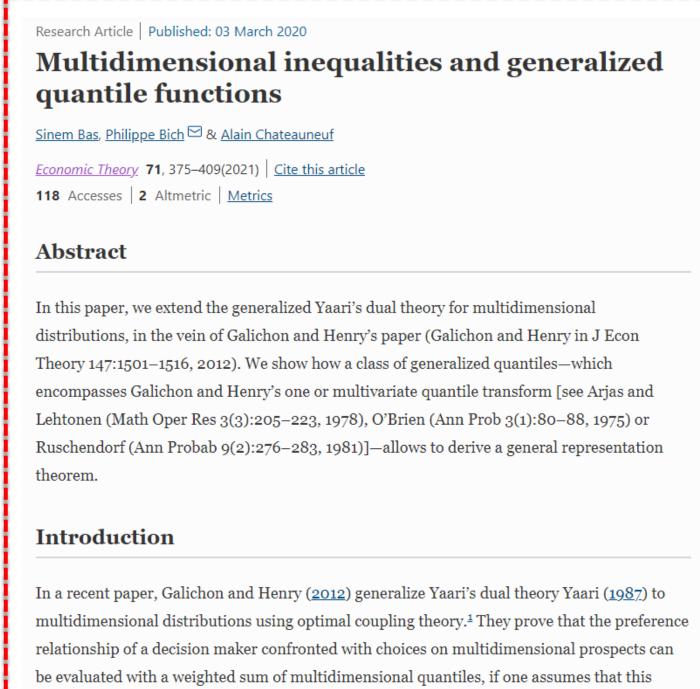






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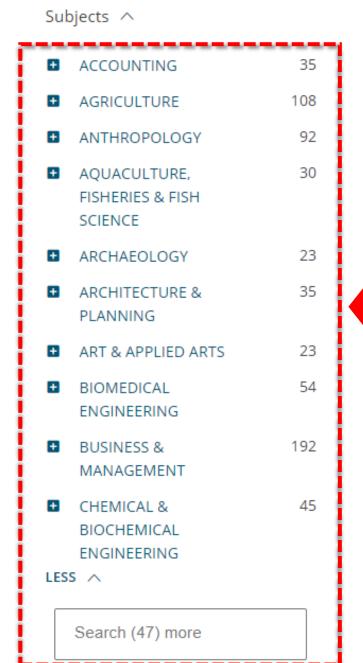








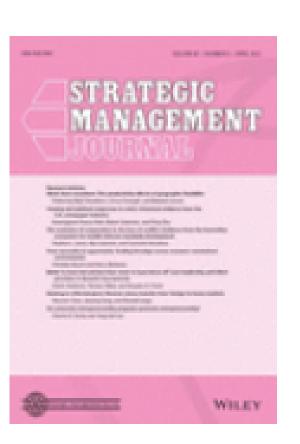
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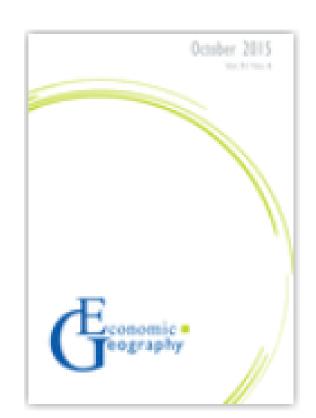


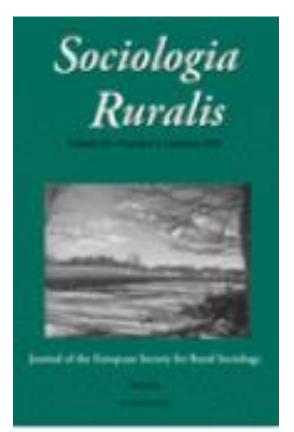














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KYKLOS

Contact and Commitment to Development: Evidence from quasirandom missionary assignments

Lee Crawfurd 🔀

First published: 12 August 2020 | https://doi.org/10.1111/kykl.12255

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SUMMARY

Public support for global development in rich countries is critical for sustaining effective government and individual action. But the causes of public support are not well understood. Does spending time living in a developing country play a role in generating individual commitment to development? Addressing this question is fraught with selection bias, as individuals are rarely exogenously assigned to spend time in different countries. In this paper I address this question using a natural experiment - the quasirandom assignment of missionaries from the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints to two-year missions in different world regions. I provide the first causal estimates of the effect of travel to a developing country on attitudes to global development. Data comes from a new survey gathered through mission alumni Facebook groups. Missionaries assigned to low-income and middle-income world regions (Africa, Asia, Latin America, and Caribbean) have similar prior characteristics to those assigned to high-income Europe. Those assigned to Africa self-report greater interest in global development and

KYKLOS, Vol. 74 - February 2021 - No. 1, 3-18

Contact and Commitment to Development: Evidence from quasi-random missionary assignments

Lee Crawfurd*

1. INTRODUCTION

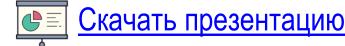
Close to 700 million people live in extreme poverty. Actions taken in rich countries matter for the wellbeing of people in poor countries. This includes both public policy and private action. Relevant public policy includes foreign aid, but also immigration, trade, investment, climate, and technology policy (Birdsall and Roodman 2003). Public support is critical to sustain such policy (Heinrich, Kobayashi, and Bryant 2016; Milner and Tingley 2013; Pritchett 2015; Tingley 2010). Private actions also matter, through individual giving and consumption choices.

This paper asks whether individual contact plays a role in forming attitudes towards global poverty and development. Many people who work on global development can point to a formative experience in a developing country that they believe set them on their current path. The intergroup contact hypothesis (Allport 1954) suggests that, in the right context, interaction between people from different groups can lead to reduced prejudice, which could lead to greater sympathy. Does interaction between people from high-income and lower income countries increase support for global development? Or are those who are predisposed to be interested in global development the ones who choose to spend time in developing countries?

In this paper I exploit the quasi-random assignment of missionaries to high or lower income world regions to estimate the effect of contact on attitudes to development. I provide the first causal estimates of the effect of travel to a developing country on attitudes to global development. Around a third of American members of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints go on a mission (Pew Research Center 2012; Riess 2019). These last around 2 years, and the location is assigned by the church based on revelation. I survey 1,499 returned missionaries.

Dr. Lee Crawfurd Senior Research Associate Center for Global Development in Europe (CGD Europe) 1 Abbey Gardens, Great College Street, London, UK SW1P 3SE lee.crawfurd@gmail.com. Acknowledg I'm grateful for helpful comments, advice, and inspiration to Jana Riess, Benjamin Knoll, Lant Pritchett, David K. Evans, Ryan T. Cragun, Matthew Martinich, Derill D. Watson, Matthew Collin, Rohit Naimpally, Georgina Turner, Matt Lowe, two anonymous referees, and editors for Kyklos.

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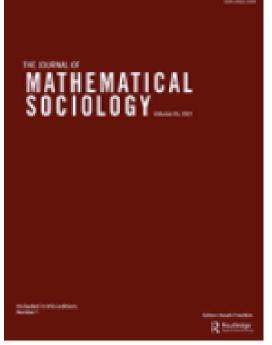


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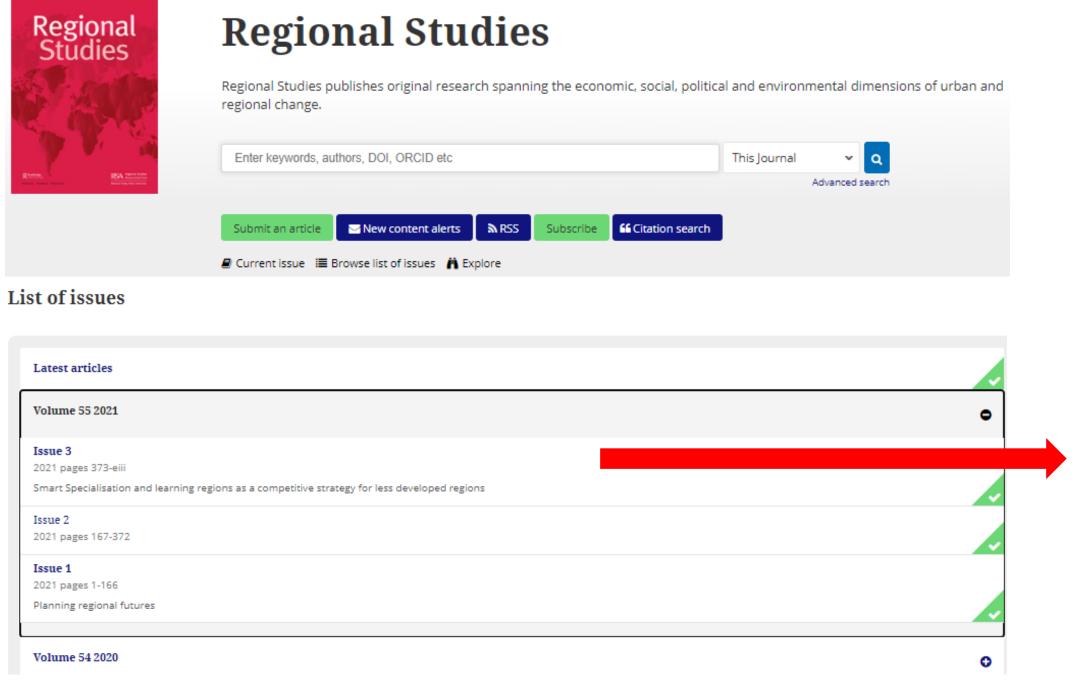








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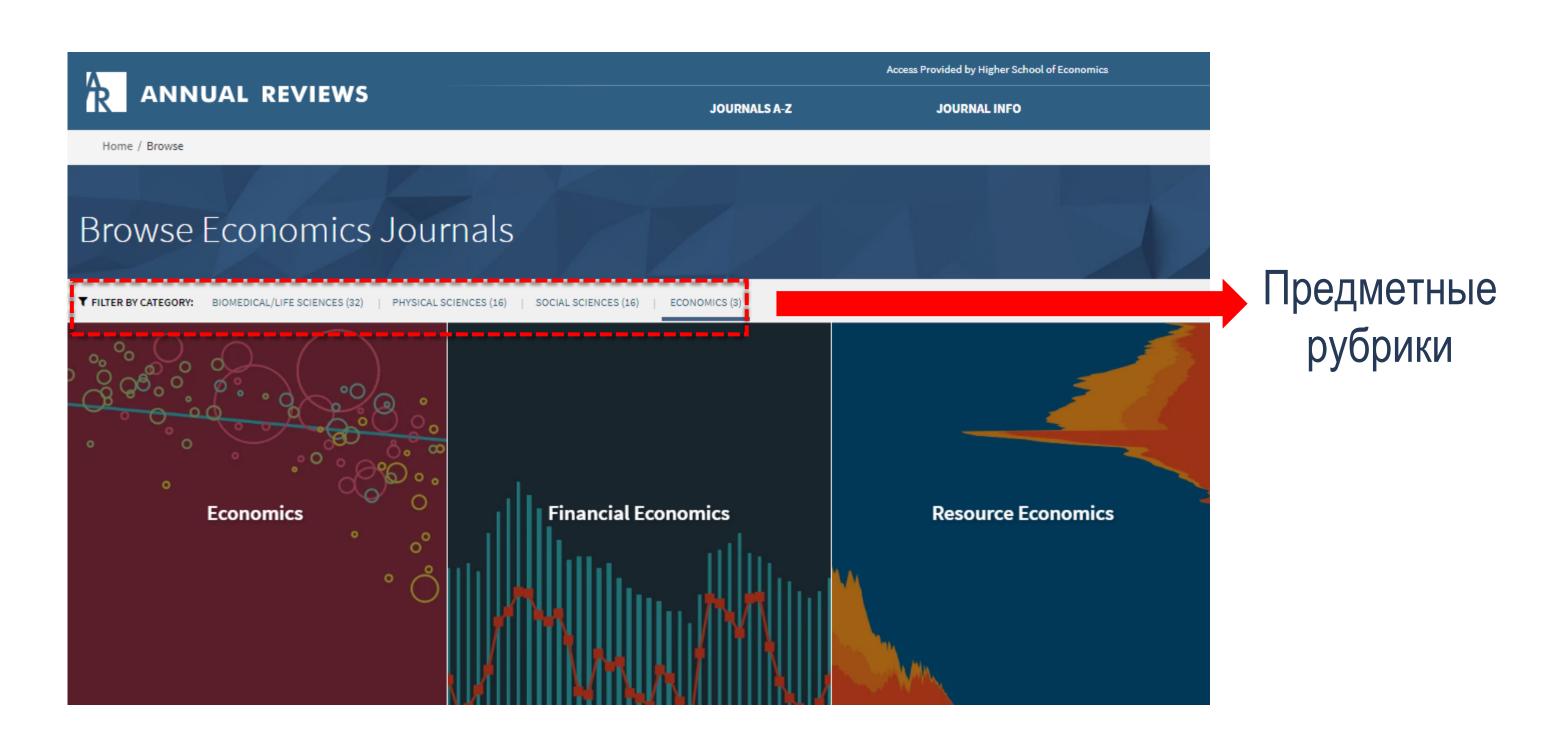


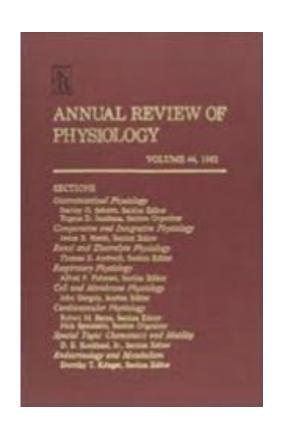


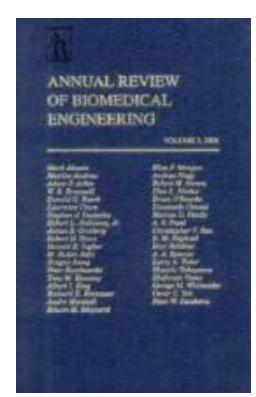


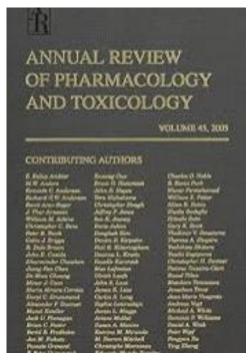


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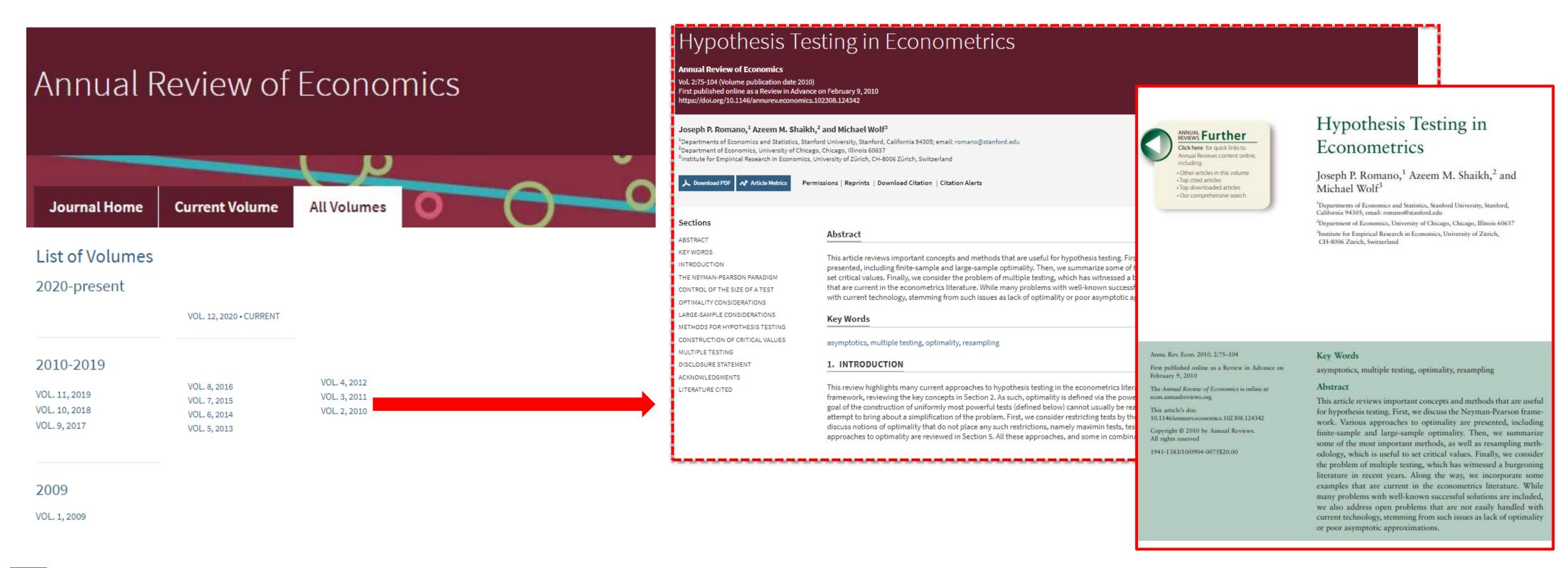








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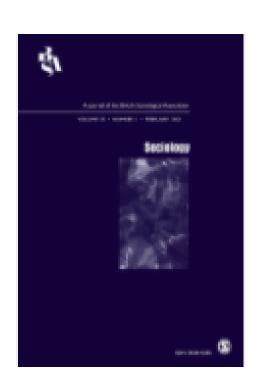






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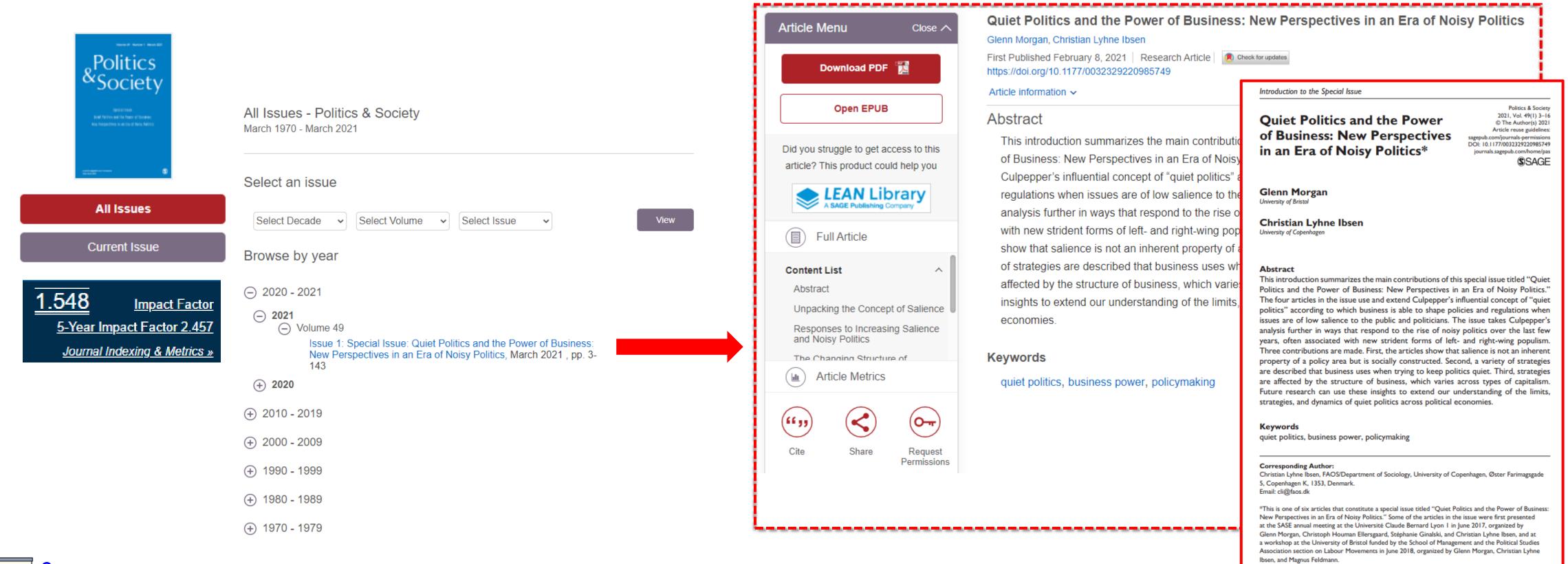






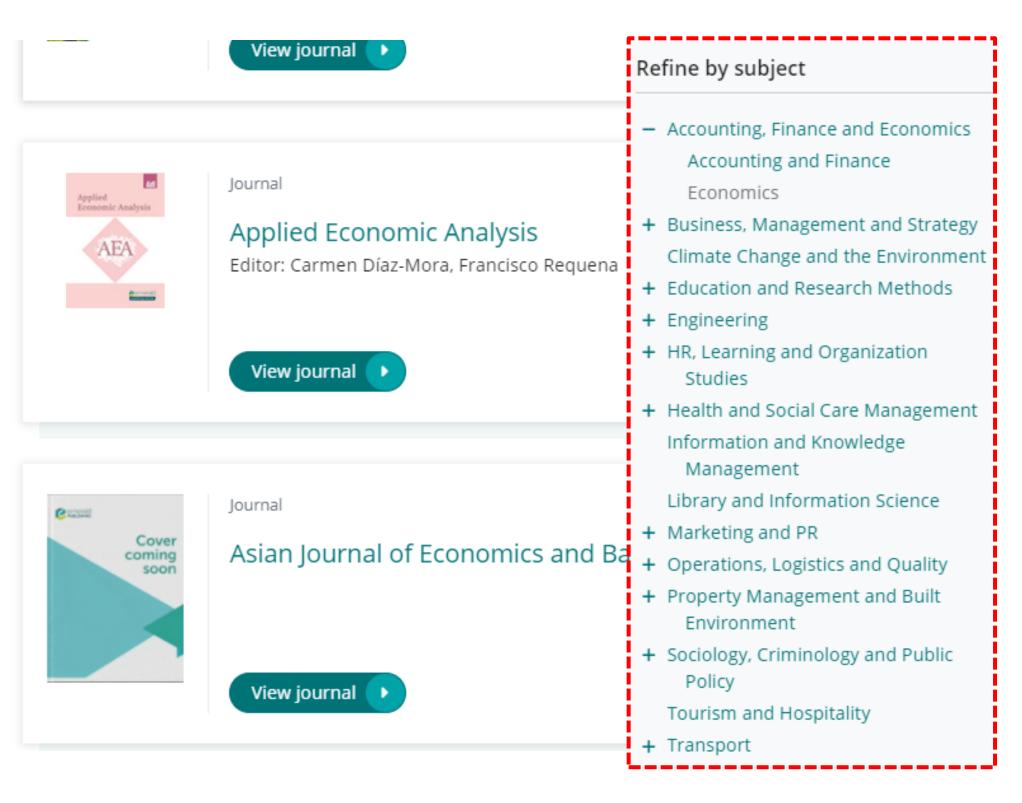


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Placing products in humorous scenes: its impact on brand perceptions

Fanny Fong Yee Chan Department of Marketing, The Hang Seng University of Hong Kong, Shatin, Hong Kong, and

Ben Lowe Kent Business School, University of Kent, Canterbury, UK Impact on brand perceptions

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Received 13 October 2018 Revised 16 November 2019 24 April 2020 17 August 2020 Accepted 22 August 2020

Abstrac

Purpose – This study aims to extend the literature on marketing communications by exploring the effect of placing products in humorous scenes. It aims to ascertain the prevalence of placement scenes associated with humor in television programs and the effect of humor on brand persuasiveness.

Design/methodology/approach — The study used a two-phase research process. A content analysis of prime-time television programing was conducted to map the relative prevalence of brands placed in humorous contexts and for the selection of research stimuli. This was followed by a large-scale experimental study of 1,100 television viewers in Hong Kong with real stimuli that had been digitally manipulated.

Findings — The study found that a humorous context did enhance recall of placed brands but its effect on brand attitudes was mediated by audience involvement in the viewing and moderated by psychological trait reactance. Interestingly, and in contrast to conventional advertising, placing brands in a humorous context led to lower involvement in the viewing, which, in turn, resulted in lower brand attitudes. Individuals with low trait reactance were more positive toward brands placed in a non-humorous context than individuals with high trait reactance while individuals with high trait reactance were more positive toward brands placed in a humorous context, though the difference was less prominent.

Research limitations/implications — The findings help to illustrate when and how a humorous context contributes to the recall of and attitudes toward placed brands.

Practical implications — The results also facilitate marketers and program producers to choose the best placement context and design more effective placement strategies.

Originality/value – This research is the first to empirically examine the effect of a humorous context on the unaided recall of and attitudes toward brands placed in television programs.

Keywords Humor, Product placement, Audience involvement, Psychological trait reactance, Brand recall, Brand attitude

Paper type Research paper

Introduction

Unlike traditional advertising, product placement may overcome consumers' advertising avoidance techniques and allow marketers to communicate with a more captive audience. Product placement is a fast-growing practice and has recorded several consecutive years of growth in revenues (PQ Media, 2020). Product placement is widely researched, and researchers have looked at a range of executional factors that influence its effectiveness,

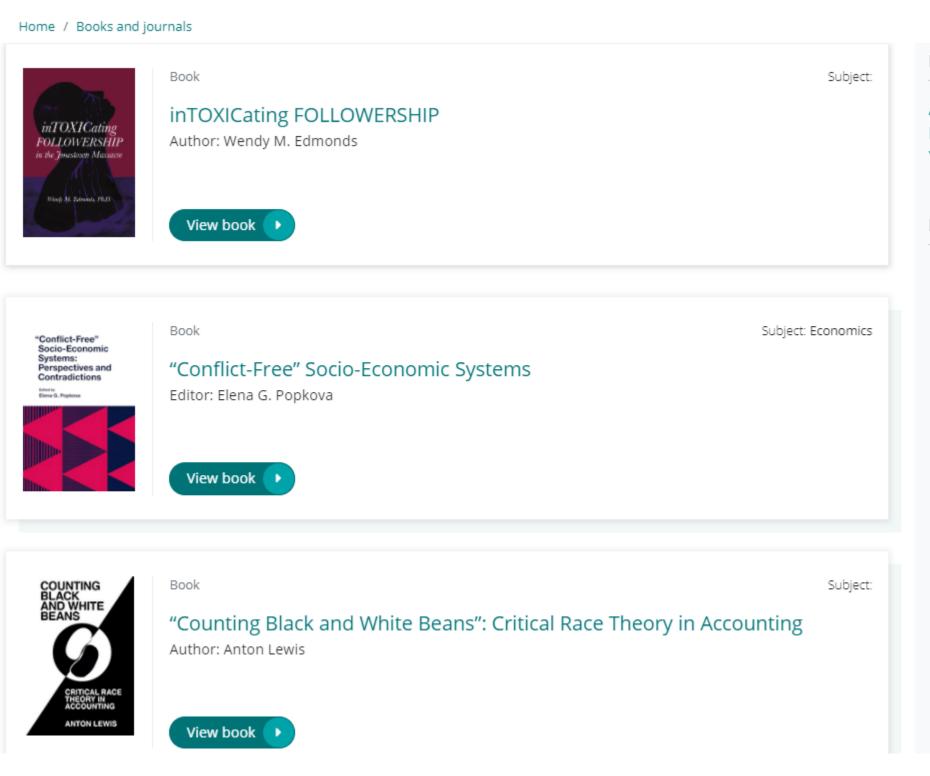
The work presented in this paper was supported by a grant from the Research Grants Council of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region, China (Project Reference No.: UGC/FDS14/B01/14).

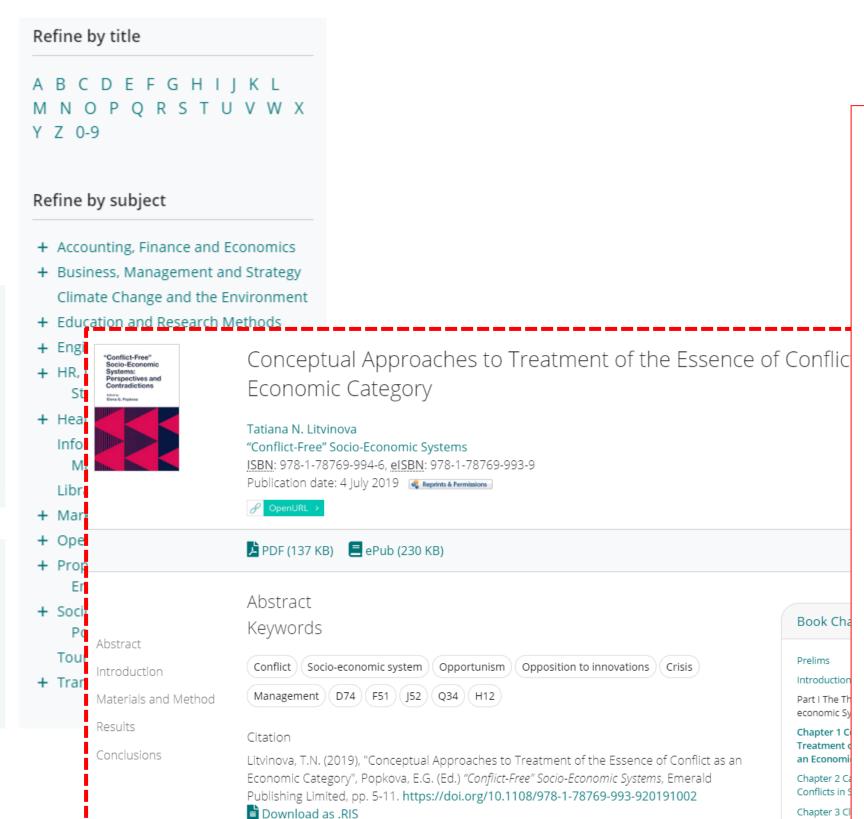


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Chapter 1

Conceptual Approaches to Treatment of the Essence of Conflict as an Economic Category

Tatiana N. Litvinova¹

Introduction

Socio-econo

Socio-economic systems are unstable and are subject to conflicts due to certain reasons. First, these systems are complex and have many levels. They include a lot of economic subjects, each of which seeks its own interests. The social nature of economic subjects leads to their limited rationality, which complicates forecasting their behavior and managing them. Second, developing according to the market model, modern economic systems aim at intensive growth and are subject to constant changes.

These changes often conform to the interests of certain economic subjects and contradict the interests of others. Third, socio-economic systems are imperfect — despite multiple attempts at their optimization. Ideal models (including the model of market economy) of development of these systems are very difficult to be implemented in practice. This process becomes more complicated due to differentiation of socio-economic systems and complexity of models' adaptation to their peculiarities.

Due to the above reasons, conflicts are a normal phenomenon, which appears in socio-economic systems. However, the modern economic theory does not have a fundamental scientific paradigm of studying conflicts, which hinders their precise determination and does not allow developing a clear and unambiguous attitude toward economic conflicts (universal or differentiated depending on the classification of conflicts, which is also absent) and managing the conflicts depending on the goals and priorities of socio-economic systems.

¹Volgograd State Agrarian University, Volgograd, Russia. E-mail: litvinova1358@yandex.ru; ORCID: 0000-0003-2136-2767.

"Conflict-Free" Socio-economic Systems: Perspectives and Contradictions, 5–11
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CASE TEACHING NOTES

Case summary

Learning outcomes

The learning outcomes of this paper is as follows: understand the impact of macroeconomic challenges on startups; gain insights into the effects of self-management attribute over entrepreneurial effectiveness and performance; create a conceptual framework for customer satisfaction; analyze the internal and external factors affecting the entrepreneurial journey of new startups.

Case overview/synopsis

This case revolves around the entrepreneurial journey of Mr Khursheed Chohan who belonged to Sukkur (Pakistan). He started his journey as a daily wage worker in the year 2002 at the age of 17 years. After one year he acquired a rickshaw on rent and would drive the same as a taxi. In the year 2006, he started the job as a private driver. For achieving his dreams, he moved to Karachi (the land of opportunities) at the age of 27 years. During his stay in Karachi, he learned about insights into the wedding decoration industry. Keeping in view the market requirements, he also took some training courses on learning computers. By the age of 34, he returned to his hometown with the will to start his business venture of wedding decoration services. It had been around one year, he was successfully running his business. However, the emergence of Coronavirus (COVID-19) and the imposition of lockdown over businesses were his most recent challenges. While Chohan had pre-booked several orders and secured advance money, shall he be able to survive the COVID-19 effects? Shall he be able to continue his entrepreneurial journey?

Complexity academic level

Chohan Decoration Services Pakistan – survival amid COVID-19

Abdul Rehman Shaikh and Asad Ali Qazi

It was March 17, 2020, Mr Khursheed Chohan was having dinner with his family at his home in Sukkur – a town located in Sindh province of Pakistan – when he heard the news of a partial lockdown as announced by the Sindh Government across the province to contain the spread of Novel Coronavirus (COVID-19). The government had announced for the closure of all the restaurants, public parks and banquet halls across the province, along with various departments/offices (Samaa, 2020). The educational institutes were, however, closed across the province since 27th February, after the first case of COVID-19 was

Chohan had established his own business of wedding decoration services in Sukkur, offering the wedding decoration items for rent to residential and commercial clients. He was successfully managing his start-up since January 2019. His venture named Chohan Decoration Services was located at the main airport road Sukkur. Chohan had booked several orders for the supply of decoration items to different banquet halls for about the next 15 days. Then as per market practice, he had also collected the advance money to secure the service orders. However, after the announcement of partial lockdown, the business persons were made responsible to cancel all such future orders and to return the advance deposits to respective customers. While Chohan had already used all the advance deposits over either his domestic needs or over the purchase of some new items for his business; he was not sure whether he shall be able to survive the effects of COVID-19 and continue his entrepreneurial journey.

Chohan's early days

Chohan was born in a socio-economic challenged family. His parents (both) worked day and night, to feed their family. His father would work in a brickfield in a nearby village called "Jahaan Khan." While his mother would work as a maid in different houses. He was the only son of his parents and had two younger sisters. Due to his financial conditions, he could not pursue his education beyond 10th grade. After completing his education in June 2002, he went for work along with his father in the brickfield. He was working as a daily wage worker and earning less than PkR.[1] 2,500 monthly. Realizing that he shall not be able to achieve his dreams, he left the brickfield within six months and acquired a rickshaw[2] on a rental basis. By working for around more than 12 h a day, he could earn around PkR. 4,000 monthly after paying the rent for the rickshaw. He continued driving a rickshaw for around three years when he got an offer to work as a private driver for one of the banking officer. He was offered a fixed salary of PkR. 3,500 per month with one day as weekly off and fixed duty timing of 10 h per day. After his duty with the banking officer, he continued to drive the same rickshaw in evening hours and off days.

Abdul Rehman Shaikh is based at the Directorate of IBA CC and S, Sukkur IBA University, Sukkur, Pakistan. Asad Ali Qazi is based at the Department of Business Administration, Sukkur IBA University,

solely for educational purposes and is not intended to represent managerial decision-making. guised names; financial and other recognisable information to protect confidentiality.



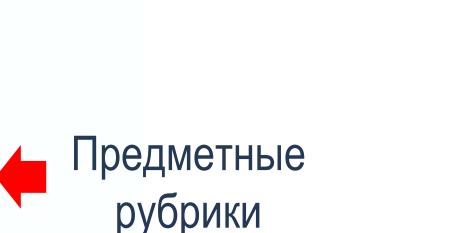
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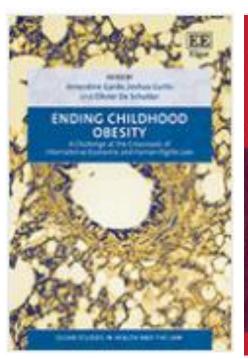


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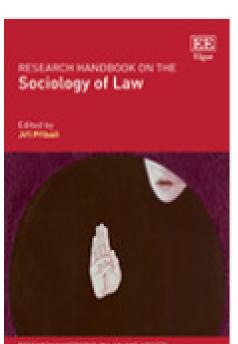
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Urban Food Security

in the Global South

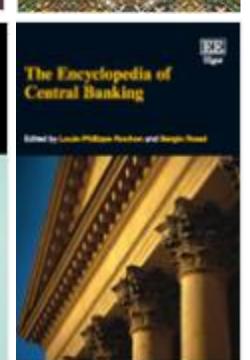






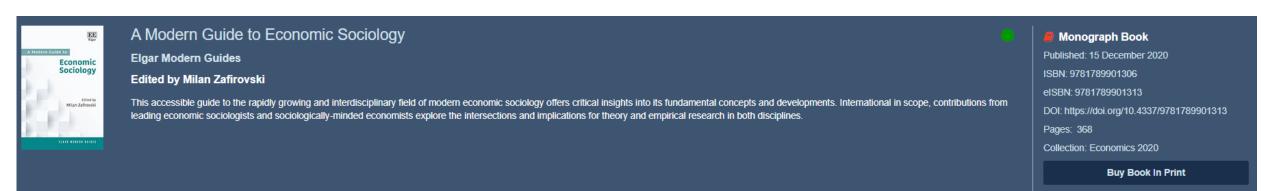


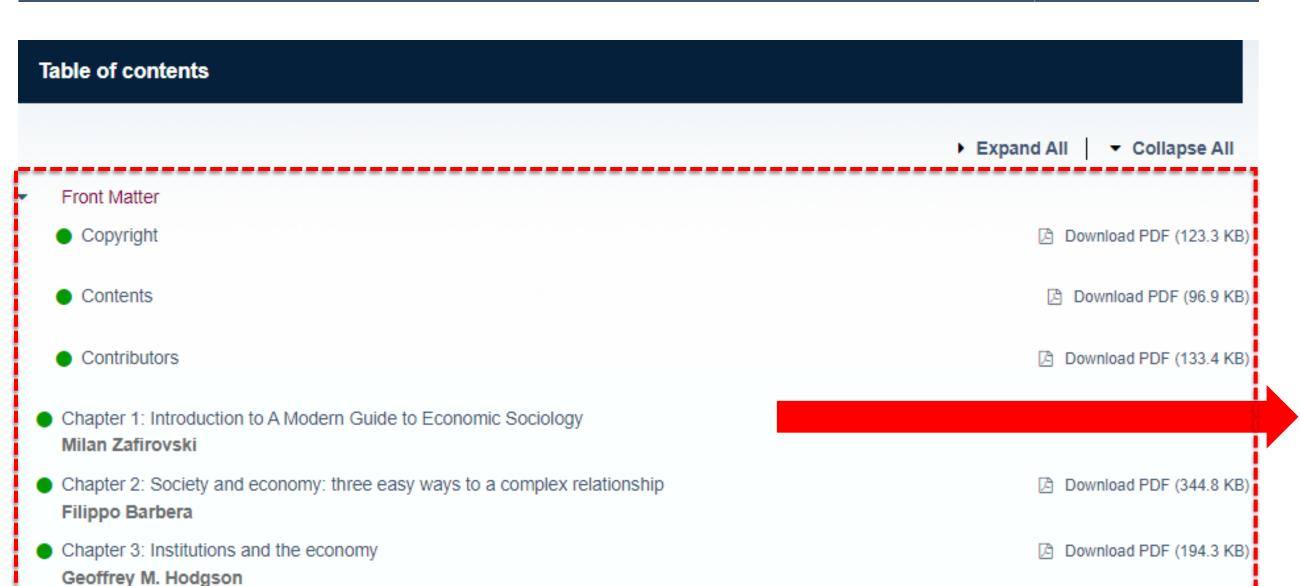






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1. Introduction to A Modern Guide to Economic Sociology

Milan Zafirovski

GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS

This volume provides a modern guide to the fundamental concepts, premises and findings of economic sociology within sociological theory and research and its elements and implications in theoretical and empirical economics. Accordingly, it invites and includes contributions from both modern economic sociologists and contemporary sociologically minded – especially institutional, social, political, behavioral and cognitive – economists doing theoretical or empirical work in this and closely related fields.

In general, the concepts, premises and stages of economic sociology within sociological theory and research tend to correspond and converge with its elements and implications in theoretical and empirical economics. Thus, the fundamentals and main developments of economic sociology within sociological analysis appear to be generally compatible with the variations and tendencies in economics. Almost every major concept, premise and stage of economic sociology corresponds, converges and is essentially compatible in various degrees and ways with an element, implication and phase of it in economics, primarily social, institutional, political, behavioral and related economics. This can be considered and formulated as a high degree of correspondence, convergence and compatibility between economic sociology within sociological theory and research and its elements and approximations in theoretical and empirical economics with respect to a shared set of core concepts and premises, as well as a common sequence of phases of development. And this shared set of core principles or a common sequence of phases primarily makes sociology and economics 'sister disciplines' or 'allied' social sciences, probably more than any other ideas or methods do (including 'rational choice theory' or the universal 'economic approach to human behavior' extending from the second to the first discipline).

For illustration, the original, classical idea, premise and phase of economic sociology in sociological theory since Auguste Comte and perhaps even earlier

Monograph Chapter

Published: 15 December 2020 Category: Monograph Chapter

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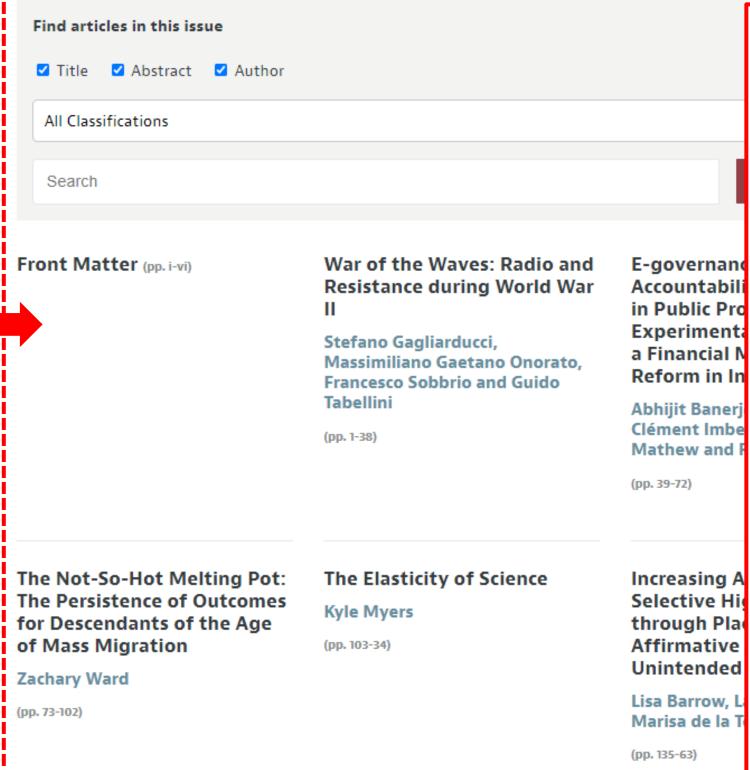


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American Economic Journal: Applied Economics 2020, 12(4): 1–38 https://doi.org/10.1257/app.20190410

War of the Waves: Radio and Resistance during World War II[†]

By Stefano Gagliarducci, Massimiliano Gaetano Onorato, Francesco Sobbrio, and Guido Tabellini*

We analyze the role of the media in coordinating and mobilizing insurgency against an authoritarian regime, in the context of the Nazi-fascist occupation of Italy during WWII. We study the effect of BBC radio on the intensity of internal resistance. By exploiting variations in monthly sunspot activity that affect the sky-wave propagation of BBC broadcasting toward Italy, we show that BBC radio had a strong impact on political violence. We provide further evidence to document that BBC radio played an important role in coordinating resistance activities but had no lasting role in motivating the population against the Nazi-fascist regime. (JEL D74, L82, N44)

During any war, the transmission of information to troops on the ground is an essential weapon. Information is needed to transmit orders, to coordinate and direct military operations, to warn soldiers of imminent dangers, and also to motivate the troops, letting them know that they are not alone and that they are fighting for a worthy cause. Information is especially important during civil wars or when civilians resist a foreign occupation. In such circumstances, military organizations are looser and less hierarchical, and the need for coordination is accordingly greater; moreover, information about the chances of victory, propaganda, and spreading of

* Gagliarducci: Department of Economics and Finance and CEIS, University of Rome Tor Vergata, Columbia 2, 00133 Roma (Italy), EIEF, IZA, and Dondena-Università Bocconi (email: stefano.gagliarducci@uniroma2.it); Onorato: Department of Economics, University of Bologna, Piazza Scaravilli 2, 40126, Bologna, Italy (email: @unibo it): Sobbrio: Der Romania 32, 00197 Roma, Italy, and CESifo (email: fsobbrio@luiss.it): Tabellini: Department of Economics and IGIER, Bocconi University, Via Roentgen 1 20136 Milano, Italy, and CIFAR, CEPR, and CESIfo (email: Guido Tabellini@unibocconi.it). Benjamin Olken was coeditor for this article. We thank four anonymous referees Bruno Caprettini, Mirko Draca, Marco Manacorda, Paolo Morandotti, Tommaso Nannicini, Laura Ogliari, Maria Petrova, Giulio Seccia, Andrea Tesei, Joachim Voth, and seminar participants at Queen Mary University of London, University of Siena, Catholic University of Milan, Tor Vergata University, Università Politecnica delle Marche, University of Exeter, the 2019 AEA Annual Meeting, the European Public Choice Society Congress 2018, the 15th Media Economics Workshop at Barcelona GSE, the 1st Political Economy of Development Conference at Warwick University, the 2nd Economics of Media Bias Workshop at Lausanne University, the 2nd Marco Fanno Alumni Workshop, the Petralia Sottana Workshop 2017, and the Italian Congress of Econometrics and Empirical Economics 2017 for many helpful suggestions. We also thank Fabrizio Murè and Fabio Principe for the development of the RadioPropagAnDA software, and Filippo Sinagra for his precious insights on cryptography during the Resistance. We are grateful to Ben Olken for providing the software necessary for the ITM calculation, Ruben Enikolopov for his help with the ITM software and Martin Watkins for sharing his data on BBC transmitters. Riccardo Bianchi

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†Go to https://doi.org/10.1257/app.20190410 to visit the article page for additional materials and author disclosure statement(s) or to comment in the online discussion forum.



Nature





Volume 591 Issue 7849, 11 March 2021

Editorial

Editorial | 09 March 2021

Nuclear technology's role in the world's energy supply is shrinking

Anniversaries of the Fukushima and Chernobyl disasters highlight the challenges of relying on nuclear power to cut net carbon emissions to zero.

Editorial | 10 March 2021

Growing support for valuing ecosystems will help conserve the planet

The idea that ecosystems have monetary value now has global support — and creates a route to protecting Earth's endangered regions

World View

World View | 03 March 2021

COVID vaccination studies: plan now to pool data, or be bogged down in confusion

Incompatible research designs will obscure essential answers about vaccine effectiveness. It's time to

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The international journal of science / 11 March 2021

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Nuclear power will have a limited role in the world's energy

The Fukushima and Chernobyl disasters highlight the challenges of relying on nuclear power to cut net carbon emissions to zero.

is not enough to take this weapon out of the ands of the soldiers. It must be put into the ands of those who will know how to strip its illtary casing and adapt it to the arts of peace." These stirring words, spoken in 1953 by then US president Dwight Eisenhower, are worth recalling as the world marks the anniversaries of two devastating tragedies involving nuclear technology: the Fukushima disaster in Japan on 11 March 2011, and the catastrophic accident at

Chernobyl in what is now Ukraine on 26 April 1986. In Japan, some 19,300 lives were lost as a result of an earthquake that occurred off the island of Honshu and on lights the tsunami that followed. The tsunami also swept over the protective sea wall around the Fukushima Daiichi nuclear power plant, and the subsequent flooding led to the partial meltdown of three reactor cores, causing fires and explosions. Twenty-five years earlier, human error resulted in a meltdown at the Chernobyl site, blowing the roof off a nuclear reactor and releasing radiation across Europe.

Today, nuclear power supplies about 10% of the world's energy, down from 13% in 2010. Its use might continue to fall, although it will remain a part of the global energy mix for many decades, with a role in decarbonizing energy sup plies as the fossil-fuel age comes to a close.

Successive disasters have depleted the public optimis that accompanied Eisenhower's 1953 address to the United Nations General Assembly. Today, his speech is a reminde that nuclear power shares a common ancestor with wear ons of mass destruction. Both of these factors have stymie nuclear energy's great promise as a source of fuel.

New reactors continue to be planned and built – in Chin and India, for example. But, as the International Energy Agency (IEA) has noted, overall uptake of nuclear energy, especially in high-income countries, is below what it calls its Sustainable Development Scenario. And, set against the falling costs of energy produced from renewable sources such as solar and wind power, it is possible that the demand for nuclear energy will not rebound.

With attention focused on nuclear disasters, it's hard to imagine the enthusiasm with which nuclear energy was once regarded, when it was seen by many as one answer to global energy demand. From the first experimental reactor in 1951, reactors were commissioned at an increasing rate with 20-30 commissioned almost every year during a peak neriod between the late 1960s and the end of the 1970s. A fire in 1957 at one of the United Kingdom's power plants, Windscale - later renamed Sellafield - did not impede the

But that changed after the 1979 disaster at the Three Mile Island plant in Pennsylvania, where a cooling malfunction led to part of a reactor core melting down. Fortunately that did not lead to any loss of life, but, 7 years later, some 31 people died as a direct result of the Chernobyl disaster. Many more have been affected by the radiation that spread across what was then the Soviet Union, as well as Eastern and Western Europe, but the numbers remain contested. During the Fukushima disaster, up to 50 people sustained non-fatal radiation burns, and one person subsequently died from lung cancer resulting from radiation exposure

In addition to the deaths and health risks, the cost of the damages caused by Chernobyl is thought to exceed JS\$200 billion, and the Japan Center for Economic Research estimates the costs of decontaminating the Fukushima site to be between \$470 billion and \$660 billion. In the wake of the disaster, 12 of Japan's reactors have been ermanently shut; a further 24 remain closed pending ngoing safety reviews, which are adding to the costs.

What all of this means is that, on top of construction osts, any country investing in nuclear power must be prepared to set aside – or must have access to – vast sums that can be released in the event of disasters, whether they ccur as a result of human error or natural phenomena.

Countries planning to embark on a nuclear-energy rogramme are also expected to work with the Nuclear Suppliers Group, which oversees nuclear trade for peaceful purposes, and the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA). The latter is essential, but the IAEA is not a conven ional energy regulator. It monitors and inspects nuclear ower plants, but also has the simultaneous job of trying to ensure that a country is not diverting fissile materials or weapons use. That is, in part, because some nations -India and Pakistan, and in all probability Israel - became nuclear powers after originally seeking nuclear technology for research or to develop nuclear power.

Considering the barriers to the adoption of nuclear energy, it is not surprising that much of the nuclear energy generated around the world is produced by nuclear-weapons states. Most countries will baulk at the idea of setting up a nuclear power plant if the total bill could run to hundreds of billions of dollars.

By contrast, although renewable-energy technologies are still in their relative infancy, their costs are falling and their regulation is much more straightforward. This is important: the technology used to turn on lights or charge mobile phones shouldn't need to involve national or international defence apparatus.

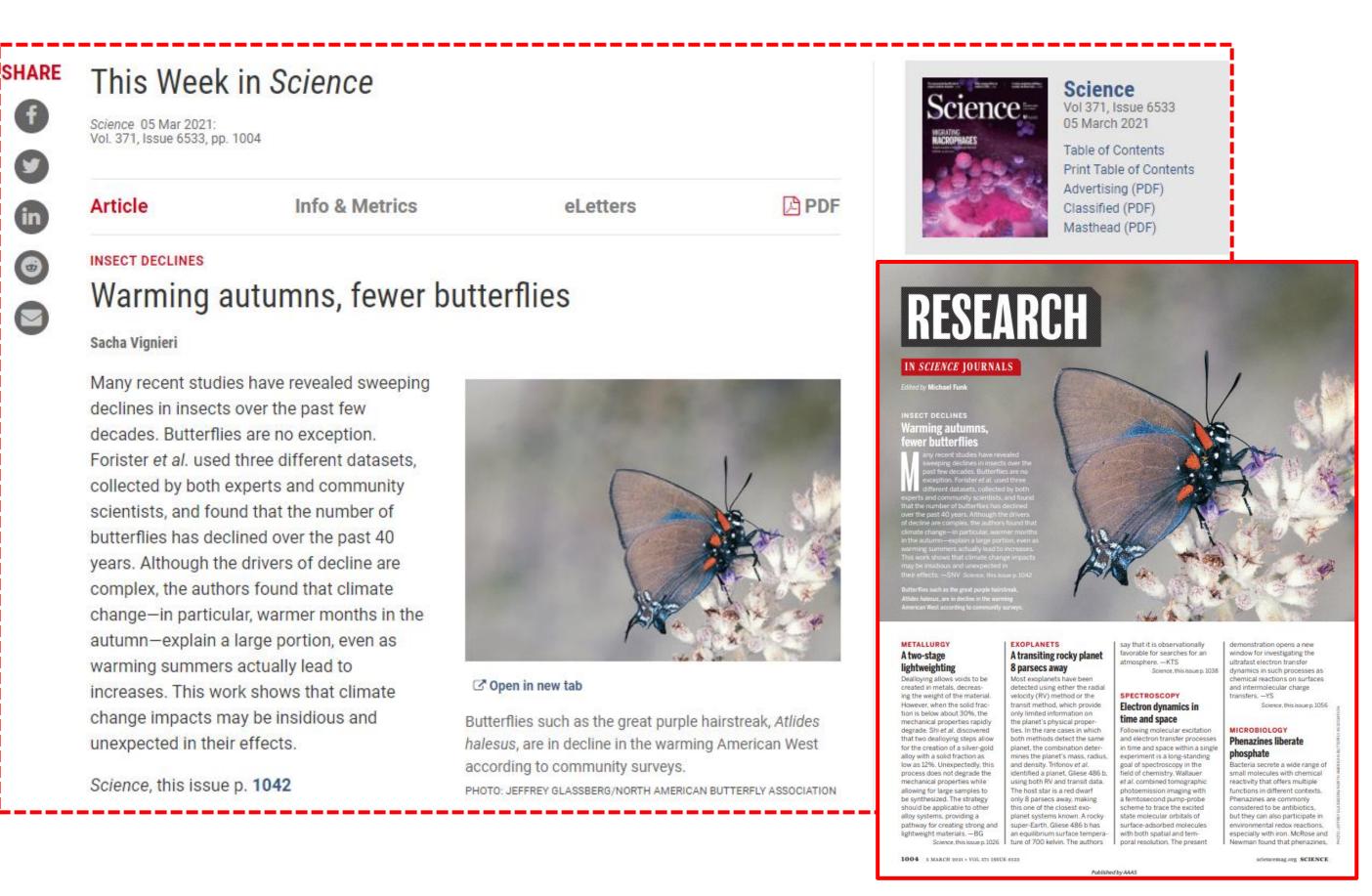
Clearly, nuclear energy will be with us for some time. New plants are being built and older ones will take time to decommission. But it is not proving to be the solution it was once seen as for decarbonizing the world's energy market. Nuclear power has benefits, but its continued low take-up

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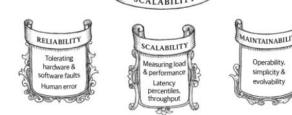
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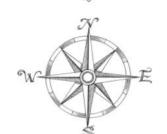
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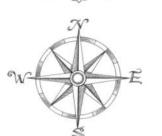
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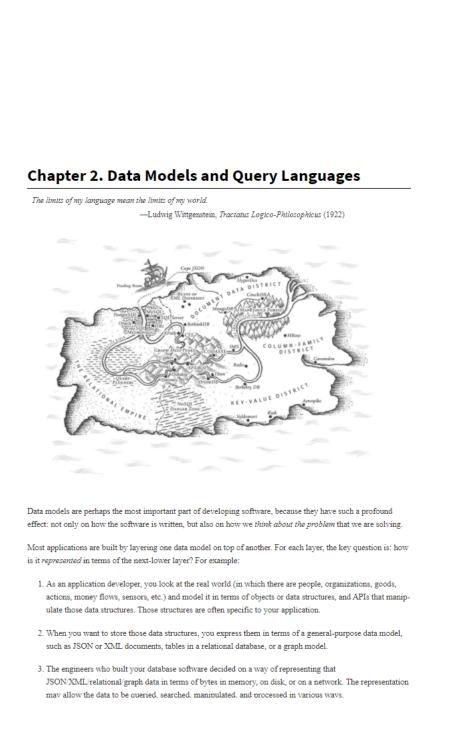
something that was man-made. When was the last time a technology with a scale like that was so error-free?

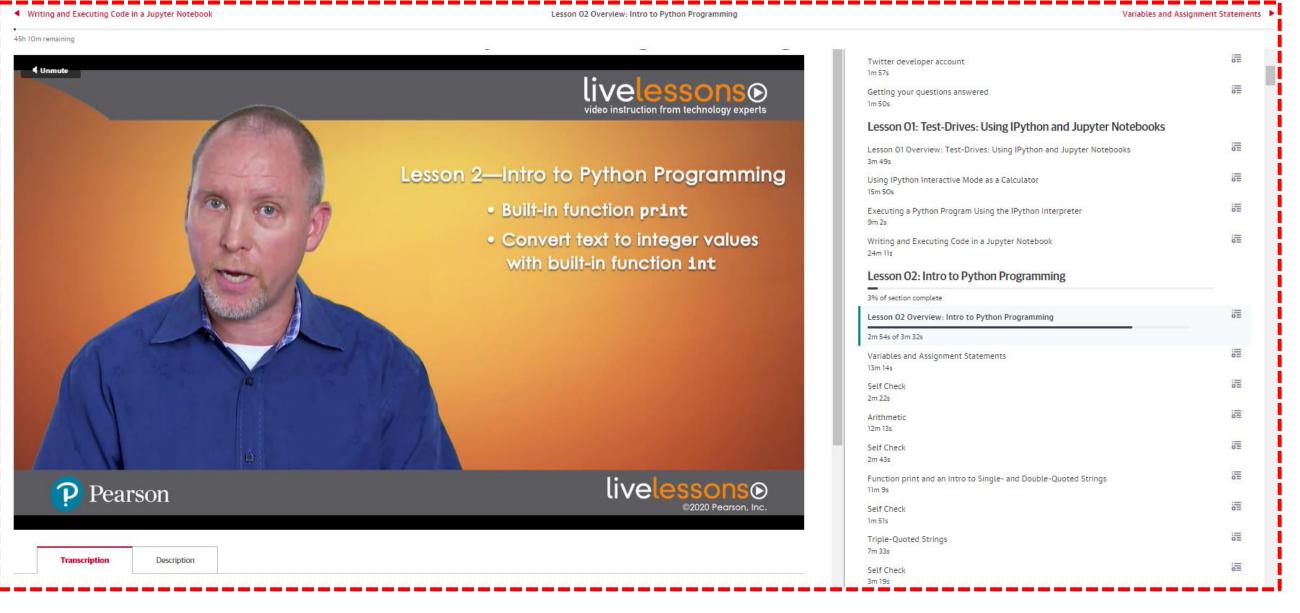


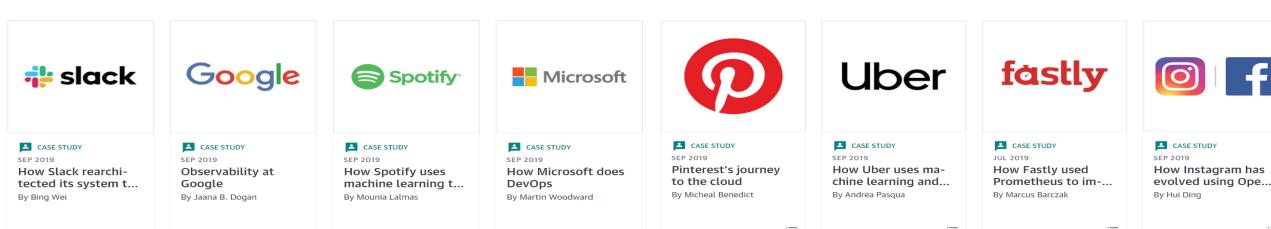










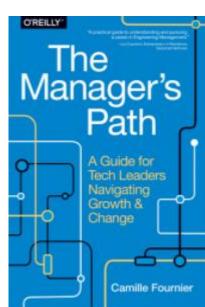






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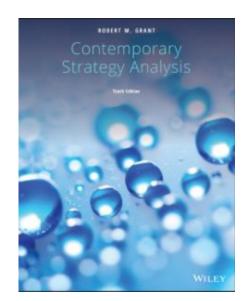
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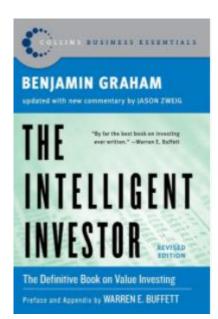
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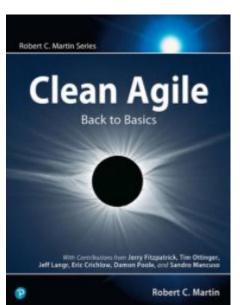
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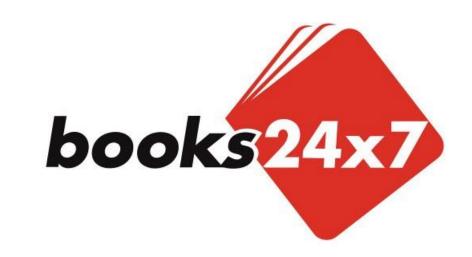
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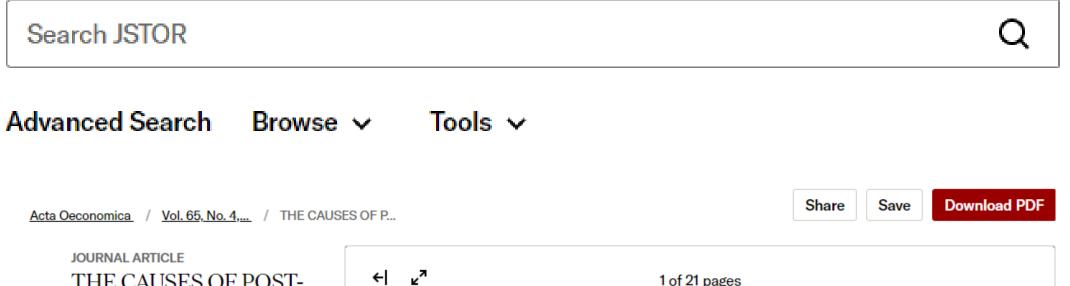


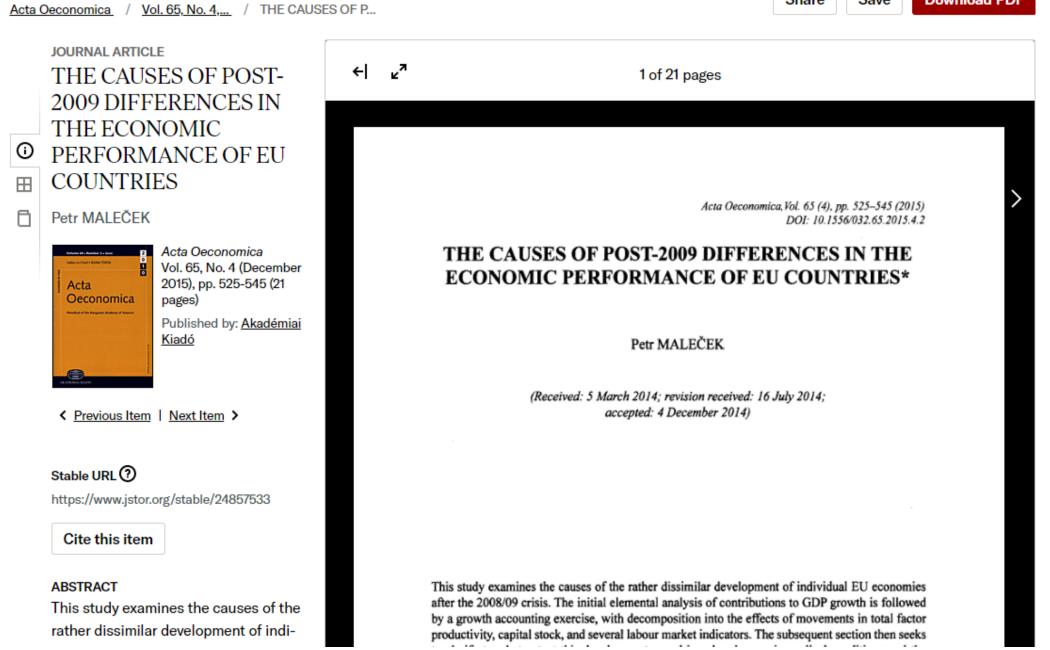














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Working capital managemen <u>Çalışma sermayesi yönetimi</u>

Firm performance Firm profitability Firm value Firma değeri Firma karlılığı

Firma performans

Language of Keywords: English; Turkish

2. ÇALIŞMA SERMAYESİ YÖNETİMİNİN FİRMA PERFORMANSI ÜZERİNDEKİ ETKİSİ: BORSA İSTANBUL YILDIZ ENDEKSİNDE BİR UYGULAMA.



THE EFFECT OF WORKING CAPITAL MANAGEMENT ON FIRM PERFORMANCE: AN EMPIRICAL RESEACRH ON BORSA ISTANBUL STAR INDEX. By: ERBUL, Mert; ÖZDEMÍR, Fevzi Serkan. Omer Halisdemir Universitesi Iktisadi ve Idari Bilimler Fakültesi Dergisi. 2021, Vol. 14 Issue 1, p335-348. 14p. Language: Turkish. DOI: 10.25287/ohuiibf.820727.



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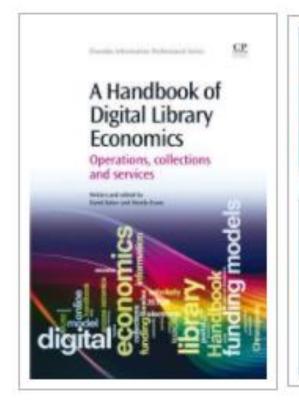




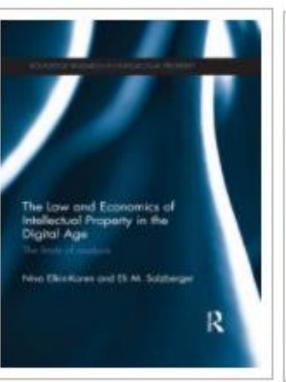




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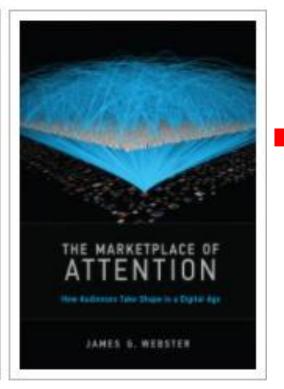
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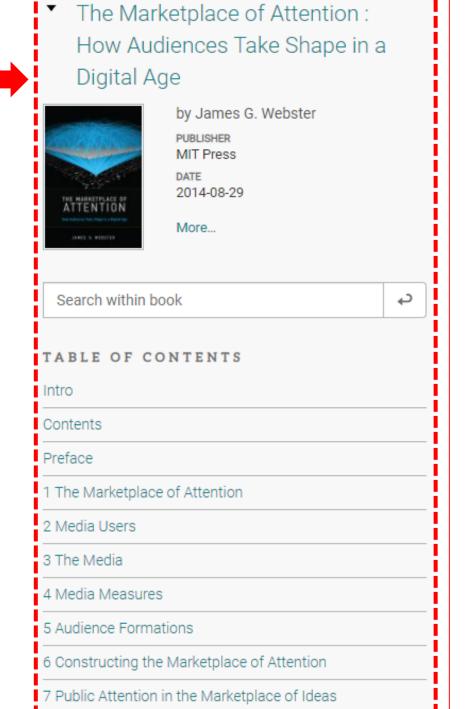


Julie Lewthwaite





PUBLISHER MIT Press





When I finished my bachelor's degree in psychology I needed to find work. Although I was interested in media, I wasn't really qualified to do anything. Nevertheless, I stumbled into a job in audience research at Children's Television Workshop. At the time, the Workshop produced Scsamc Street and The Electric Company and was celebrated for blending information with entertainment. Flushed with their success in children's television, the Workshop decided to produce a health show for adults that would revolutionize the nation's health practices the way Scsamc Street had revolutionized the way kids learned their ABCs. I was hired to study viewer reactions to the new

That show, called Fccling Good, premiered in prime time opposite a lineup of expensively produced network television programs. From day one, there were problems. Most notably, very few people watched Fccling Good, and those who did already knew what the show had to teach them. Fccling Good lasted for one tortuous season, but it left me with a question I've been thinking about ever since. How do audiences take shape?

That question seems more pressing today than at any time in the past. Digital media present people with many ways to spend their time. They can choose among an endless number of outlets, ranging from the broadcast networks that denied Fccling Good a prime-time audience to websites of every imaginable kind. They can create their own media. They can share anything that's digital with friends or strangers around the world. But how do people actually use all these newfound resources, and why do they coalesce around some things and not others?

There is a broad consensus that the way people allocate their attention will go a long way toward determining digital media's social impact. But there are wildly different expectations about how audiences will take





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Conflict of Interest in Global, Public and Corporate Governance Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, Nov 29, 2012.

Conflict of interest occurs at all levels of governance, ranging from local to global,

Conflict of interest as a cross-cutting problem of governance

ANNE PETERS'

1. Introduction

Conflict of interest occurs on all levels of governance, ranging from local to global, both in the public and the corporate and financial spheres. Such conflict can influence decision-making in the management of corporations, town councils, parliaments, bureaucracies, national and international courts and tribunals, and in international conferences, organisations, and expert committees. There is increasing awareness that conflict of interest may distort decision-making processes and generate inappropriate outcomes, and thereby undermine the well-functioning of both public institutions and markets. But the current strong worldwide trend towards regulation which seeks to forestall, prevent and manage conflict of interest has its price. Drawbacks may be the stifling of decision-making processes, a loss of expertise in the person of the decision-makers and a vicious circle of distrust.

So conflict of interest abounds - or is at least perceived to abound. But what are we actually talking about? This chapter first seeks to counter the fundamental objection that the concept of conflict of interest is overbroad and meaningless (section 2). It then gives an overview of current conflict of interest regulation on all levels and spheres of governance: domestic, regional and global, and governmental and self-regulation (section 3). After recapitulating the law as it stands, the concept is probed more in depth: conflict of interest is a problem only in fiduciary (principal-agent) relationships (section 4). A typology is established: there may be a conflict between due and undue (especially personal and/or financial) interests, a conflict due to multiple roles of the agent, and a conflict arising from the

Conflict of interest as a cross-cutting problem of governance

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* The author thanks Lukas Handschin and Daniel Högger for useful comments on a previous version of this chapter.

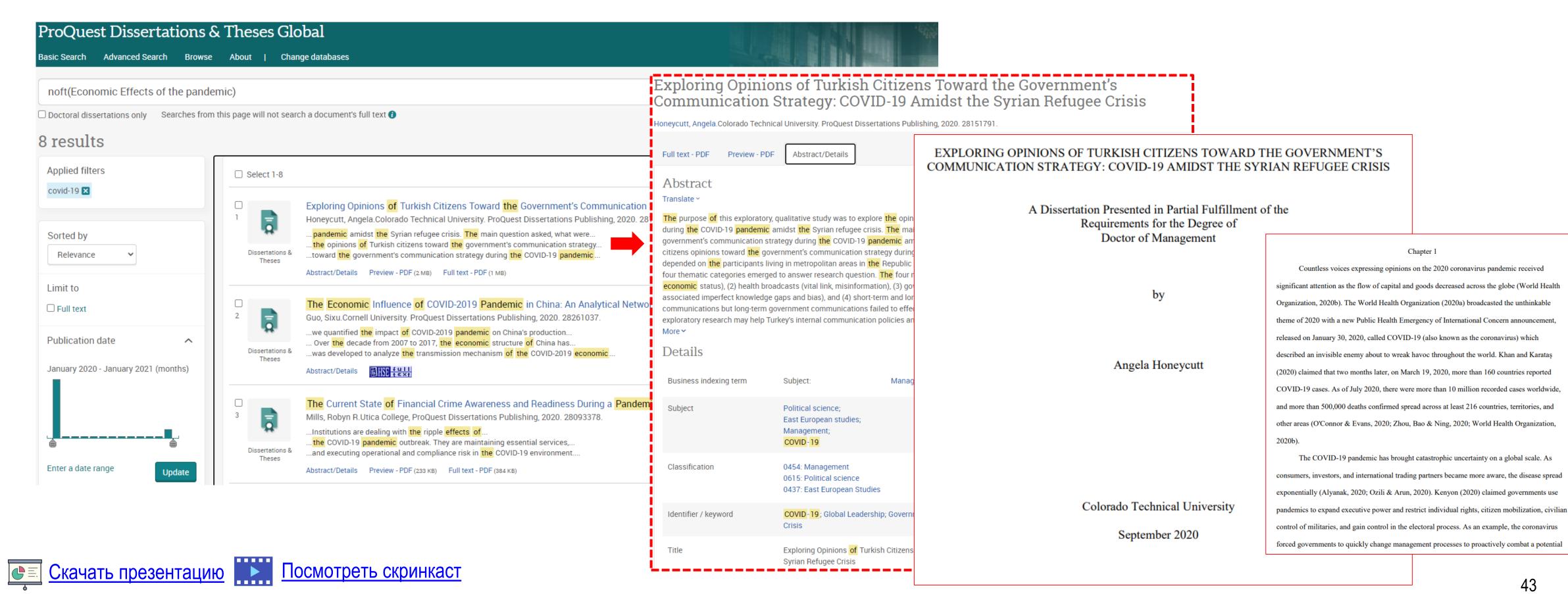
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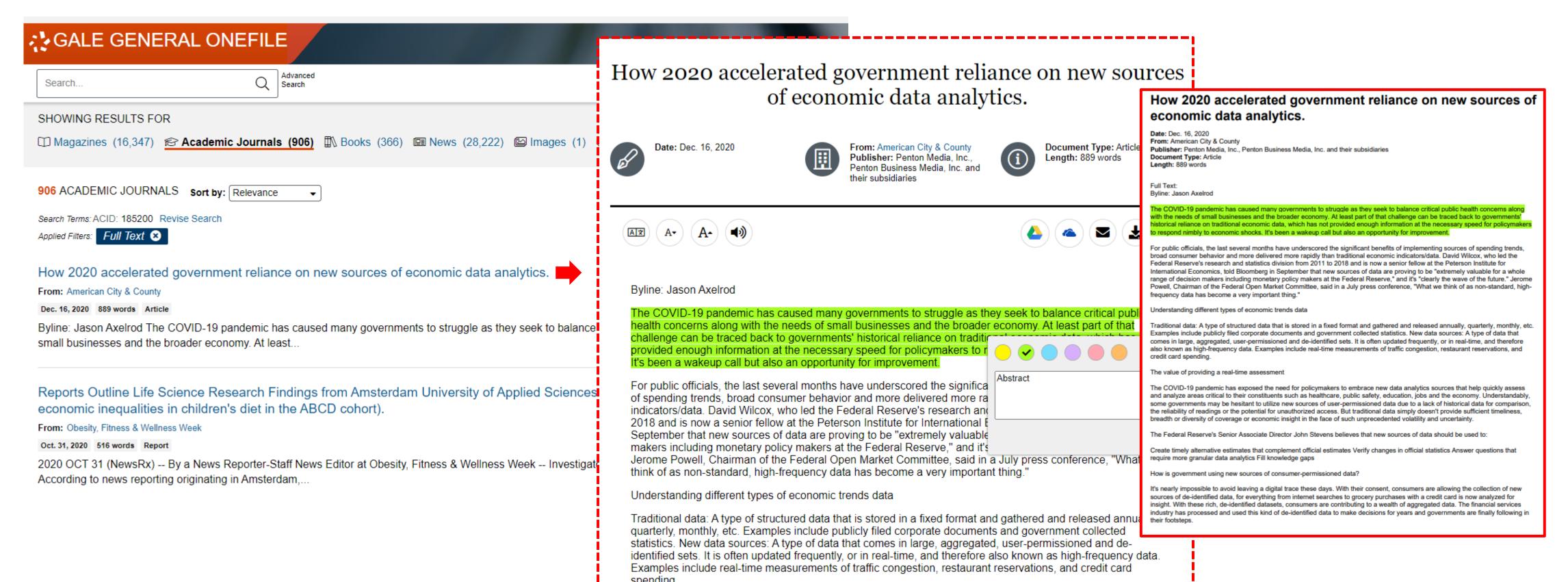


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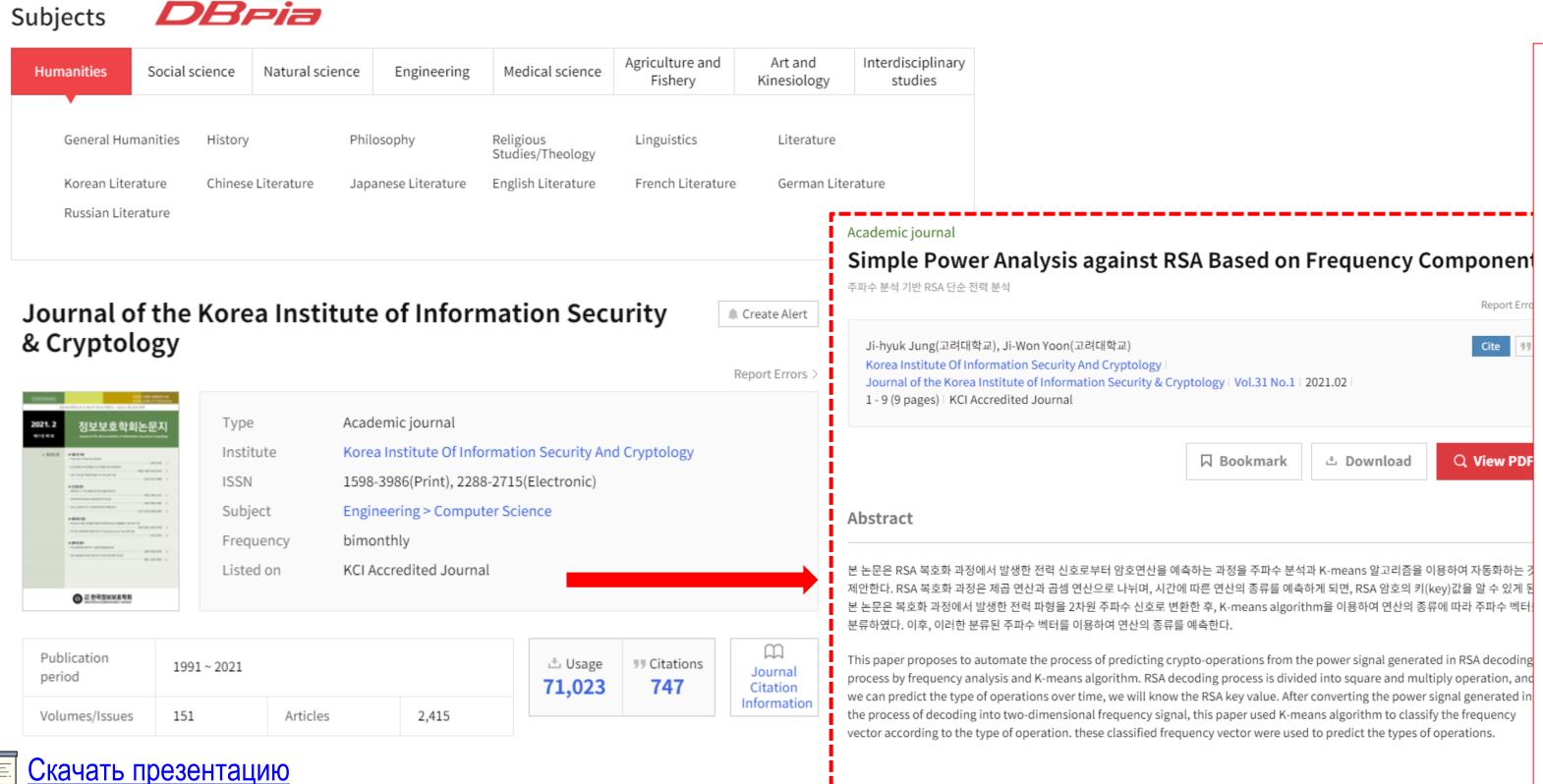


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Journal of The Korea Institute of Information Security & Cryptology

ISSN 1598-3986(Print)

주파수 분석 기반 RSA 단순 전력 분석*

정 지 혁, ^{1*} 윤 지 원^{2*} 1.2고려대학교 정보보호대학원 (대학원생, 교수)

Simple Power Analysis against RSA Based on Frequency Components*

Ji-hyuk Jung,1* Ji-Won Yoon2* 1.2Korea University, School of Cyber Security(Graduate student, Professor)

본 논문은 RSA 복효화 과정에서 발생한 전력 신호로부터 암호연산을 예측하는 과정을 주파수 분석과 K-means 알고리즘을 이용하여 자동화하는 것을 제안한다. RSA 복호화 과정은 제곱 연산과 곱셈 연산으로 나뉘 며, 시간에 따른 연산의 종류를 예측하게 되면, RSA 암호의 키(key)값을 알 수 있게 된다. 본 논문은 복호화 과정 에서 발생한 전력 과형을 2차원 주과수 신호로 변환한 후, K-means algorithm을 이용하여 연산의 종류에 따라 주과수 벡터를 분류하였다. 이후, 이러한 분류된 주과수 벡터를 이용하여 연산의 종류를 예측한다.

decoding process by frequency analysis and K-means algorithm, RSA decoding process is divided into square and multiply

types of operations Korwords: RSA, Side Channel Analysis, Automate, K-means

부채널 분석은 암호 장치 내부에서 연산하는 과정 동안 나오는 전력이나 전자기파와 같은 물리적인 신 호를 수집하여 암호의 연산 종류나 비밀키 등을 예측 하는 기법이다. 암호 알고리즘에 따라 다양한 부채널 분석 기법이 소개되었고, 대표적으로 Correlation Power Analysis (CPA), Differential Power

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수행되었습니다. * 주저자, graycat@korea.ac.kr

지를 구분하여야 하기 때문에 더 복잡하고 정교한 추 론 기법이 필요하다. 일레로 가장 보편적으로 이용되 는 공개키 암호 알고리즘인 RSA 암호에서 제곱 (Square) 연산과 곱셈(Multiply) 연산에서 유출 되는 전력 신호 패턴이 다르다는 것을 이용하여 (SPA) 제곱 연산과 곱셈 연산을 유추한 후, 해당하 는 이진수로 변환하여 복호화 키를 추출하였다

Analysis (DPA), Simple Power Analysis

(SPA) 등이 있다(1-4), CPA나 DPA의 경우 해빙

하여, 측정된 전력 값과 연산값 사이의 수학적인 선

형 관계에 따라 추정하기 때문에 담이 명확한 분석

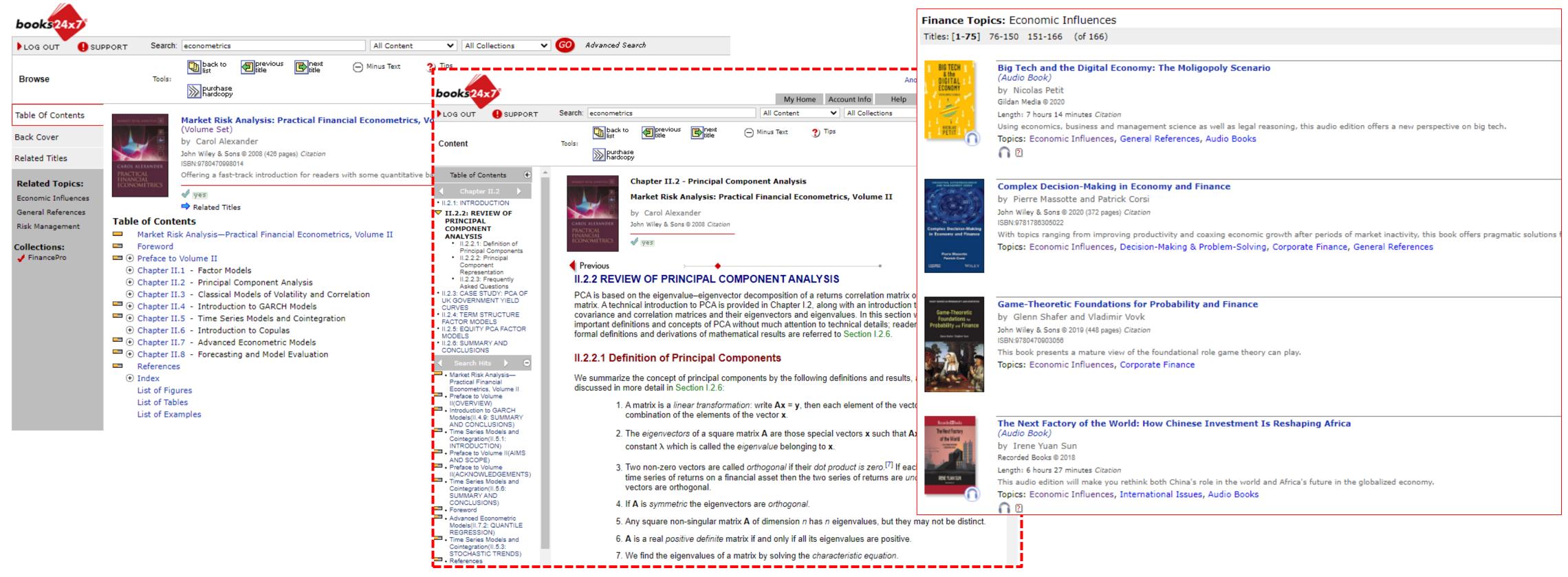
기법들이 잘 알려져 있는 반면에, SPA는 연산의 시

계열 패턴을 보고 그 시간에 어떠한 연산이 일어났는

- 본 연구는 고려대 암호기술 특화연구센터(UD170109ED) 를 통한. 방위사업청과 국방과학연구소의 연구비 지원으로
- ‡ 교신처자, jiwon_yoon@korea.ac.kr(Corresponding author)



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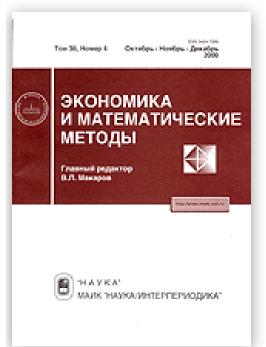
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Один из наиболее авторитетных экономических журналов, посвященных анализу реформ, проблемам кредитно-денежной, инвестиционной и социальной политики.



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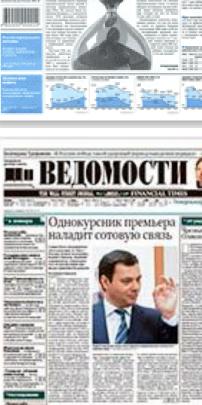
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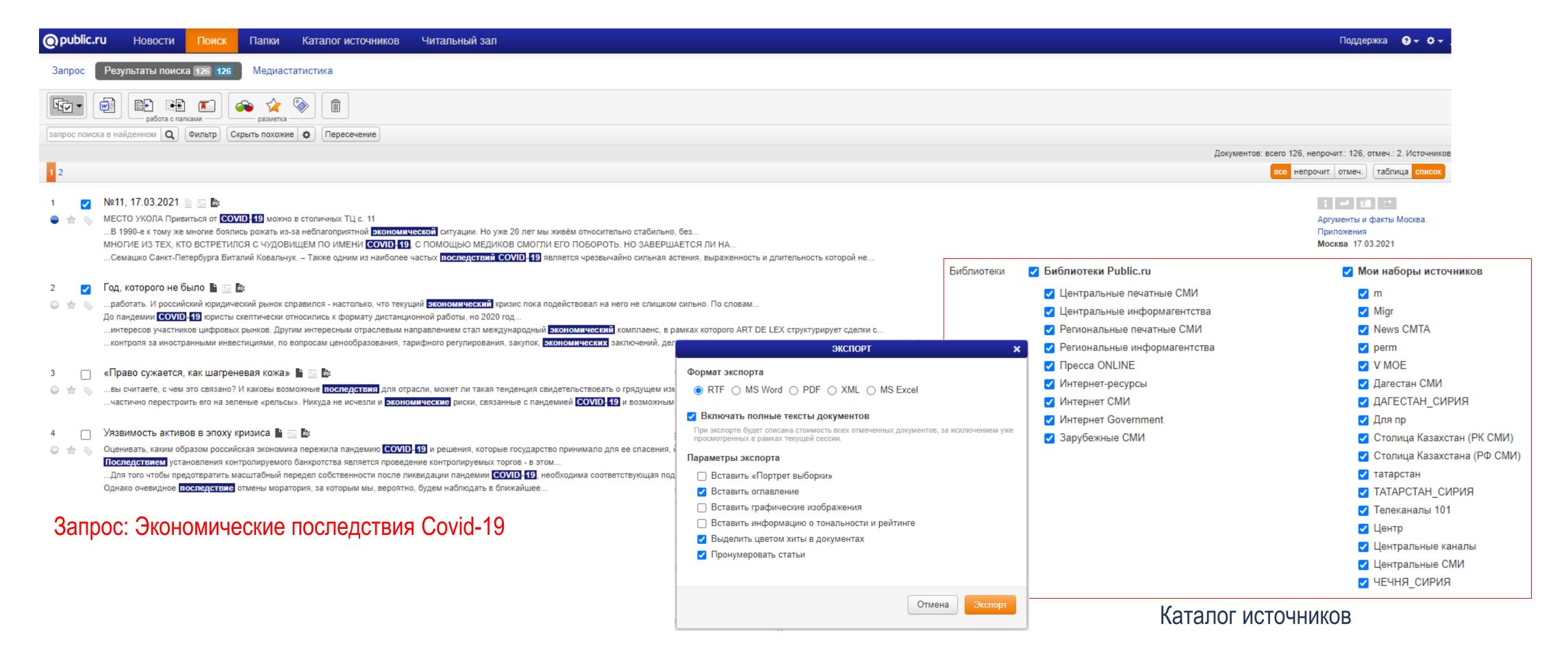






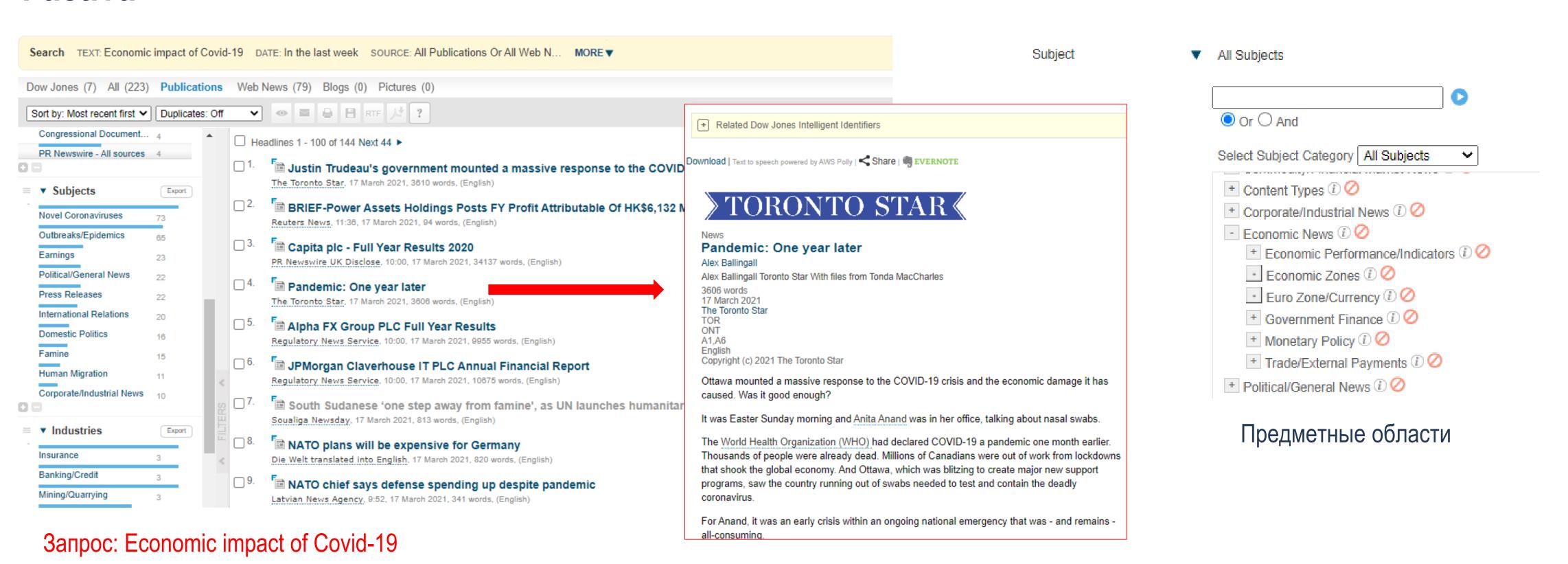


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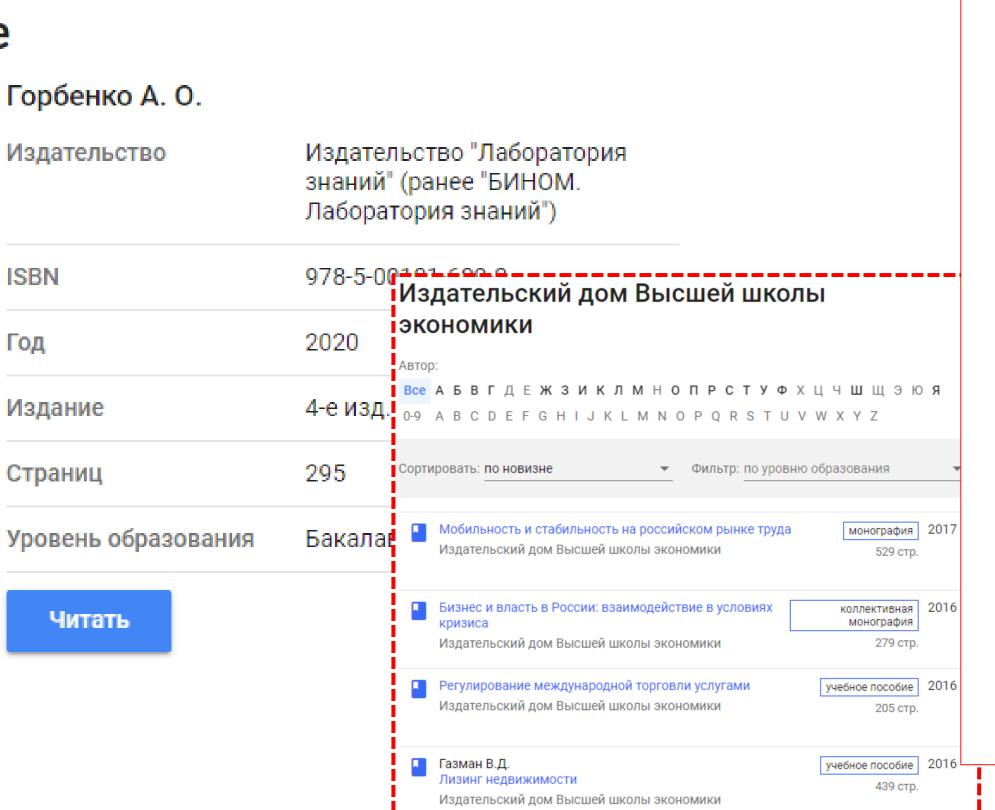
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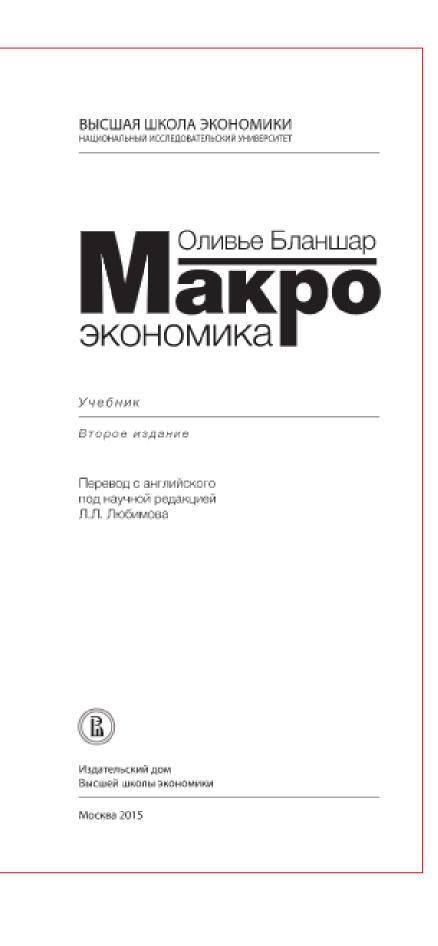




Информационные системы в экономике: учебное пособие









Проспект



Механизмы амнистирования в сфере экономики и налогообложения.

Соловьев И.Н.

Данная книга посвящена различным вопросам проведения налоговой амнистии в нашей стране. Термин «налоговая амнистия» принят нами как условный, так как под ним нередко понимают и



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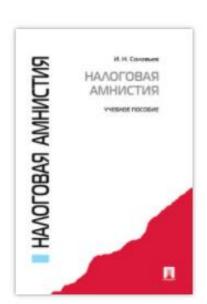
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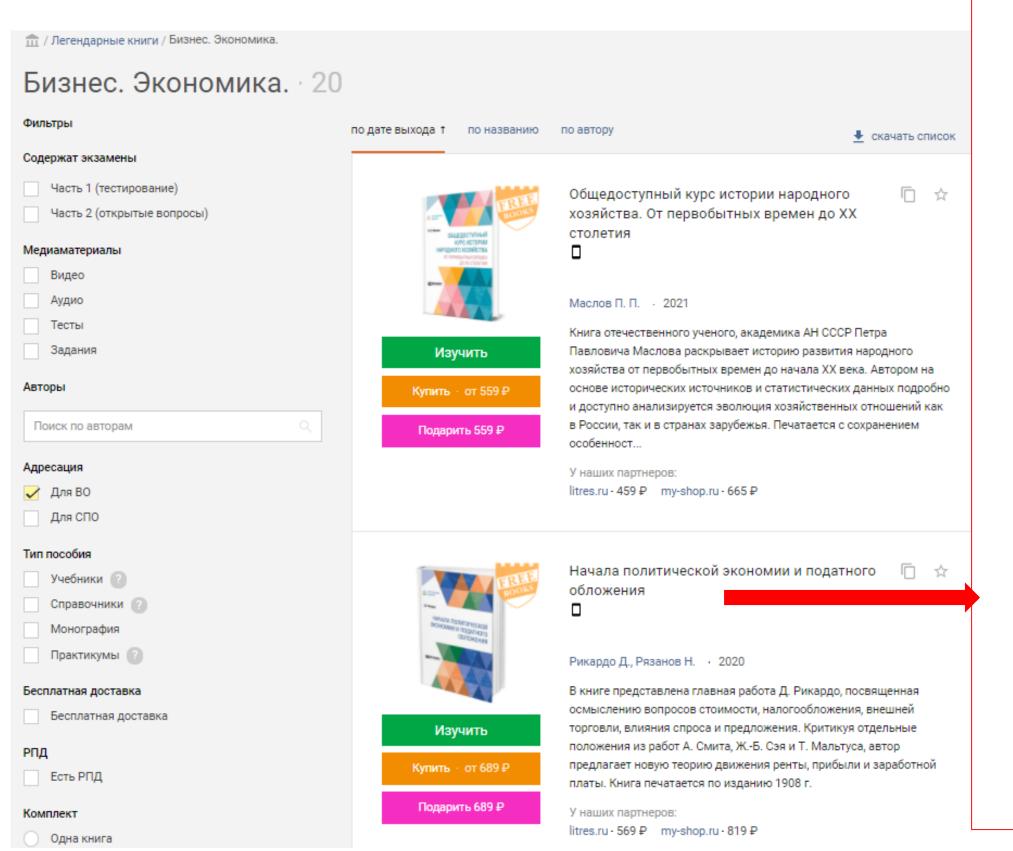
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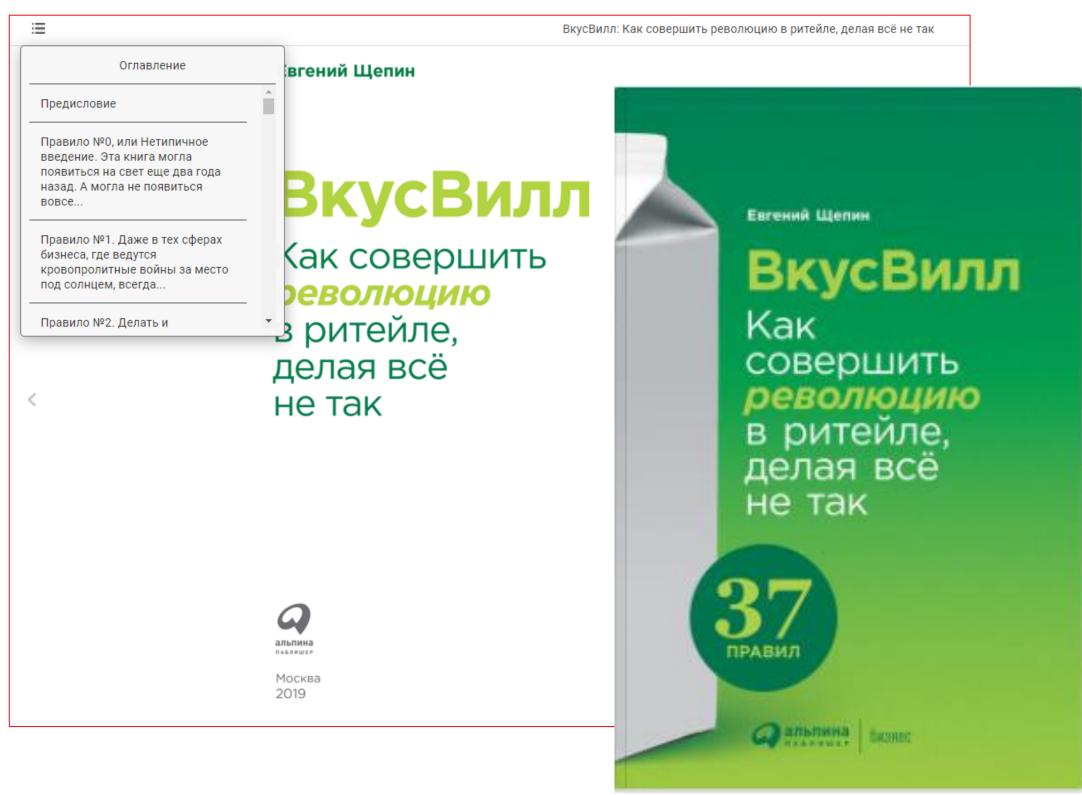
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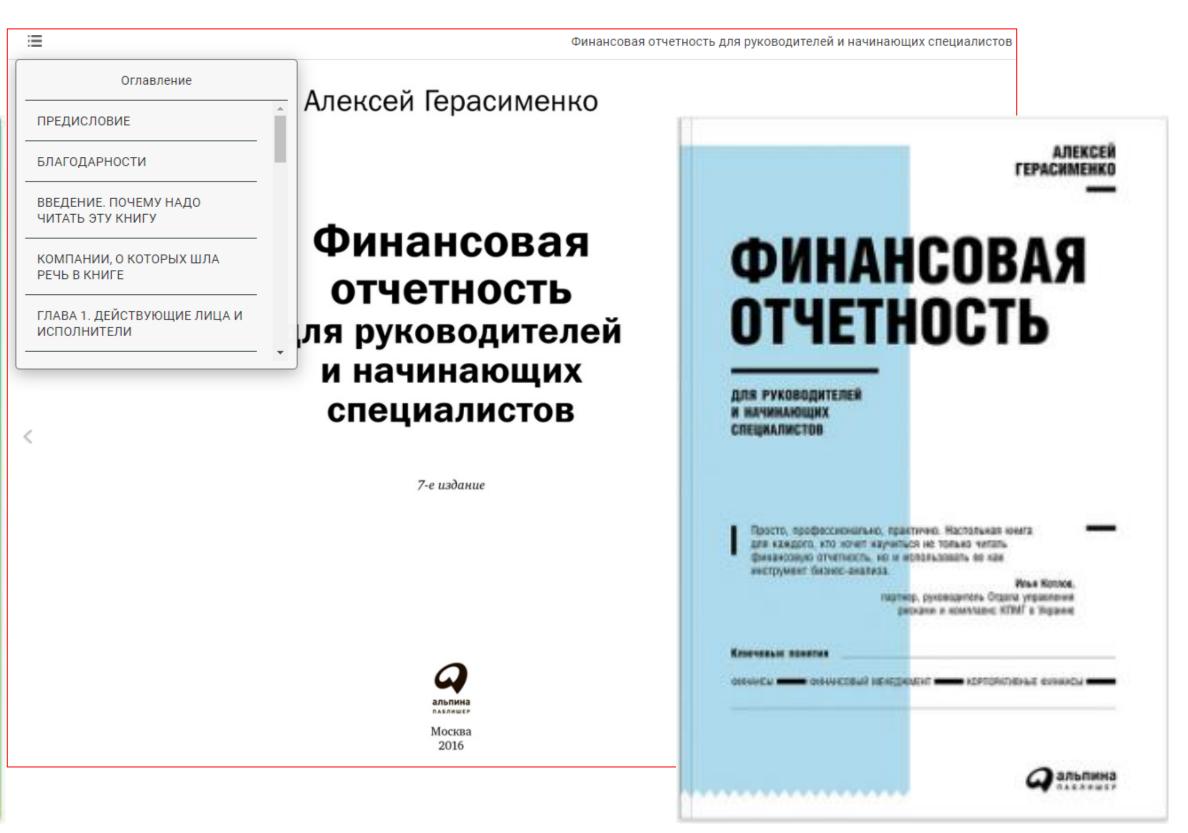
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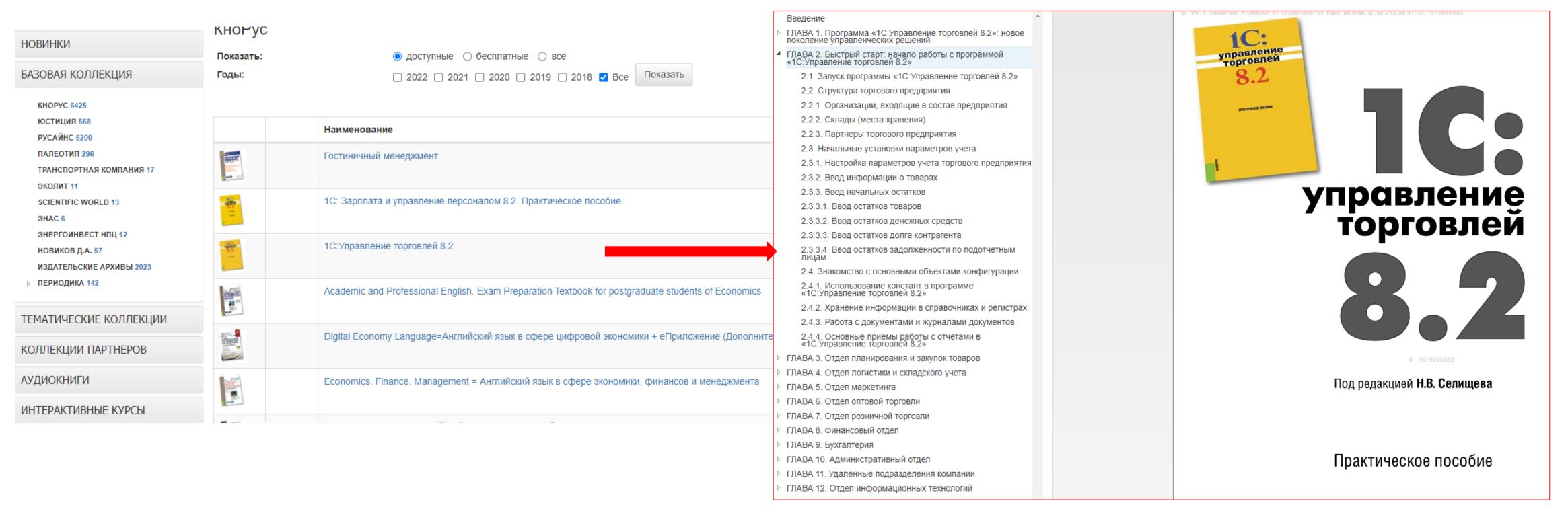
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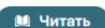


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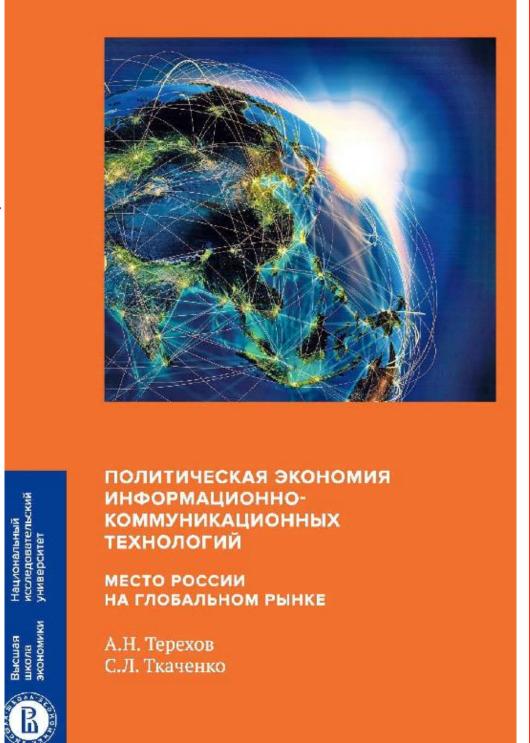
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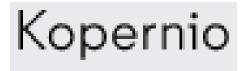


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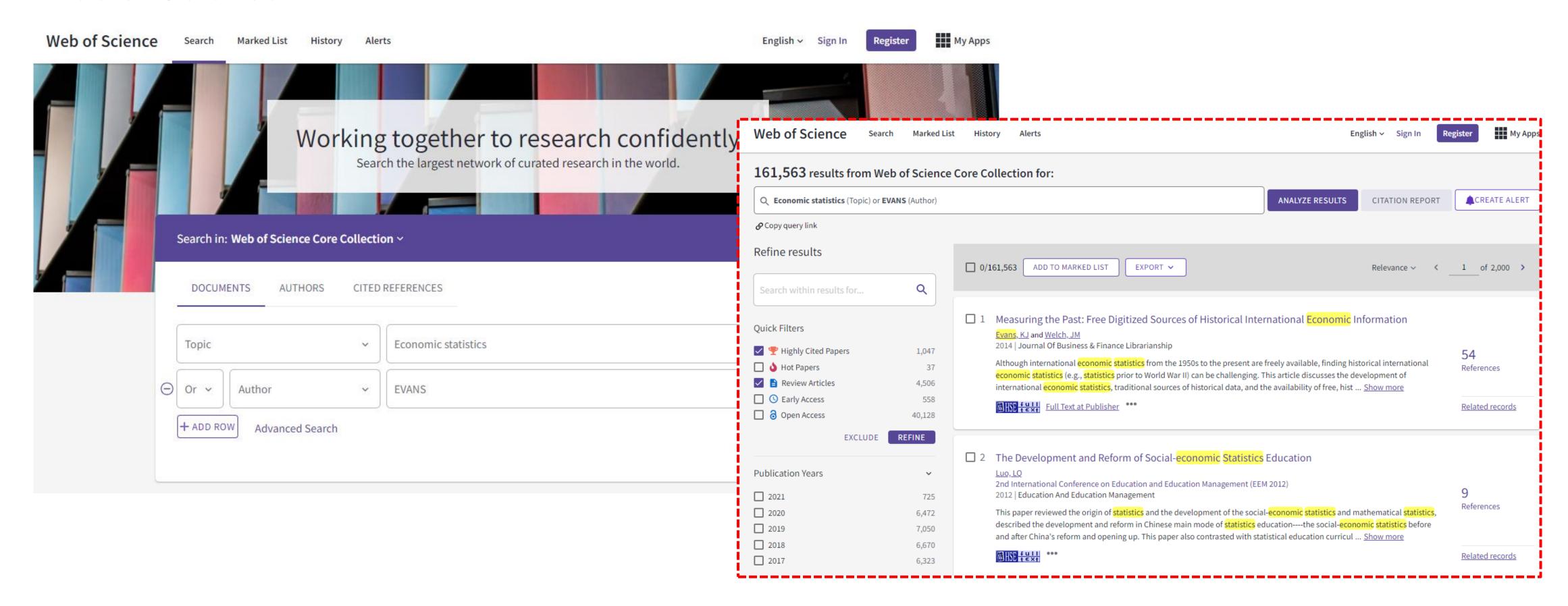
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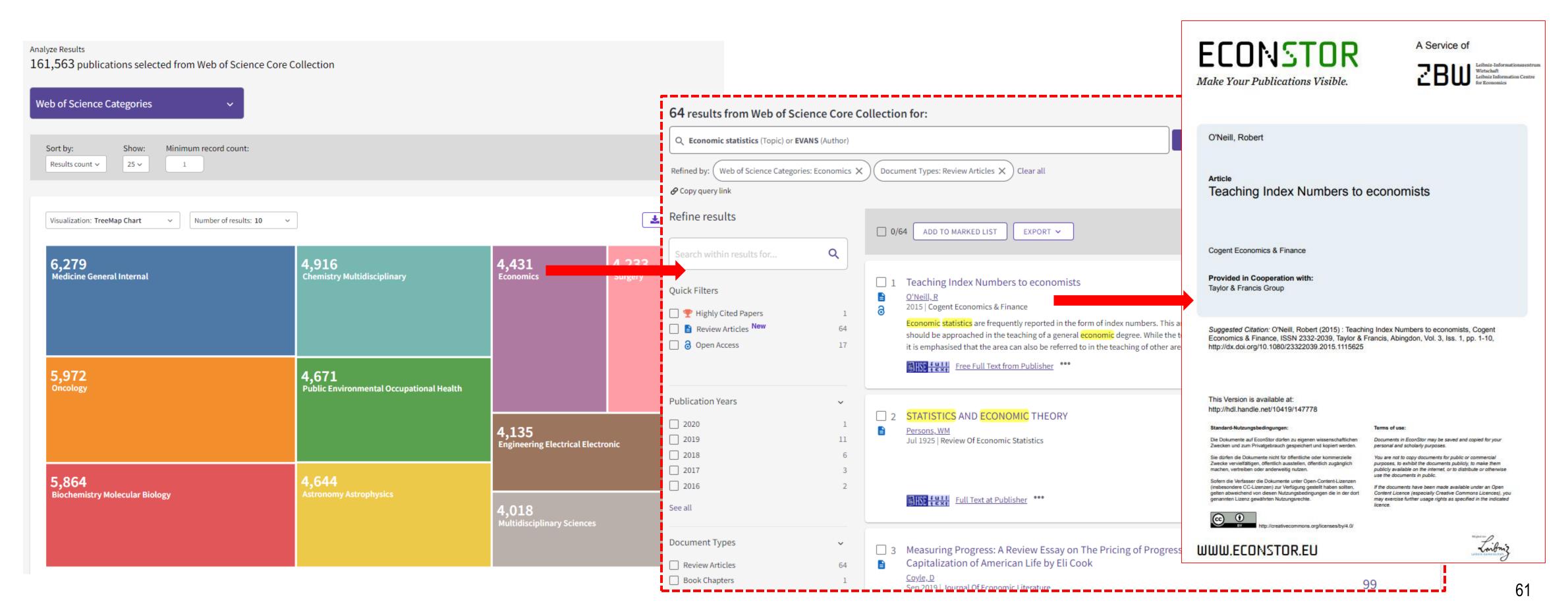


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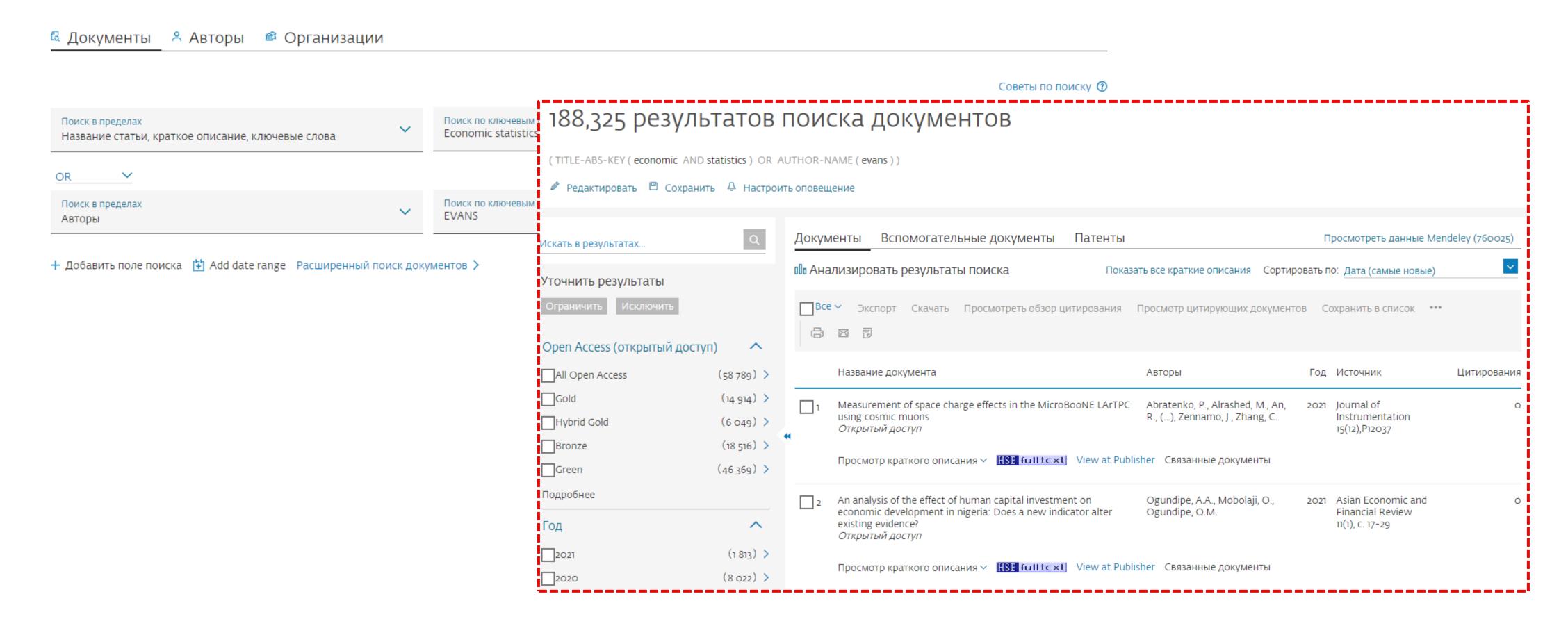


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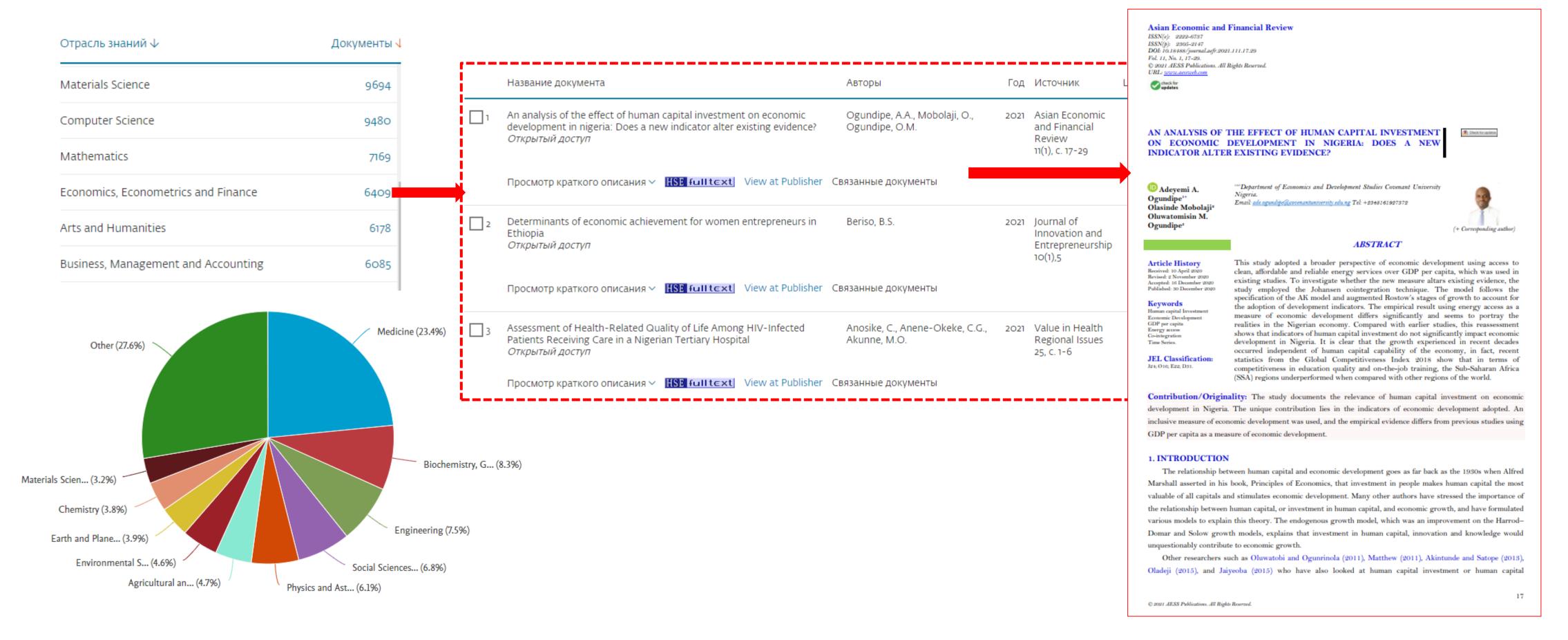


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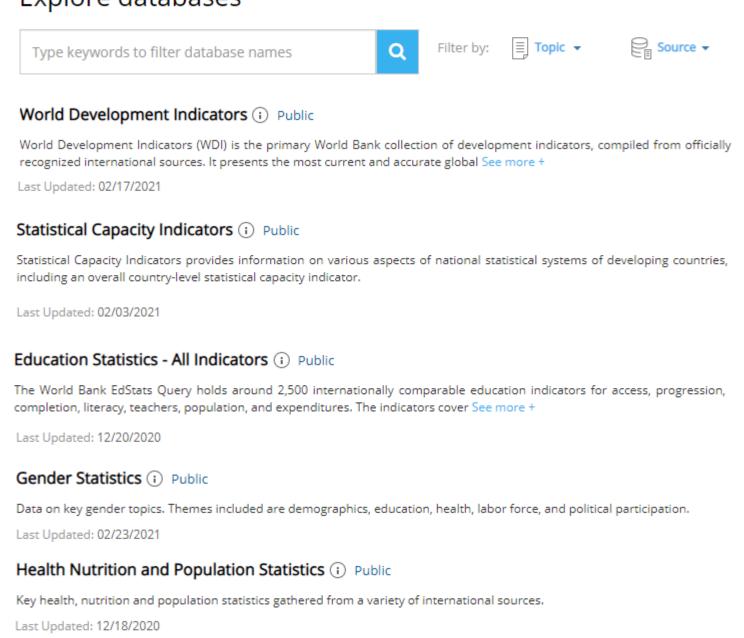
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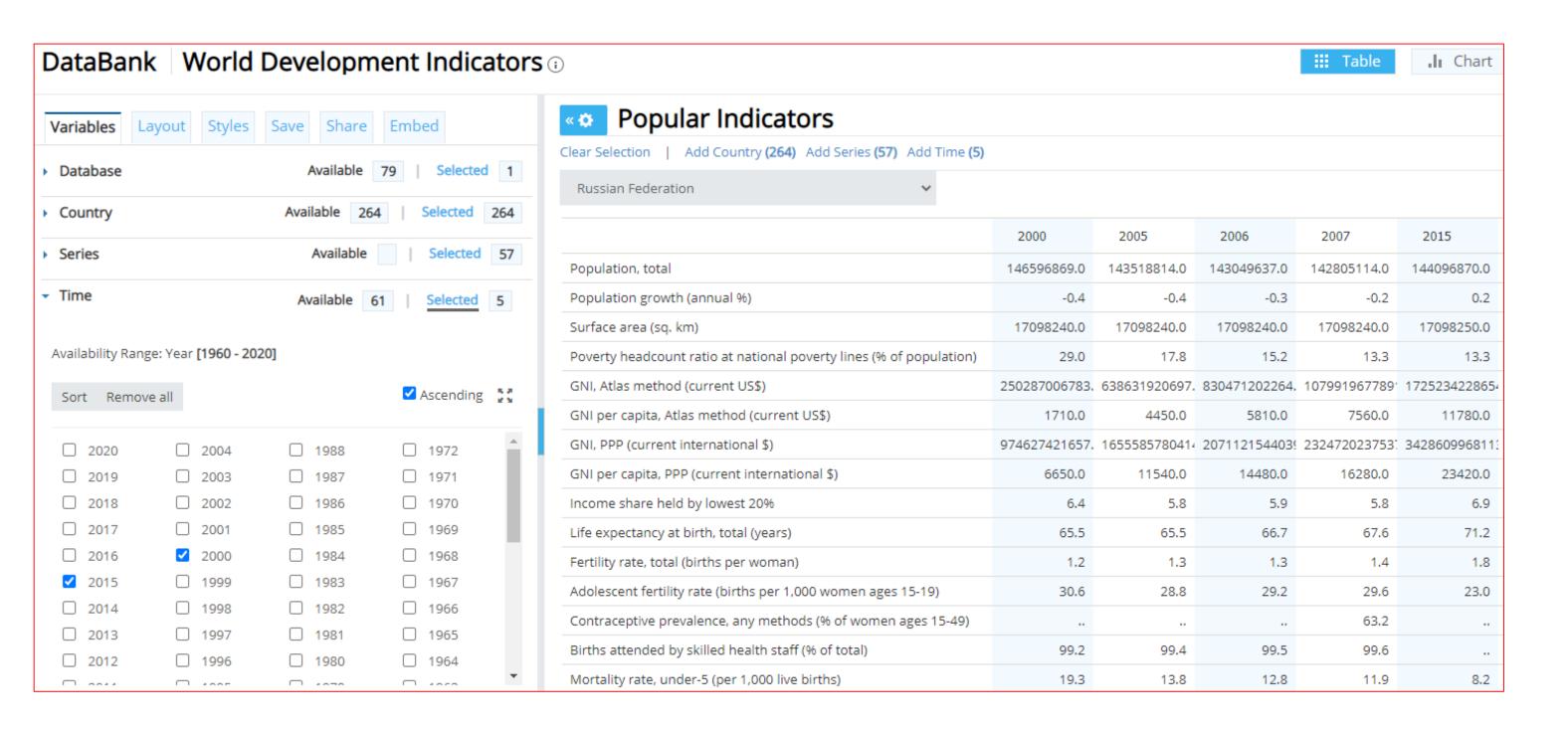




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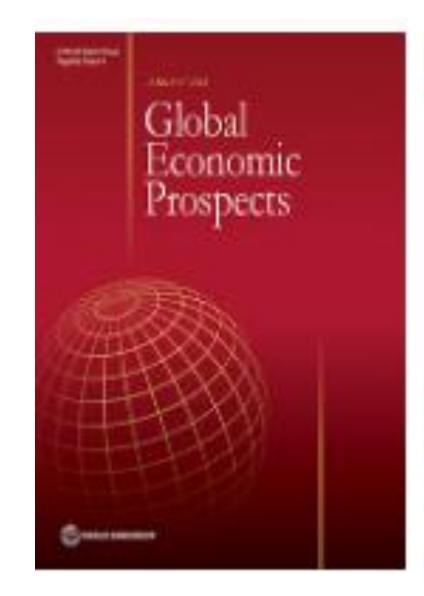
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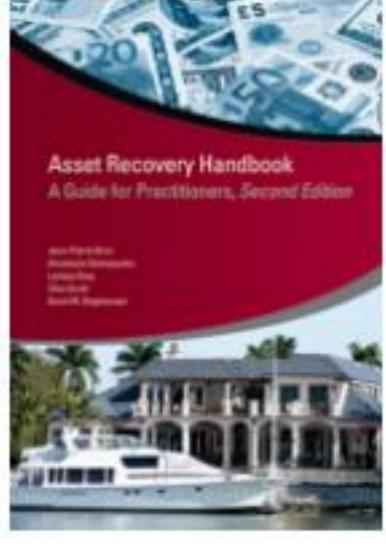




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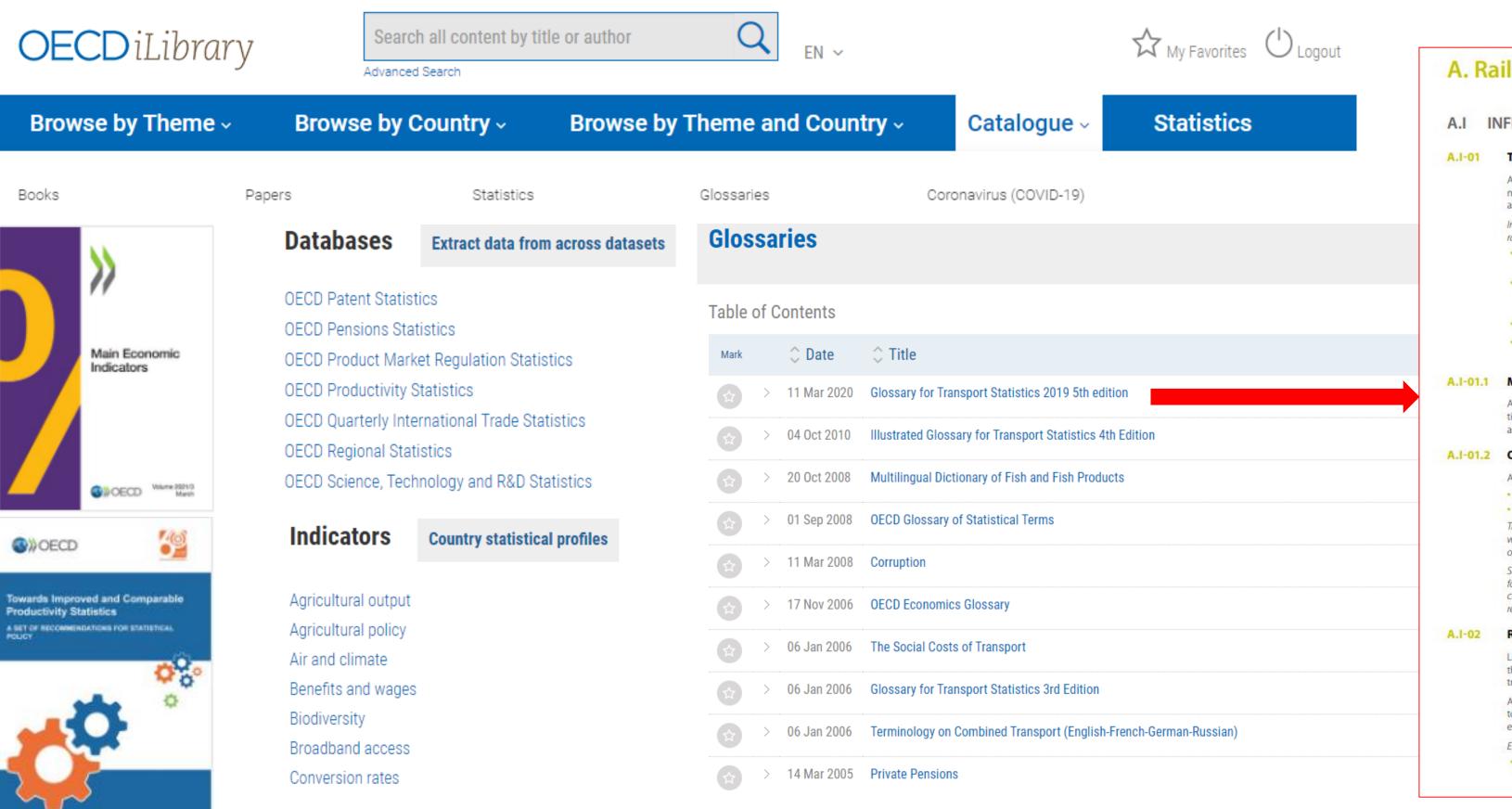
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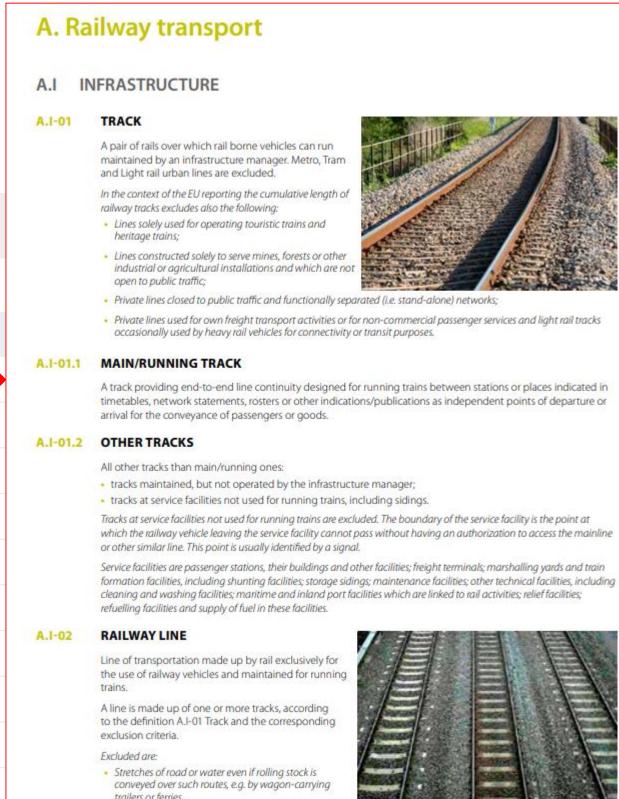
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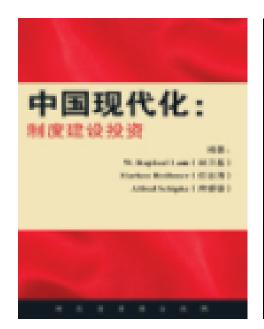
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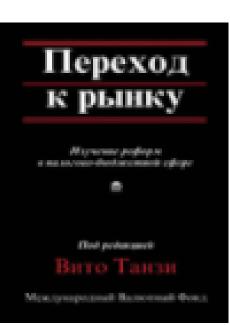


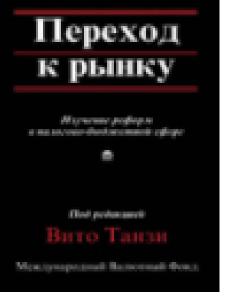


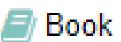


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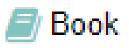










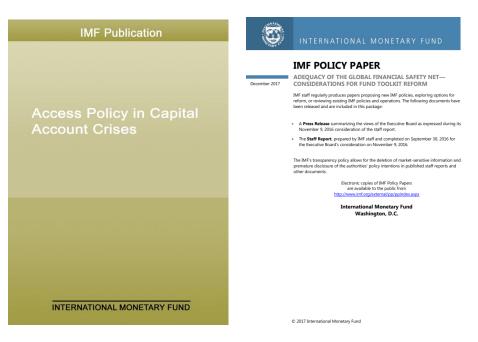




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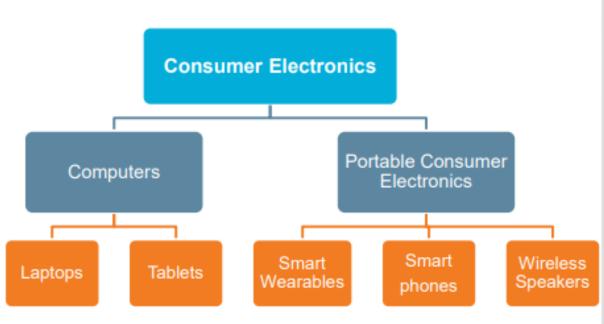
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February 2019

SCOPE OF THE REPORT

Scope

- Apple (Apple Inc) is one of the most recognisable brands in the world.
- This reports examines the company's business, challenges and key competitors within consumer electronics.



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After a stellar financial year with record-breaking results, Apple started the latest quarter with bad news. This reports explores how Apple can transform itself in 2019.

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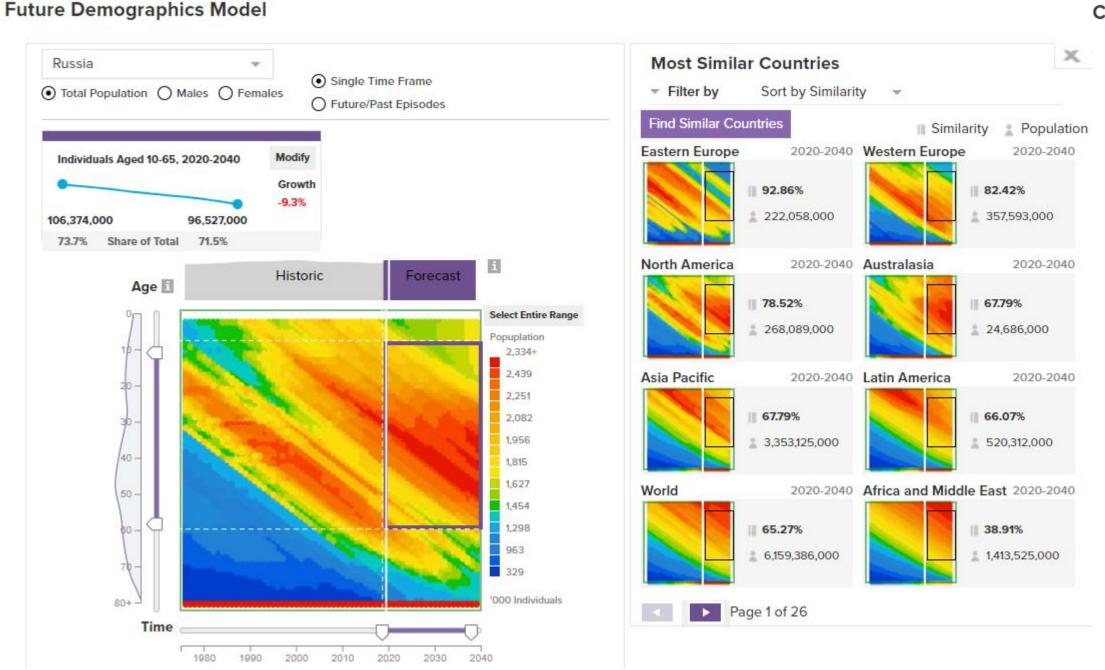
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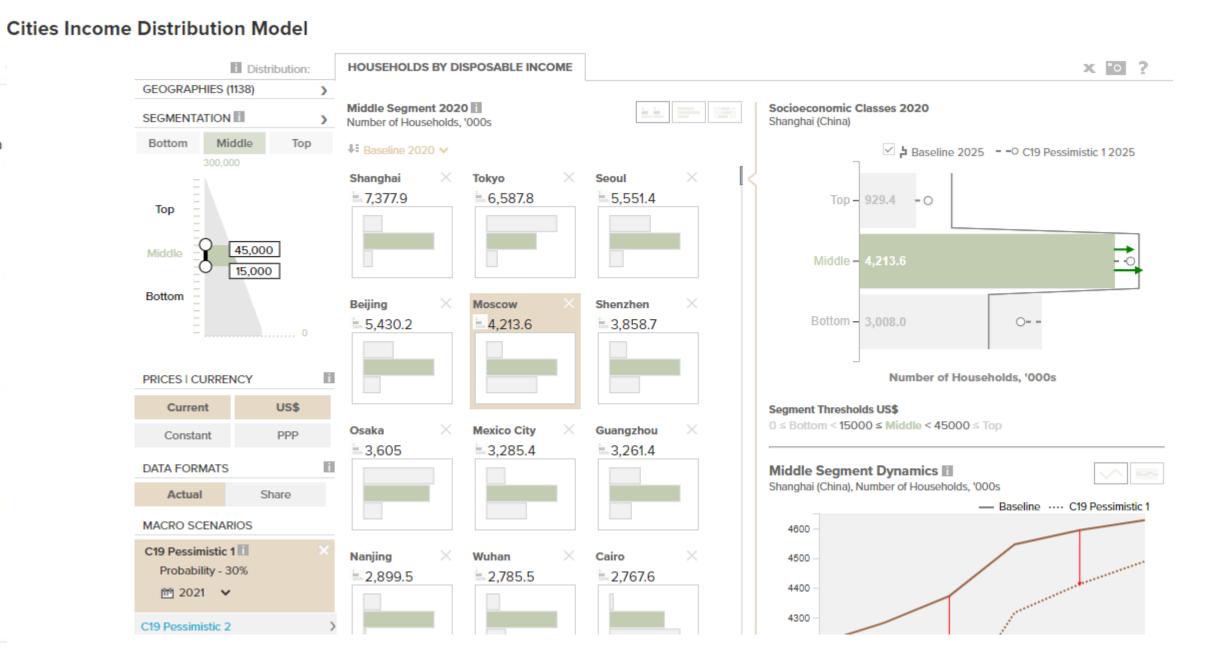
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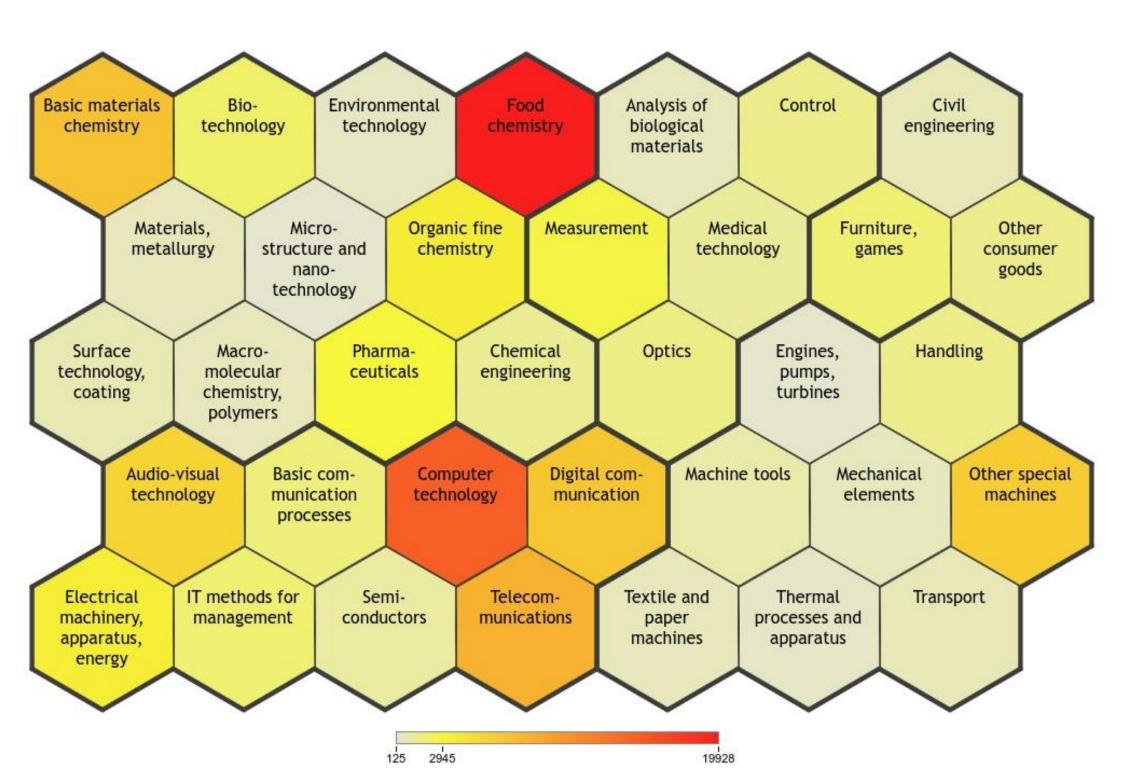


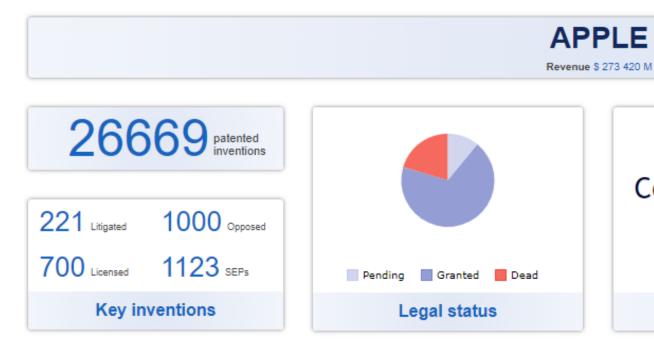
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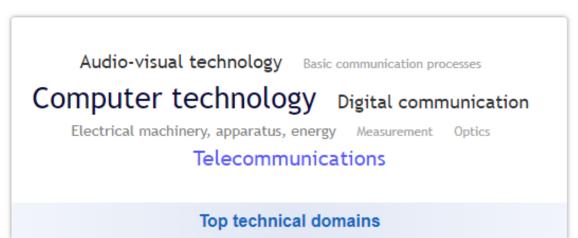
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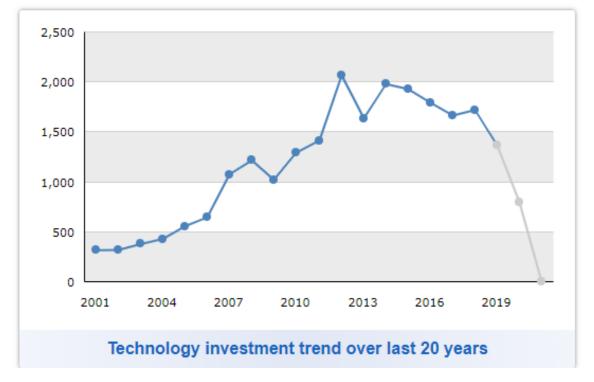
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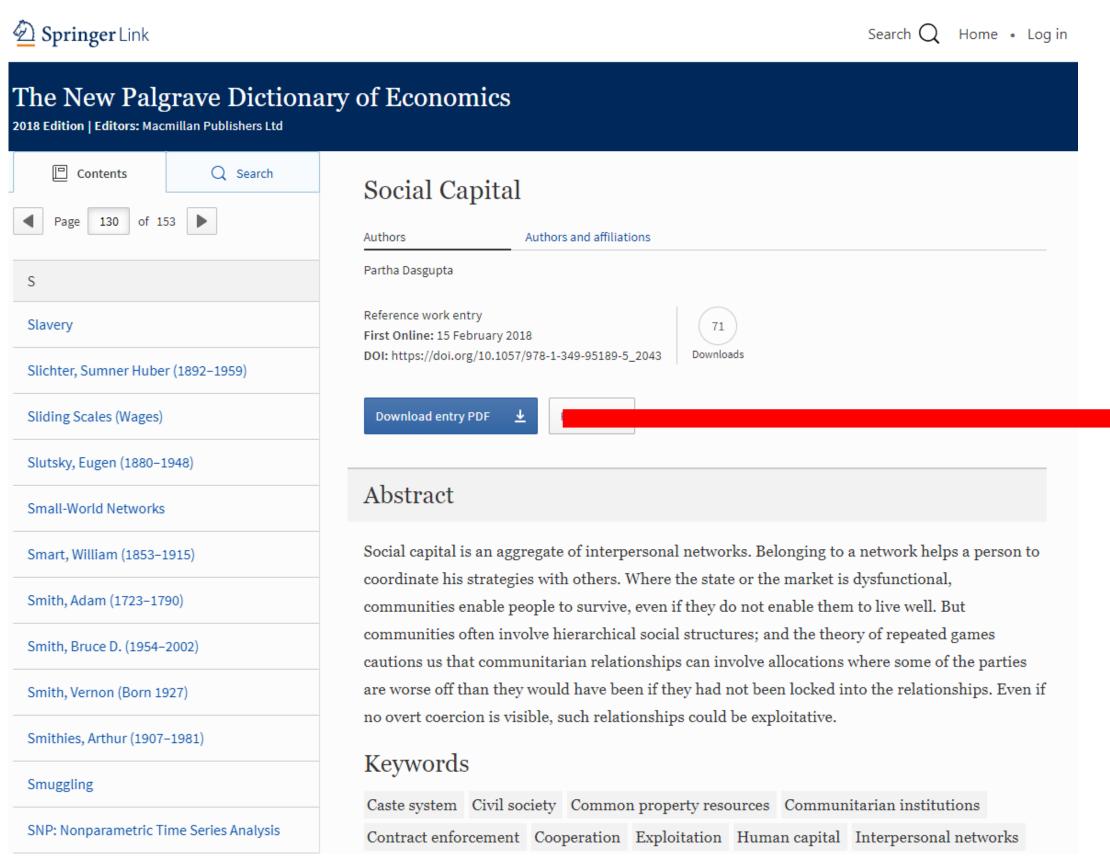
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New Palgrave Dictionary of Economics



Social Capital

Partha Dasgupta

Social capital is an aggregate of interpersonal networks. Belonging to a network helps a person to coordinate his strategies with others. Where the state or the market is dysfunctional, such relationships could be exploitative.

Caste system; Civil society; Common property resources; Communitarian institutions; Contract enforcement; Cooperation; Exploitation; Human capital; Interpersonal networks; Prisoner's Dilemma; Public goods; Reciprocity; norms; Total factor productivity; Trust

JEL Classifications

Definitions?

The idea of social capital sits awkwardly in congrounds) have revealed the character of those temporary economic thinking. Although it has a local institutions that enable mutually beneficial powerful, intuitive appeal, the object has proven courses of action to be undertaken within commuhard to track as an economic good. One can argue nities (Dasgupta and Heal 1979; Jodha 1986; (Arrow, 2000) that it is misleading to use the term Ostrom 1990; Dasgupta and Mäler 1991; Brom-'capital' to refer to whatever it is that 'social ley 1992; Baland and Platteau 1996). Developcapital' happens to be, because capital is usually ment economists have also studied rotating

identified with tangible, durable and alienable objects (for example, buildings and machines), whose accumulation can be estimated and whose worth can be assessed. There is much to agree with this. But in regard to both heterogeneity and intangibility, social capital would seem to resemble knowledge and skills. So one can also argue that, since economists have not shied away from regarding knowledge and skills as forms of capital, we should not shy away in this case either.

In an early definition, social capital was identified with those 'features of social organization, communities enable people to survive, even if such as trust, norms, and networks that can they do not enable them to live well. But com- improve the efficiency of society by facilitating munities often involve hierarchical social coordinated actions' (Putnam et al. 1993, p. 167). structures; and the theory of repeated games
The characterization suffers from a weakness: it cautions us that communitarian relationships encourages us to amalgamate strikingly different can involve allocations where some of the objects, namely (and in that order), beliefs, parties are worse off than they would have behavioural rules, and such forms of capital assets been if they had not been locked into the rela- as interpersonal links (or 'networks'), without tionships. Even if no overt coercion is visible, establishing reasons why such an inclusive definition would prove useful in gaining an understanding of our social world. Subsequently, Putnam (2000, p. 19) suggested a redefinition: 'social capital refers to connections among individuals - social networks and the norms of reciprocity and trustworthiness that arise from them'. Since then authors have defined social capital even more inclusively, where attitudes Repeated games; Reputation; Rotating savings towards others make their appearance as well: and credit associations; Social capital; Social 'Social capital generally refers to trust, concern for one's associates, a willingness to live by the norms of one's community and to punish those who do not' (Bowles and Gintis 2002, p. F419).

> These definitions tell us that 'social capital' is an ingredient in the workings of civil society (Putnam et al. 1993; Putnam 2000). In a parallel development, the theory and empirics of common-property resources in poor countries (for example, coastal fisheries, village tanks, local forests, pasture lands, and threshing

Social Capital

sustain an outcome where the time-average of the Repeated Games per-period payoff to a player is less than the pay- ▶ Social Networks, Economic Relevance of off at the unique Nash equilibrium. That player > Social Norms would be worse off in a long-term relationship with the others than if the players were not in a long-term relationship. The social norm sustain- Bibliography ing that outcome would be exploitative of the

The outcasts (euphemistically called members of were better off.

Social capital is an aggregate of interpersonal Fudenberg, D., and E. Maskin. 1986. The folk theorem in networks. From the economic point of view, belonging to a network helps a person to coordinate his strategies with others. We should not prejudge the character of the strategies on which members of a network coordinate. As with any Jodha, N.S. 1986. Common property resources and other form of capital asset, social capital can be put to good use or bad.

- ► Common Property Resources

Inequality is not the same as exploitation, which is why to demonstrate exploitation in an empirically satisfactory way will prove to be very hard: any such demonstration would involve comparison of an observable state of affairs with a counterfactual. However, some stark examples are suggestive. In Indian villages, access to local Bowles, S., and H. Gintis. 2002. Social capital and comcommon-property resources is often restricted to the privileged (for example, caste Hindus), who are also among the more prosperous landowners. 'schedule castes') are among the poorest of the Burt, R.S. 1992. Structural holes: The social structure of poor. Stark inequities exist, too, in patron-client relationships in agrarian societies, which make it very likely that the 'client' is worse off in conse-(2003) has unearthed striking differences between the life chances of women in 17th-century Germany (embedded in dense networks) and the life Dasgupta, P. 2005. Common property resources: Ecochances of women in 17th-century England (not so embedded in dense networks): English women

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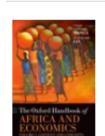


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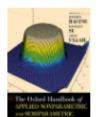


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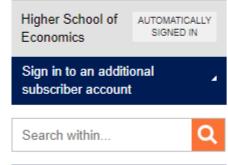
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Abstract and Keywords

Adam Smith's formal legacy to posterity consisted of meticulously revised editions of his two published works, and; long-standing plans for treatises on Jurisprudence, Rhetoric, and the Fine Arts were abandoned on the grounds that there was no time to complete them. This chapter discusses Smith as component parts of an unrealized plan to develop a Science of Man on experimental principles. Smith's introduction to this as a student is explored and the influence of Hutcheson and Hume is emphasized as is the fact that Smith developed both the published and unpublished components of his Science of Man simultaneously. The question of the meaning Smith attached to 'science' is a continuing theme of the chapter.

Keywords: Adam Smith, Hutcheson, Hume, science of man

Adam Smith is often seen as an unrewarding subject for biography. Dugald Stewart, his first and greatest biographer, saw him as a quiet, unassuming man who led a relatively uneventful life and preferred the peace and quiet of his native Kirkcaldy and the company of old friends to the bustle of Glasgow, Edinburgh, or London. We know him now as a notoriously poor correspondent who valued his privacy, who deplored the current fashion for biographical tittle-tattle and who, at the end of his life, made an archival bonfire of most of his private papers and unfinished texts in an attempt to preserve his biographical privacy. For Smith was a philosopher who believed that a writer should be remembered for his works rather than his life, and for works that were finished, published and polished rather than for those which were incomplete and had yet to reach the public. It was for this reason that he reluctantly abandoned ambitious plans for new treatises on government, philosophy and the fine arts and spent his last years polishing and perfecting the texts of his two great published masterpieces, the Theory of Moral Sentiments and The Wealth of Nations. As he told his



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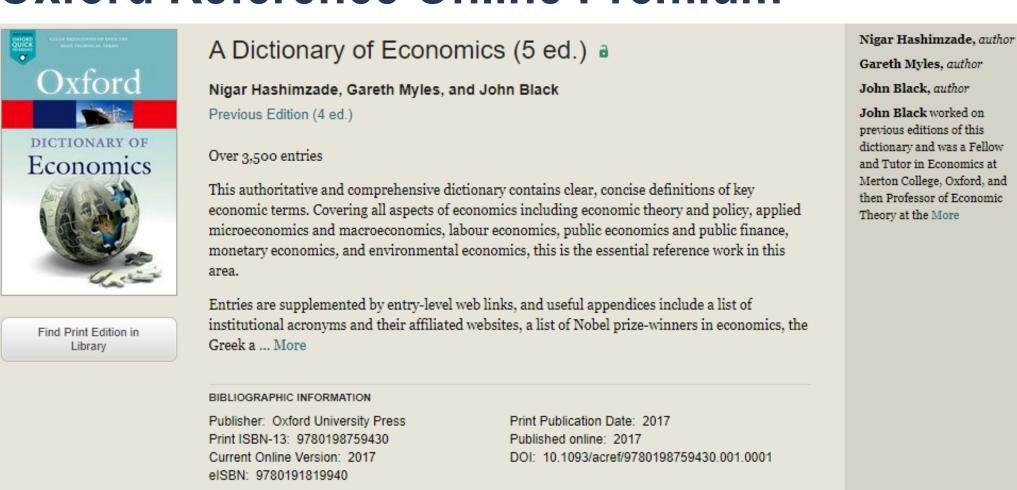
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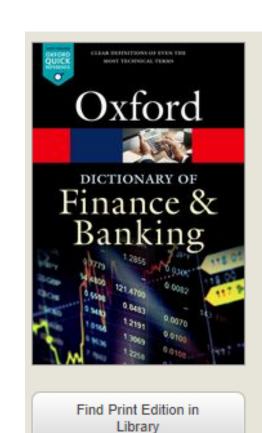
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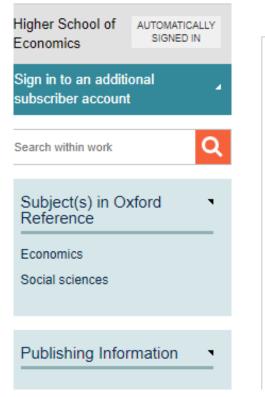
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See TRIPLE-A RATING.

triple-A rating a

The highest grading available from credit rating agencies. A triple-A rating (AAA) means that delay or default in payments of principal or interest on the security concerned is regarded as extremely unlikely. Any institution with a triple-A rating on its securities can borrow easily and on favourable terms.

Text size: A



ДОСТУП К ЭНЦИКЛОПЕДИЯМ, СЛОВАРЯМ И СПРАВОЧНИКАМ

Oxford English Dictionary

furlough, n.

Text size: A

View as: Outline | Full entry

Quotations: Show all | Hide all Keywords: On |

Categories »

Pronunciation:® Brit. ▶/'fəːləʊ/, U.S. ▶/'fərˌloʊ/

Forms: ... (Show More)

Frequency (in current use): ••••

Origin: A borrowing from Dutch. Etymon: Dutch verlof.

Etymology: < Dutch verlof exemption from service, permission, permit (Middle Dutch (rare) verlof permission to leave, dismissal), probably < Middle Low German vorlof permission to leave, dismissal, a deverbal derivative < vorloven to permit, allow, especially to leave, probably an alteration (with prefix substitution: see vor- For-prefix) of erloven, in the same sense (see note).

Compare also (< Middle Low German vorlof) late Old Swedish förloff (Swedish förlov) and early modern Danish forloff (Danish forlov), and also (probably modelled on the Middle Low German word) German Verlaub (16th cent.), all in the sense 'permission'.

Middle Low German $erl\"{a}ven$ is cognate with Old English $\=all$ efan, Old High German irlouben (Middle High German erlauben), Gothic uslaubjan, all in the sense 'to permit' < the Germanic base of OR- prefix (compare A- prefix) + the Germanic base of Leve v. (compare Leave n.).

Form history

The β. forms apparently arose by analogy with words showing variation between -of and -ow, compare e.g. the forms thof and thow at though adv., conj., and n.; spellings in -ough, -ogh are purely analogical.

With the stress pattern of the English word perhaps compare the synonymous Dutch oorlof (with stress on the first syllable).

(Show Less)

3. Originally *U.S.* Dismissal or suspension from employment, usually due to economic conditions; unplanned (and typically unpaid and involuntary) leave; the period of such suspension or leave. Also: an instance of this.

Chiefly U.S. until use of the term became more widespread in March 2020 when the U.K. government introduced a furlough scheme in response to the Covid-19 pandemic, under which the government gave grants to employers to pay part of the wages of employees left without work, or unable to work, as a result of the crisis.

- 1867 <u>Bangor (Maine) Daily Whig & Courier</u> 9 Jan. In all of the frequent 'furloughs'—as the discharges of the soldiers are called—four-fifths of the unfortunates are soldiers...There were furloughed twenty-three printers, of whom nineteen were soldiers.
- 1883 Harrison (Arkansas) Times 21 July The Government printing office..has been so skillfully managed by Mr. Rounds that no furlough will be required during the fiscal year.
- 1940 Washington Post (Electronic ed.) 3 Jan. 24/4 Even though they are masked under the euphonious name of 'furloughs', the dismissals are actual enough.
- 1989 <u>United Press Internat. Newswire</u> (Nexis) 16 Oct. (Washington News section) If the cuts become permanent, they could mean a furlough of two or three weeks for many meat inspectors.
- 2020 <u>Austral. Financial Rev.</u> (Nexis) 17 Apr. 30 EY told its 17,000 UK staff on Wednesday..that partners' pay would be cut by 20 per cent, and said it would 'do everything possible' to navigate the coronavirus crisis without redundancies, furloughs or reducing employee salaries.



Quotations: Show all | Hide all Keywords: On |

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outino (<u>run ona y</u>

Pronunciation: Brit. / Ipkdaun/, U.S. / Iak,daun/

Frequency (in current use): •••••

Origin: Formed within English, by compounding. **Etymons:** LOCK v., DOWN adv.

Etymology: $< LOCK v.^{i} + DOWN adv.$

In sense 2 after to lock down at LOCK v. Phrasal verbs 1.

Originally North American.

1. Originally: a piece of wood used in the construction of rafts when transporting timber downriver, consisting of a strip or branch bent around the horizontal poles and secured into holes in the logs. Later: a peg, pin, or similar device used to fasten something in place.

Thesaurus » Categories »

- 1832 Private & Special Acts Maine (12th Legislature) 450 That it shall be the duty of said corporation to raft all lumber in said boom without any unnecessary delay, securely and faithfully with suitable poles and lock-downs.
- 1895 Davenport (Iowa) Weekly Leader 14 Aug. 1/13 Poles,..to which each log was fastened by wooden pegs and lock-downs.
- 1958 Oshkosh (Wisconsin) Daily Northwestern 10 July 11/2 The poles were held down by bent oak pins called lockdowns.
- 1981 Oil & Gas Jrnl. (Nexis) 21 Sept. 205 Other features include 360 degrees serrated locking swivel base with double lockdowns.
- 2012 J. H. Wright Blazing Ice vii. 106 Three pineapple lockdowns on our container sleds broke. These were nearly indestructible devices that tie the container van to the sled base.

b. More generally: a state of isolation, containment, or restricted access, usually instituted for security purposes or as a public health measure; the imposition of this state. Thesaurus

- 1984 United Press Internat. Newswire (Nexis) 14 Dec. They instituted a 'security lockdown' at the PUREX plant Monday when a can containing...plutonium sludge was found to be missing.
- 2002 Quill (Nexis) 1 May 34 We heard the city was on lockdown and that it wasn't possible to get in.
- 2005 <u>Courier-Mail (Brisbane)</u> 3 May 3/5 Contestants go into <u>lockdown</u> tomorrow isolated from the outside world as they prepare to enter the Big Brother house on Sunday.
- 2020 Maldon & Burnham Standard (Nexis) 21 June It's been nearly three months since the lockdown was officially imposed in the UK to slow the spread of the coronavirus.



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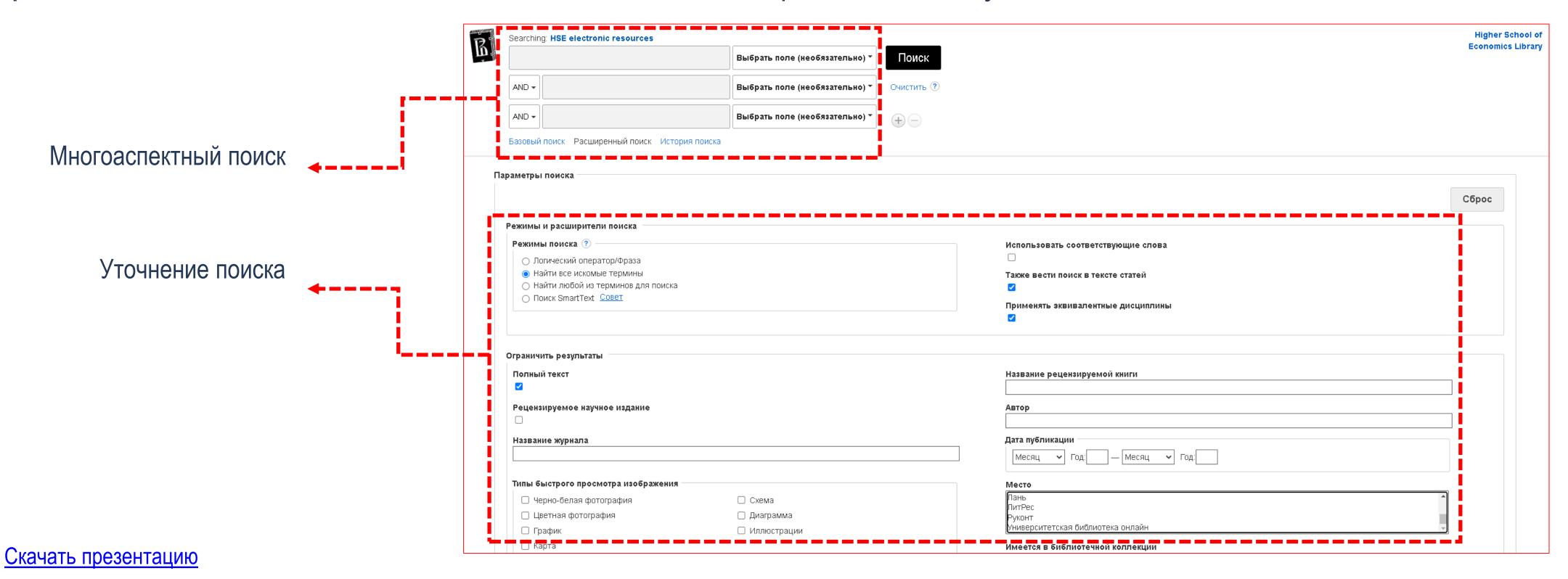
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