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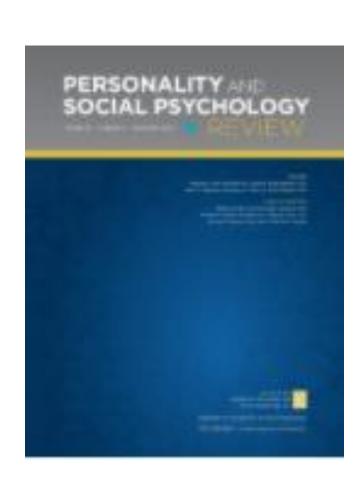


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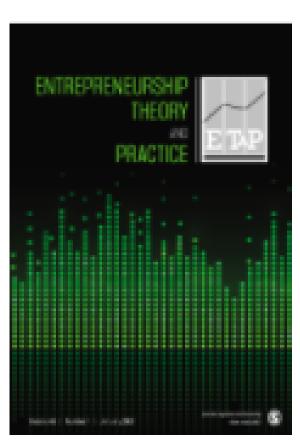
Журналы по гуманитарным и общественным наукам



Personality and Social Psychology Review

IF 12.321

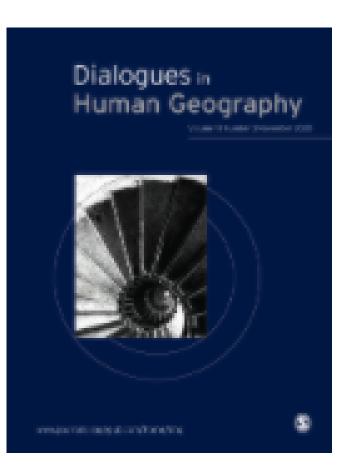
2019 JCR Ranking*: 1/64 Psychology, Social Category



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IF 8.852

2019 JCR Ranking: 4/152 Business Category



Review of Educational Research

IF 8.327

2019 JCR Ranking: 1/263
Education & Educational
Research Category



Administrative
Science Quarterly

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2019 JCR Ranking: 7/226 Management Category



Журналы по гуманитарным и общественным наукам



SOCIOLOGY

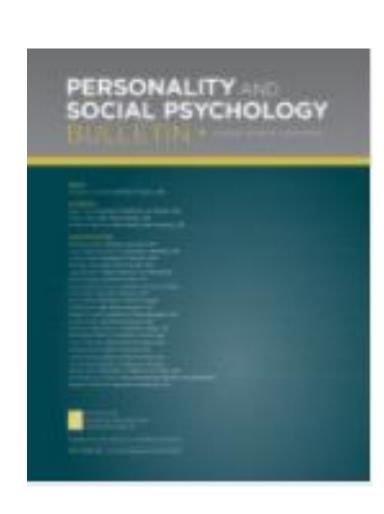
2019 JCR Ranking: 10/150 **Sociology Category**



Organization Studies

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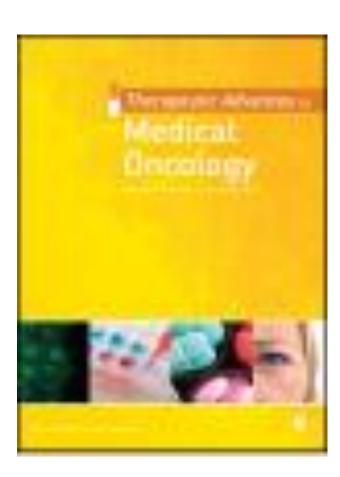
Personality and Social Psychology Bulletin

IF 2.961

2019 JCR Ranking : 11/64 Psychology, Social Category



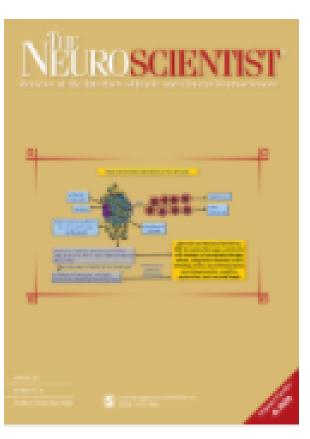
Журналы по естественным, техническим и медицинским наукам



Therapeutic Advances in Medical Oncology

IF 6.852

2019 JCR Ranking: 34/244 Oncology Category



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2019 JCR Ranking: 18/138 Cardiac & Cardiovascular Systems Category



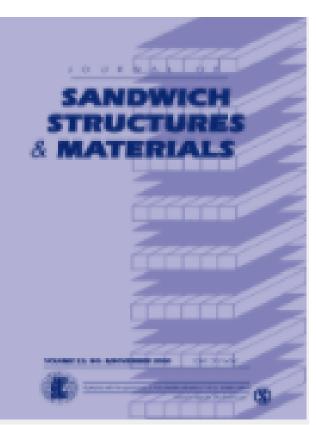
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IF 5.681

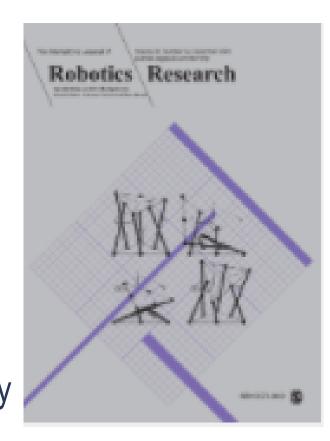
2019 JCR Ranking: 13/76 Hematology Category



Journal of Sandwich
Structures and Materials

IF 5.616

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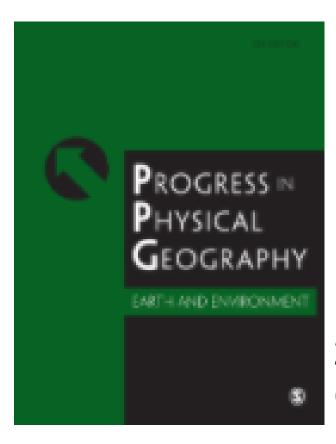
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IF 4.703

2019 JCR Ranking: 5/28 Robotics Category



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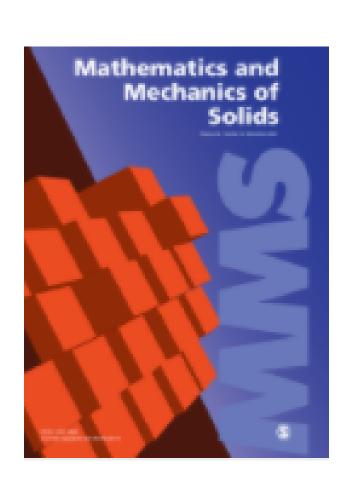
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2019 JCR Ranking: 36/106
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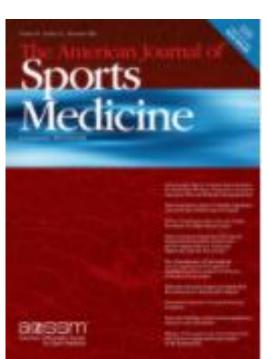
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OF SCIENCE



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IF 5.810

2019 JCR Ranking: 1/82 Orthopedics Category



American Sociological Review

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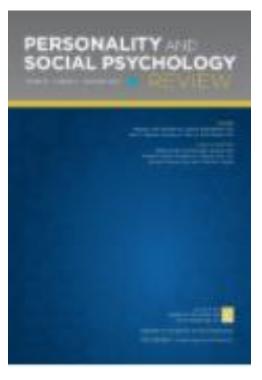
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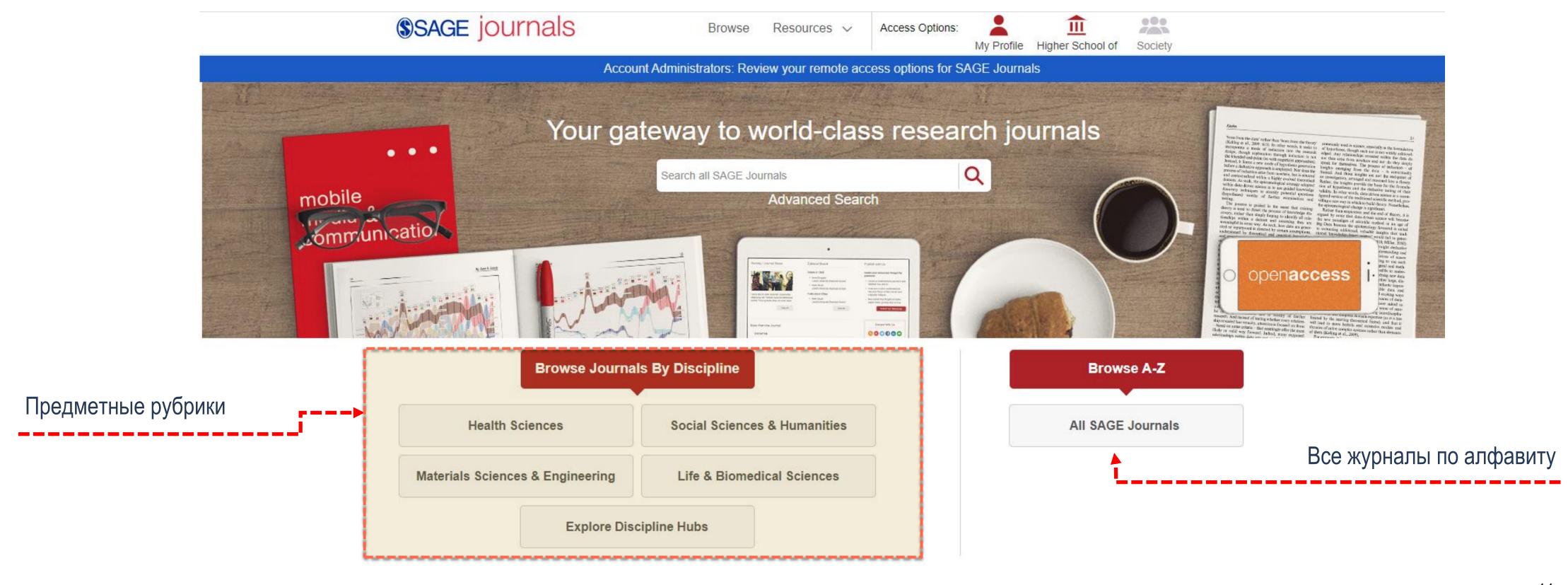
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IF 12.321

2019 JCR Ranking: 1/64 Psychology, Social Category

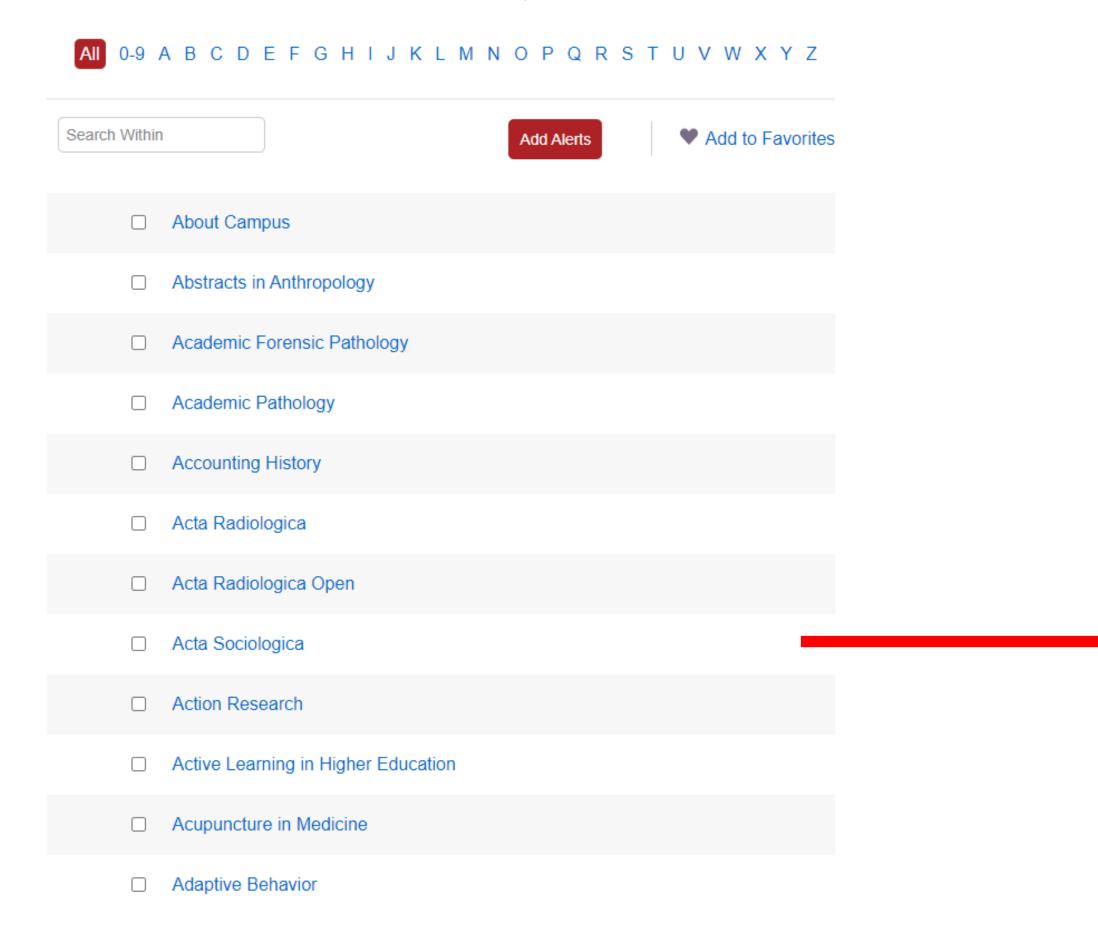


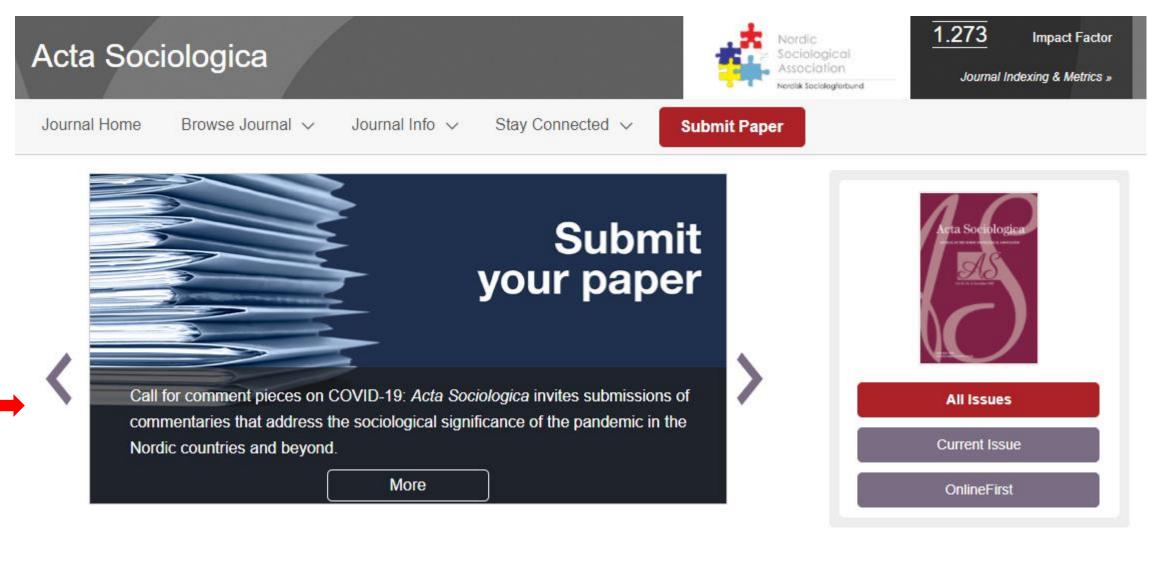
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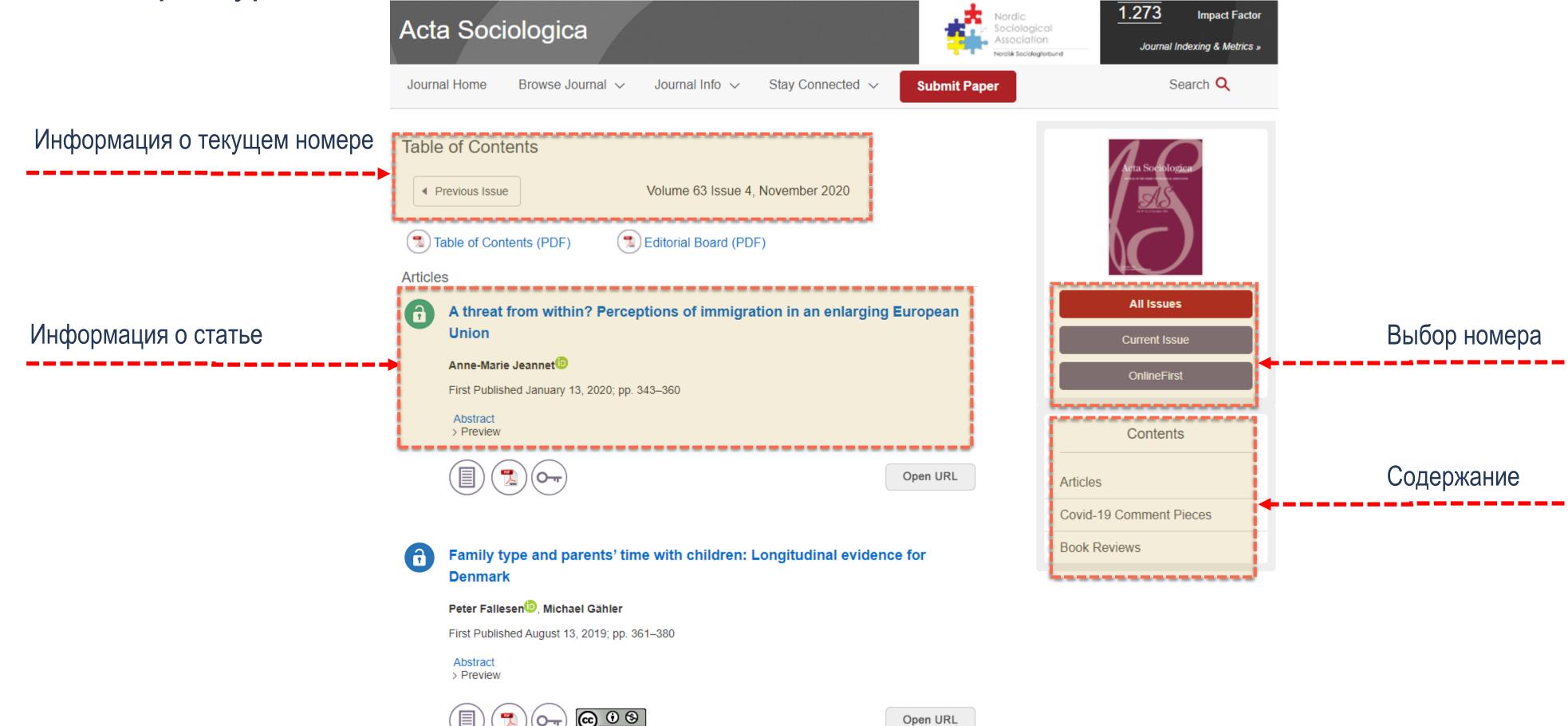
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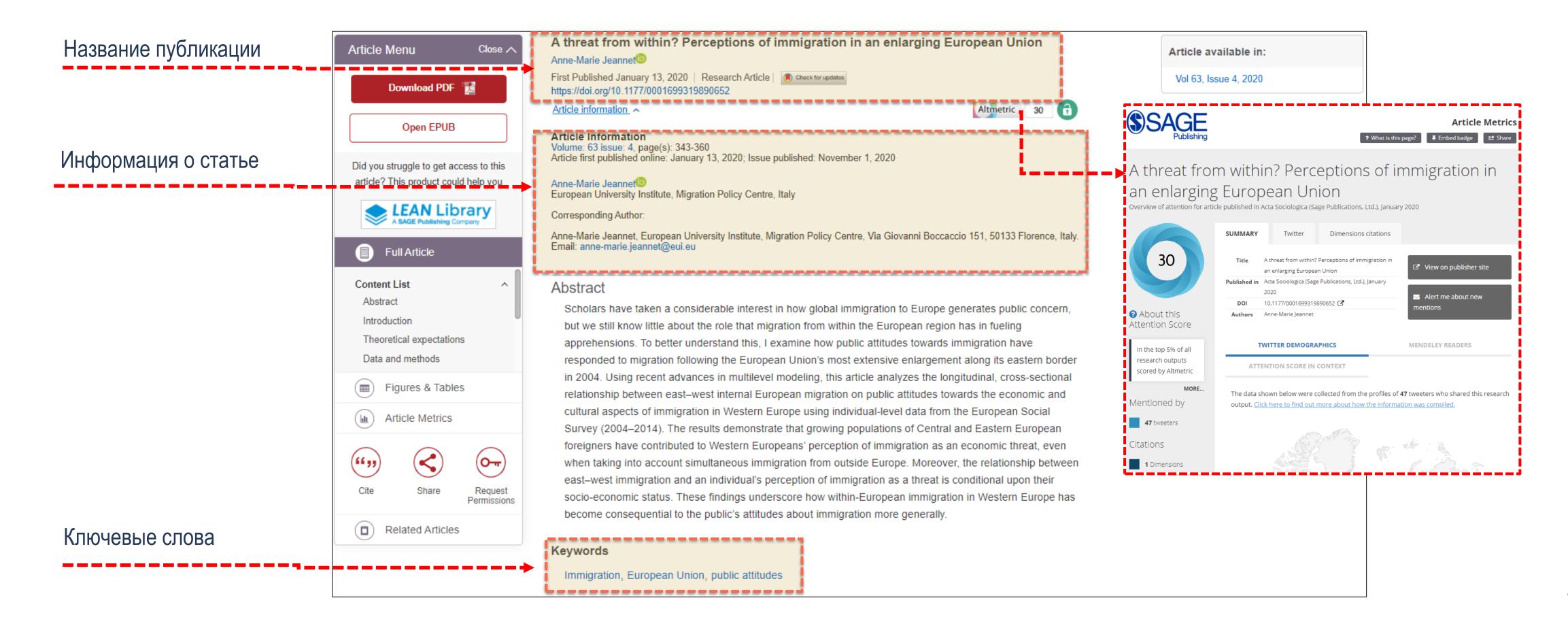


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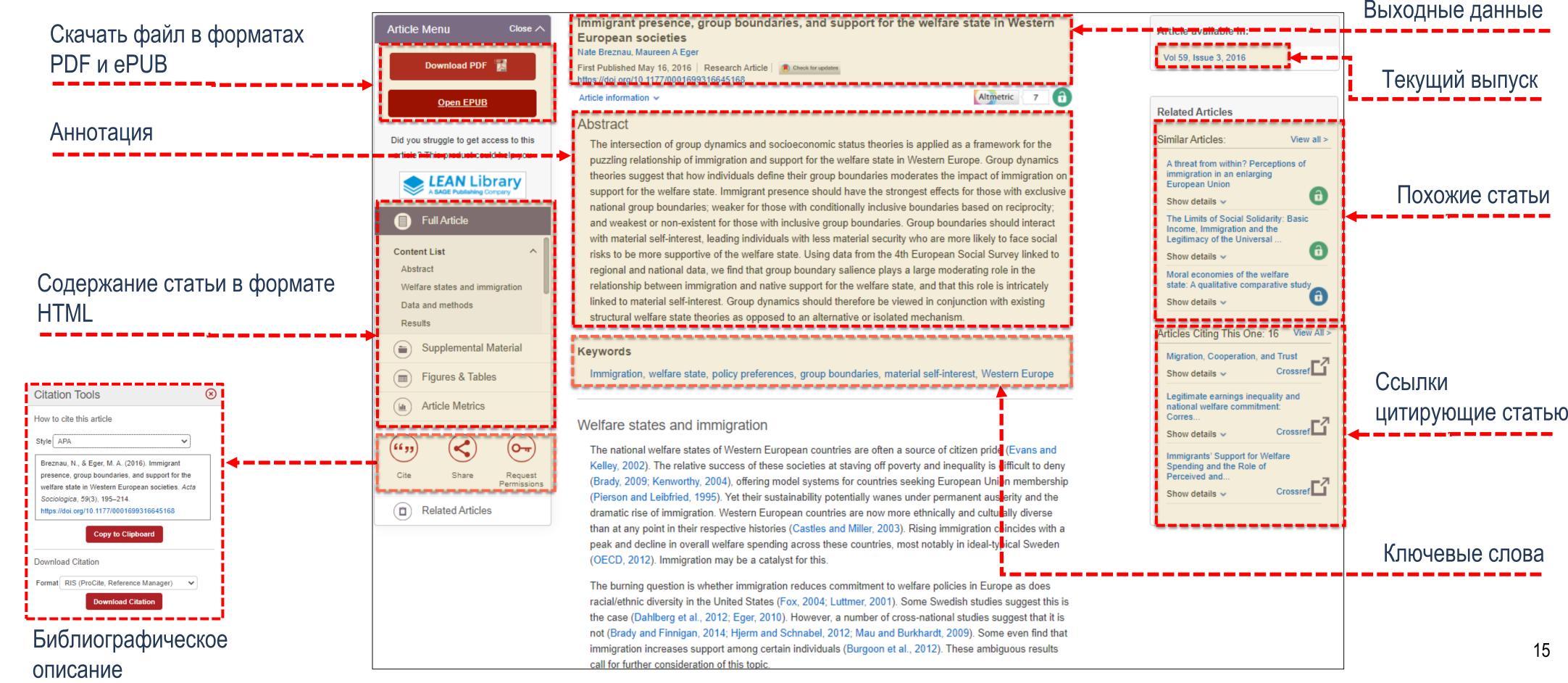


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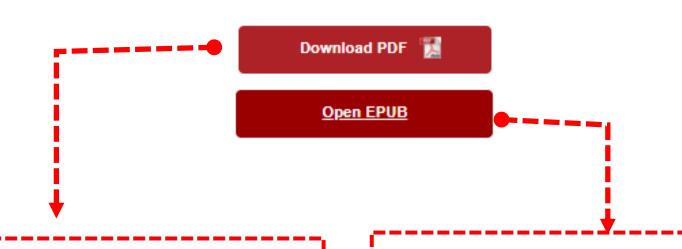


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A threat from within? Perceptions of immigration in an

enlarging European Union

2020, Vol. 63(4) 343-360 © The Author(s) 2020 sagepub.com/journals-permissions DOI: 10.1177/0001699319890652 (\$)SAGE

Anne-Marie Jeannet European University Institute, Migration Policy Centre, Italy

Scholars have taken a considerable interest in how global immigration to Europe generates public concern, but we still know little about the role that migration from within the European region has in fueling apprehensions. To better understand this, I examine how public attitudes towards immigration have responded to migration following the European Union's most extensive enlargement along its eastern border in 2004. Using recent advances in multilevel modeling, this article analyzes the longitudinal, cross-sectional relationship between east-west internal European migration on public attitudes towards the economic and cultural aspects of immigration in Western Europe using individual-level data from the European Social Survey (2004-2014). The results demonstrate that growing populations of Central and Eastern European foreigners have contributed to Western Europeans' perception of immigration as an economic threat, even when taking into account simultaneous immigration from outside Europe. Moreover, the relationship between east-west immigration and an individual's perception of immigration as a threat is conditional upon their socio-economic status. These findings underscore how within-European immigration in Western Europe has become consequential to the public's attitudes about immigration more generally.

Immigration, European Union, public attitudes.

Immigration challenges Europe's well-established national identities that are rooted in cultural unity (Citrin and Sides, 2008). There is a widespread perception amongst Europeans that immigration is not only undermining economic prosperity but also a certain cultural "way of life" (German Marshall Fund, 2011) and, over the last 20 years, sociologists have documented the rise of anti-immigrant sentiment in Europe (Quillian, 1995; Semyonov et al., 2006; Ceobanu and Escandell, 2008).



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Immigration, European Union, public attitudes

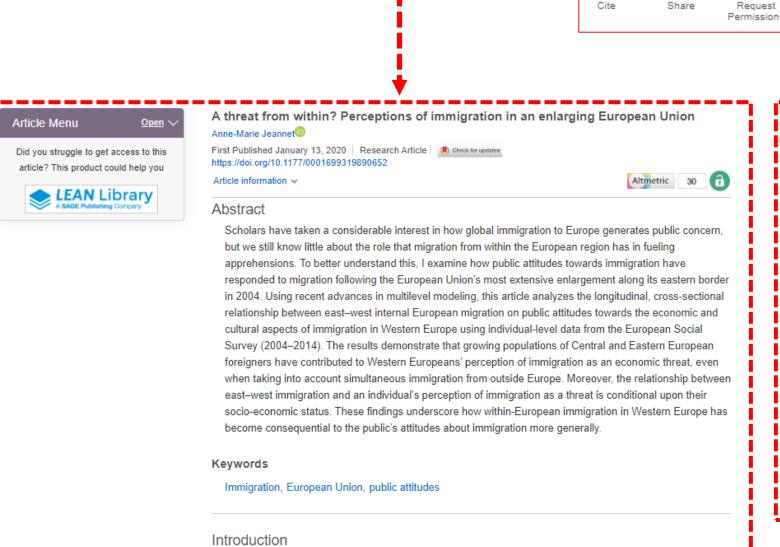
Volume 63, Issue 4, November 2020, Pages 343-360

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While this literature has expanded our understanding of how immigration from outside the European Union might cause local concern, we know relatively little about the social consequences of immigration from within Europe. Presumably, this has occurred because scholars have either explicitly focused on the effect non-European foreigners (Schneider, 2008; Hjerm, 2009) in some studies or because other studies indiscriminately examine the impact of all foreigners without distinguishing between extra-European foreigners and intra-European foreigners (Lancee and Pardos-Prado, 2013; Wilkes et al., 2007; Wilkes



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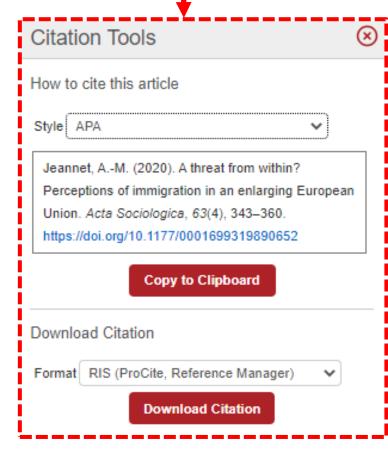
Full Article

Discussion and conclusion

Acknowledgements

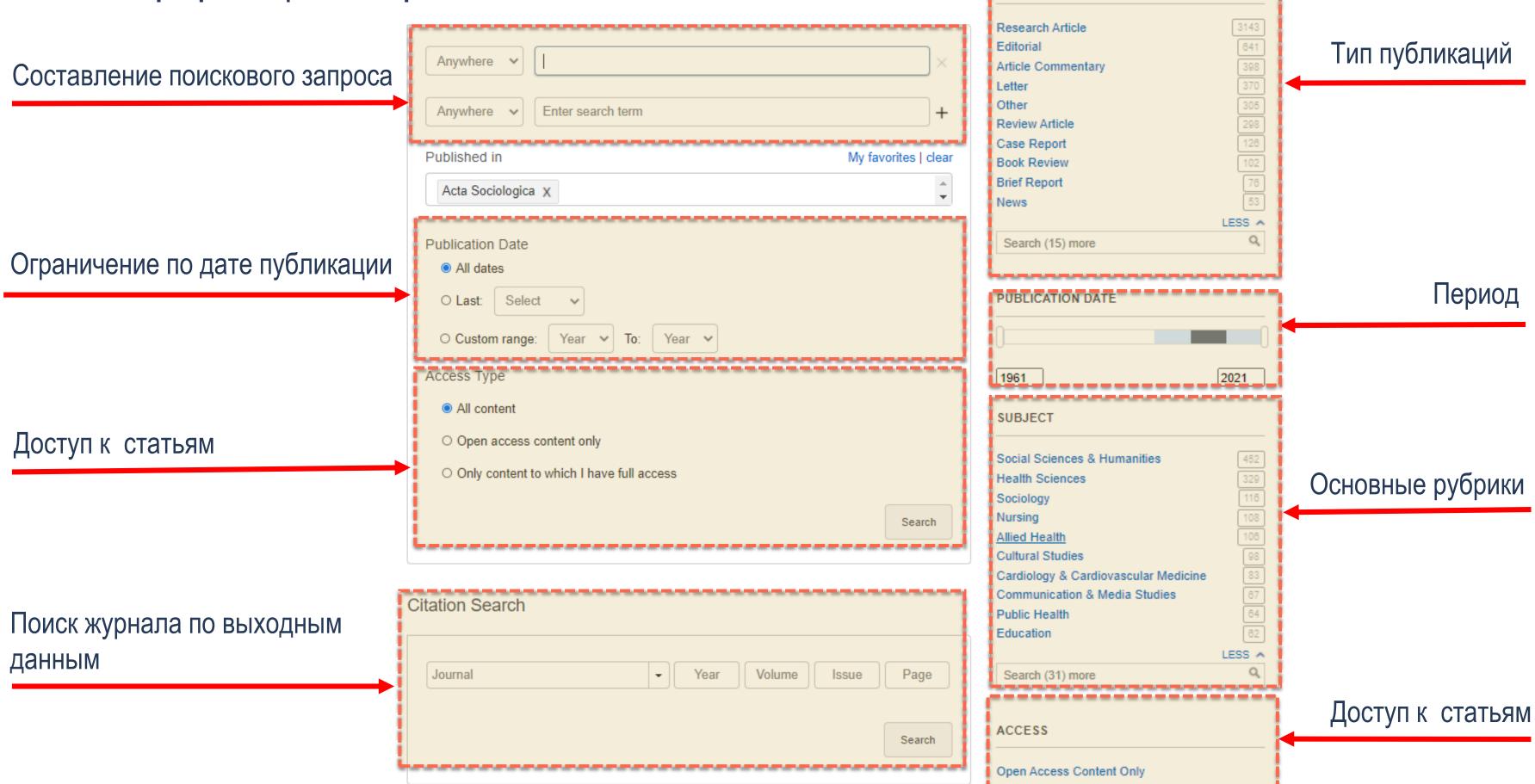
Figures & Tables

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